

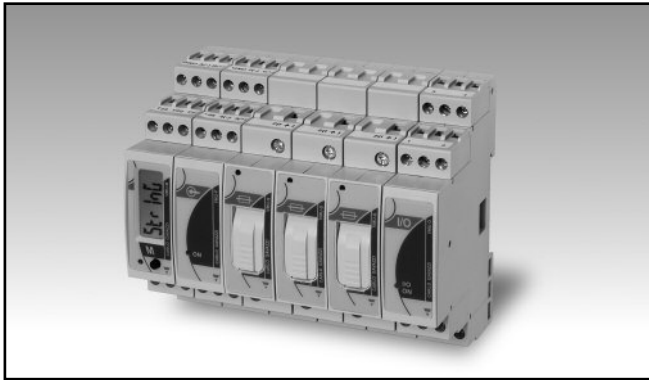
# EOS

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# Energy Management Control solution for solar PV applications Type Eos-Array



- Modular local control system for PV plants
- Up to 17 DIN modules configuration equivalent to 280mm width
- Eos-ArraySoft freeware software for easy product configuration
- Eos-Array can be formed by maximum 17 units
- Eos-Array can manage in addition to VMU-M master unit up to:
  - 1 VMU-P unit;
  - max 15 VMU-S units;
  - max 7 VMU-O units;
  - max 1 VMU-1.

## VMU-M, master module and data logger



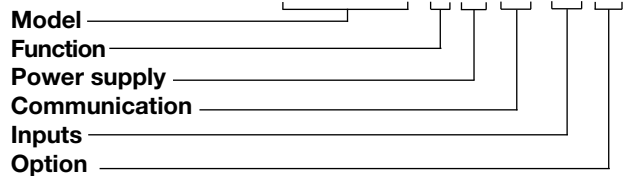
- Master communication capability
- RS485 communication port (Modbus)
- Local communication bus management up to 15 mixed VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O units
- Two digital inputs
- Two temperature inputs: Pt100 or Pt1000
- Single virtual or real alarm set-point connectable to any available variable
- Data and event stamping system
- Display readout: 6 DGTs
- 12 to 28 VDC power supply
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

## Product Description

Eos-Array is a combination of modules which performs a complete control of a photovoltaic plant. The core unit is VMU-M which performs the local bus management of VMU-S, VMU-P both measuring units and VMU-O I/O unit. VMU-M assigns the proper local unit address automatically (up to 15 units) and gathers all the local measurements coming from VMU-S and VMU-P measuring units. VMU-M can pro-

vide by means of VMU-O modules two relay outputs so to manage alarms or/and external loads (like a lighting system, a module washing system and so on) and two temperature inputs. These latter two measuring inputs can become, according to the programmed function, also two digital inputs. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

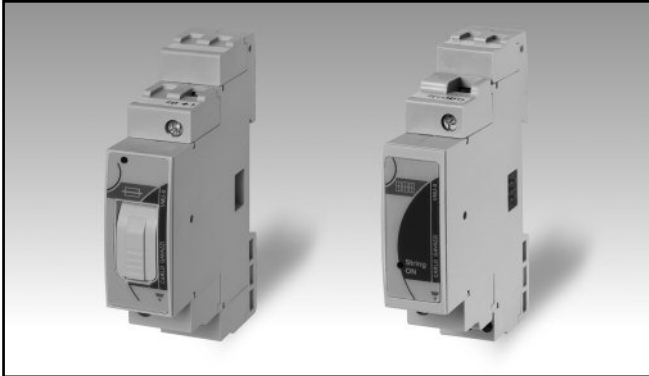
## How to order **VMU-M 4 A S1 T2 X**



## Type Selection

Function	Power supply	Communication	Inputs
<b>4:</b> Data storage 4Mbyte (*)	<b>A:</b> From 12 to 28VDC (*)	<b>S1:</b> RS485 Modbus (*)	<b>T2:</b> two temperature inputs or two digital inputs for free of voltage reading contacts (*)
<b>Option</b>	(*) as standard.		
<b>X:</b> none			

## VMU-S, string measuring unit



- Direct DC voltage measurement up to 1000V
  - Energy measurements: kWh
  - Direct DC current measurement up to 16A or up to 30A without fuse
  - Instantaneous variables data format: 4 DGTs
  - Energies data format: 6 DGT
  - Instantaneous variables: V, A, W.
  - Accuracy: Class 1 (kWh)  $\pm 0.5$  RDG (current/voltage)
  - Auxiliary power supply from VMU-M unit
- Integrated 10.3x38mm fuse holder for string protection
  - Dimensions: 1-DIN module
  - Protection degree (front): IP40
- String alarm management by means of VMU-M unit only
  - Fuse blow detection by means of VMU-M unit only
  - PV module connection control by means of VMU-M unit only

### Product Description

Variables measuring unit with built-in protection fuse-holder (the fuse is not provided); particularly indicated for DC current, voltage, power and energy metering in PV solar applications. The current inputs/outputs and also the voltage inputs are made so to simplify the string common connections. Direct connection up to 16A

or 30A depending on the model. Moreover the unit is provided with an auxiliary serial communication bus. Alarms, fuse blow detection, PV module connection and serial communication are managed by means of VMU-M module. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order **VMU-S AV10 X S FX**



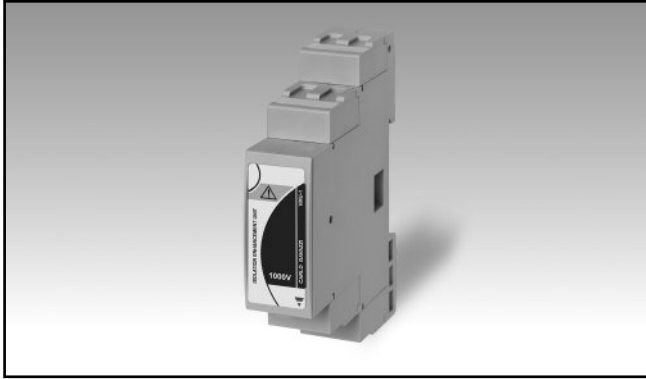
### Type Selection

Range	Power supply	Communication	Option
<b>AV10:</b> 1000V DC, 16A (Direct connection) (*)	<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-M unit	<b>S:</b> auxiliary communication bus, compatible only to VMU-M module (*)	<b>XX:</b> none (no fuse holder) <b>FX:</b> with fuse holder
<b>AV30:</b> 1000V DC, 30A (Direct connection) (**). In this case the "Option" is "XX".			

(\*) as standard.  
(\*\*) on request.

## VMU-1, isolation enhancement unit

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- Isolation enhancement of voltage measuring inputs to earth of VMU-S: from 800VDC (without VMU-1) to 1000VDC max.
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

### Product Description

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Isolation enhancement unit suitable to be used in combination with VMU modules. VMU-1 allows to enhance the isolation of the voltage measuring input to earth from 800VDC to 1000VDC.

The module is to be mounted between the first VMU-S and all the other VMU modules. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order

**VMU-1 1000**

Standard model

### Type Selection

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#### Standard model

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**Isolation voltage 1000V:** isolation enhancement on VMU-S voltage measuring input to earth from 800VDC (without module) to 1000VDC.  
 Note: only one VMU-1 is needed per Eos-Array

## VMU-P, environment variable unit



- Measurements: PV module temperature, air temperature, sun irradiation, wind speed
- Two temperature inputs: Pt100 or Pt1000
- One 120mV or 20mA DC input with scaling capability for irradiation measurement
- One pulse input for wind speed measurement
- Auxiliary communication bus to VMU-M unit
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-M unit
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

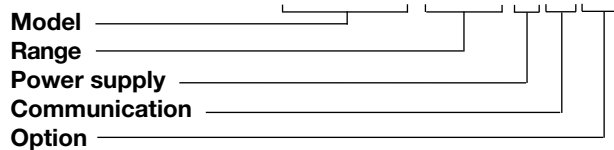
### Product Description

Environment variable measurement unit particularly indicated for PV module temperature, air temperature, sun irradiation, wind speed metering in PV solar applications. Moreover the

unit is provided with a specific serial communication bus which is managed by means of the additional VMU-M module. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order

**VMU-P 2TIW X S X**

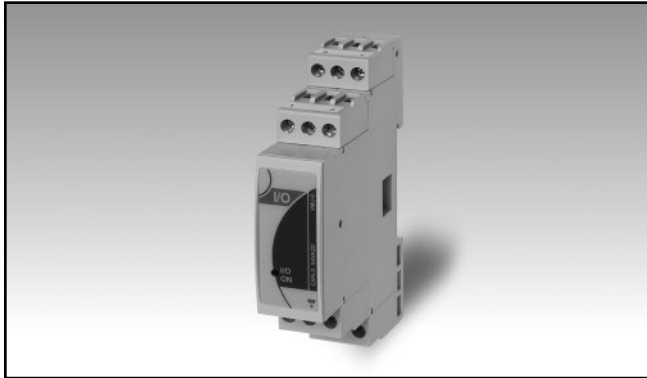


### Type Selection

Range	Power supply	Communication	Option
<b>2TIW:</b> Two "Pt" temperature type probes, mV sun irradiation and wind speed measuring inputs (*)	<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-M unit	<b>S:</b> auxiliary communication bus, compatible only to VMU-M module (*)	<b>X:</b> none
<b>2TCW:</b> Two "Pt" temperature type probes, mA sun irradiation and wind speed measuring inputs (*)			

(\*) as standard.

## VMU-O, inputs/outputs unit

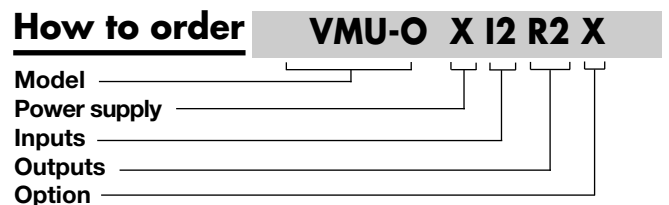


- Expansion I/O module (digital inputs and outputs)
- Two relay outputs managed by the VMU-M module
- Two digital inputs managed by the VMU-M module
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-M module
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

### Product Description

I/O unit suitable to be used in combination with VMU-M based system. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree. relay outputs to a VMU-M based system. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order



### Type Selection (Standard model)

Power supply	Inputs	Outputs	Option
<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-M unit	<b>I2:</b> two digital inputs (*)	<b>R2:</b> two relay output (*)	<b>X:</b> none

### Type Selection (Antitheft model)

Power supply	Inputs	Outputs	Option
<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-M unit	<b>I3:</b> three digital inputs (*)	<b>R1:</b> one relay outputs (*)	<b>AT:</b> antitheft compatibility

**Note:** in case of “Antitheft application” every single Eos-Array can manage the combination of one VMU-O.X.I3.R1.AT module and up to three VMU-O.X.I2.R2.X modules.

(\*) as standard.

## VMU-AT, Antitheft sensor for VMU-O with "AT" option



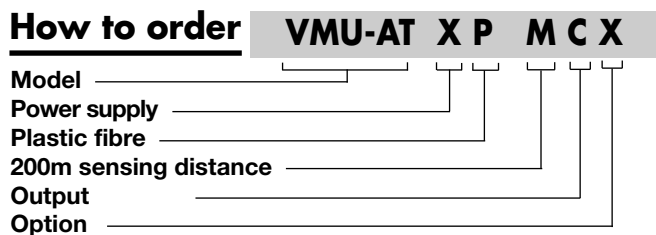
- Plastic fibre optic sensor
- Sensing distance up to 200m
- Static output compatible with VMU-O "AT" option
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-O "AT" option
- Dimensions: 14 x 31 x 73 mm housing
- Protection degree (front): IP50

### Product Description

Antitheft plastic fibre optic sensor to be used in combination with VMU-O "AT" I/O unit, suitable to carry out an antitheft control on PV modules which are passed by 2.2 mm plastic fibre optic.

The maximum loop distance which can be covered by the sensor is 200m. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP50 (front) protection degree.

### How to order



### Type Selection

#### Power supply

**X:** from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-O "AT" option unit

#### Fibre optic

**P:** plastic (\*)

#### Sensing distance

**M:** 200m (\*)

#### Output

**C:** open collector

#### Option

**X:** none

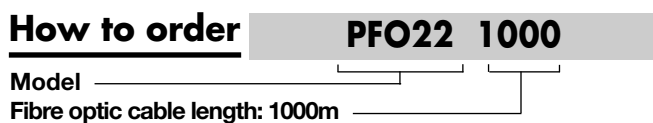
(\*) as standard.

### Product Description

PFO22-1000 is a specific plastic fibre optic cable which is made for VMU-AT sensor and is supplied in a

quantity of 1000m. The working temperature is -55 to 70°C.

### How to order



## VMU-M Display and LED specification

<b>Display</b> Type Information read-out	1 line (max: 6-DGT) LCD, h 7mm From 4 to 6-DGT depending on the information.	Green blinking light: the communication on the RS485 bus is working. Red: alarm detected (any). In case of alarm/communication condition the LED alternates its colour from red (alarm) to green. The blinking time is approx. 1 second.
<b>LED</b> Type Status and colour	Dual colour Green steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no communication on the RS485 bus.	

## VMU-S LED specification

<b>LED</b> Type Status  Colour AV10 range code	Multicolor ON steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no alarm. Green: the power supply is ON, there is a string current up to 1A; Yellow: there is a string current from 1.1 to 3A; Light orange: there is a string current from 3.1 to 6A; Orange: there is a string current from 6.1 to 8A; Dark orange: there is a string current from 8.1 to 10A; Red: there is a string current higher than 10A; White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying. Green ⇒ OFF: module not acknowledged in the Eos-Array. Cycling from blue to any other colour listed above (from yellow to red): string alarm. Cycling from blue to green: blown fuse. Cycling from blue to violet: inverted string polarity. Cycling from white to any other colour: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying and shows the status of the module according to the	Colour AV30 range code	colour list above. The cycling time is approx. 1 second. Green: the power supply is ON, there is a string current up to 1A; Yellow: there is a string current from 1.1 to 6A; Light orange: there is a string current from 6.1 to 12A; Orange: there is a string current from 12.1 to 16A; Dark orange: there is a string current from 16.1 to 20A; Red: there is a string current higher than 20A; White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying. Green ⇒ OFF: module not acknowledged in the Eos-Array. Cycling from blue to any other colour listed above (from yellow to red): string alarm. Cycling from blue to violet: inverted string polarity. Cycling from white to any other colour: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying and shows the status of the module according to the colour list above. The cycling time is approx. 1 second.
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## VMU-P LED specification

<b>LED</b> Type Status and colour	Multicolor Green: the power supply is ON.	White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying.
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## VMU-O LED specification

<b>LED</b> Type Status and colour	Multicolor Green: the power supply is ON. White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying. Red: one or both digital inputs are activated. Blue:	one or both digital outputs are activated. Cycling from one colour to any other one: the unit shows the status of the module according to the colour list above. The cycling time is approx. 1 second.
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## VMU-AT LED specification

<b>LED</b> Power supply status	Green: the power supply is ON	Loop status	Red: the optical loop is closed
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## VMU-M input specifications

<b>Digital inputs</b> Number of inputs Working mode	2 First input: detection of ON/OFF status Second input: counting of pulses coming from an energy meter	<b>Insulation</b>	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
<b>Purpose</b>	- First input: trip of protection detection, the status is transmitted only by means of the communication port. - Second input: trip counter, interfacing with an energy meter (-kWh) so to measure the total efficiency of the system.	<b>Temperature inputs</b> Number of inputs Temperature probe Number of wires Wire compensation Accuracy (Display + RS485)	2 Pt100, Pt1000 2 or 3-wire connection Up to 10Ω. See "Temperature input characteristics" ±150ppm/°C Selectable °C or °F See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
<b>Input frequency</b> Pre-scaler adjustment	20Hz max, duty cycle 50% From 0.001 to 10.000 kWh/pulse (only for the second input)	<b>Temperature drift</b> Engineering unit Insulation	
<b>Contact measuring voltage</b> <b>Contact measuring current</b> <b>Contact resistance</b>	3.3VDC <1mA ≤1kΩ closed contact; ≥20kΩ open contact	<b>Key-pad</b>	1 push-button for variable scrolling and programming. Full programming can be carried out only using Eos-ArraySoft.

## VMU-S input specifications

<b>Rated inputs</b> Current type Current range	1 (shunt) AV10 range: 16A DC @ 40°C, 15A @ 50°C, 14A @ 55°C, 12A @ 60°C, 10A @ 65°C AV30 range: 30A DC @ 55°C, 25A DC @ 60°C, 20A DC @ 65°C AV10 range: 1000V DC	<b>Accuracy</b> AV10 range code Current Voltage Power Energy	AV30 range: 1000V DC (@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%) ±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 0.05A to 16A ±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 20V to 1000V ±(1% RDG+ 2DGT) ±(1% RDG)
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## VMU-S input specifications (cont.)

Start up current	0.05A		
Start up voltage	10V		
AV30 range code		AV30 range code	power has not to exceed 2W
Current	$\pm(0.5\%RDG+2\ DGT)$ from 0.2A to 30A	Voltage	> 2.5M
Voltage	$\pm(0.5\%RDG+2\ DGT)$ from 20V to 1000V	Current	< 0.003 $\Omega$ @ 0.5 Nm (screw terminal torque).
Power	$\pm(1\% RDG+ 2DGT)$	<b>Voltage Overloads</b>	
Energy	$\pm(1\% RDG)$	Continuous	1100V
Start up current	0.2A	For 500ms	1600V
Start up voltage	10V	To earth	800V (extended to 1000V in case of combined use of VMU-1.1000V unit)
<b>Temperature drift</b>	$\leq 200\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$	<b>Current Overloads</b>	
<b>Measurement sampling time</b>	2 sec.	Continuous	AV10 range: 16A AV30 range: 30A
Variables format		For 1s	AV10 range: 100A max AV30 range: 150A max
Instantaneous variables	4-DGT (A, W), 5-DGT (V)	<b>Protection</b>	
Resolution	0.1V; 0.01A; 0.01kW	Fuse holder	Integrated into the module gPV
Energies	Total: 5+1 DGT (0.1kWh)	Fuse type	10x38mm (IEC60269-1-6)
<b>Max. and Min. data format</b>	See "Stored set of variables coming from ..."	Fuse size	Fuse NOT provided.
<b>Input impedance</b>		Fuse current	Note: the fuse rated current has to be $\geq 1.4\ I_{sc}$ at 45°C ambient temperature. See fuse manufacturer specifications for further details including de-rating caused by higher ambient temperature.
AV10 range code			
Voltage	> 2.5M $\Omega$		
Current	< 0.006 $\Omega$ (+ fuse impedance) @ 0.5 Nm (screw terminal torque). For current input of 16A the fuse has therefore a nominal current of 32A AC. The maximum dissipation		

## VMU-P input specifications

<b>Temperature drift</b>	$\leq 200\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$		
<b>Variables format</b>		Temperature drift	$\pm(0.1\%RDG+1DGT)$
Instantaneous variables	4 DGT (Temperature, solar irradiation and wind speed)	Scaling factor	25% to 120% FS.
Resolution	0.1°C/0.1°F; 1W/m <sup>2</sup> , 1W/ft <sup>2</sup> ; 0.1m/s, 0.1ft/s	Operating mode	$\pm 150\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Max. and Min. data format</b>	See "Stored set of variables coming from ..."		Dual scale:
<b>Temperature probe inputs</b>			- Input: programmable range from 0 to 150.0 (mVDC)
Number of inputs	2 (Input 1: PV module; Input 2: air)		- Display: programmable range from 0 to 9999 (kW/m <sup>2</sup> , kW/ft <sup>2</sup> )
Temperature probe	Pt100 or Pt1000	Decimal point position	Fixed.
Number of wires	Up to 3-wire connection	Impedance	> 30K $\Omega$
Wire compensation	Up to 10 $\Omega$ .	Overload	
Accuracy (Display + RS485)	See table "Temperature input characteristics"	Continuous	10VDC (measurement available up to 150mV on both display and communication bus)
Temperature drift	$\pm 150\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$		20VDC
Engineering unit	Selectable °C or °F	For 1s	See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"
Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"	Insulation	
<b>Irradiation sensor inputs (range code: 2TIW)</b>		<b>Irradiation sensor input (range code: 2TCW)</b>	
Number of inputs	1	Number of inputs	1
Range	0 to 120mVDC	Range	0 to 20mADC
Accuracy (Display + RS485) (@25°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ , R.H. $\leq 60\%$ )	$\pm(0.2\%RDG+1DGT)$ 0% to 25% FS;	Accuracy (Display + RS485) (@25°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ , R.H. $\leq 60\%$ )	$\pm(0.2\%RDG+1DGT)$ 0% to 25% FS;



## VMU-P input specifications (cont.)

Temperature drift Scaling factor Operating mode	$\pm(0.1\%RDG+1DGT)$ 25% to 120% FS. $\pm 150ppm/^{\circ}C$  Dual scale: - Input: programmable range from 0 to 25.0 (mADC) - Display Data format: programmable range from 0 to 9999 (kW/m <sup>2</sup> , kW/ft <sup>2</sup> )	Accuracy (@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%)  (Display + RS485)  Temperature drift Scaling factor Operating mode	$\pm(0.02\%RDG+1DGT)$ 0% to 25% FS; $\pm(0.01\%RDG+1DGT)$ 25% to 110% FS. $\pm 150ppm/^{\circ}C$  Dual scale: - Input: programmable range from 0 to 999.9 (Hz) - Display: programmable range from 0 to 299.9 (m/s, ft/s)
Decimal point position Impedance Overload Continuous	Fixed $\leq 23\Omega$  50mADC (measurement available up to 25mA on both display and communication bus) 150mADC	Decimal point position  Impedance Operating input	Fixed and depending on the input/display scale. 680Ω $2.5V_{peak}$ to $9V_{peak}/5mA_{peak}$ to $35mA_{peak}$ , duty cycle 50% 220Ω
For 1s Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"	Impedance Overload Continuous For 1s Insulation	$7V_{RMS}/25mA_{RMS}$ (AC/DC) $14V_{RMS}/50mA_{RMS}$ (AC/DC) See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"
<b>Wind speed sensor inputs</b> Number of inputs Range	1 0 to 1000Hz max, duty cycle 50%		

## VMU-M Output specifications

<b>RS485</b> Type	Multidrop, bidirectional (static and dynamic variables)	<b>Auxiliary communication bus</b>	between inputs and outputs"
Connections	2-wire. Max. distance 1000m		This is the communication bus to the VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O units where VMU-M performs the master function in this network. VMU-M unit can gather the following information from the bus:
Addresses	247, selectable by means of the front push-button		- All variables available on the bus; - Blown protection fuse; - PV reverse voltage and current polarity.
Protocol Data (bidirectional) Dynamic (reading only)	MODBUS/JBUS (RTU)  All variables, see table "Measured variables, data format and messages" in the VMU-S document		The local address in both the VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O units is automatically assigned by VMU-M master unit based on their positions. It can manage up to 15 different addresses (units).
Static (writing only)	All the configuration parameters.		See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bit, no parity, 1 stop bit		
Baud-rate	Selectable: 9600, 19200, 38400, 115200 bits/s Parity: none		
Driver input capability	1/5 unit load. Maximum 160 transceivers on the same bus.		
Special functions Insulation	None See the table "Insulation	Insulation	

## VMU-O Input/Output specifications

<b>Maximum number of modules managed by every single VMU-M module</b>	Up to 7	<b>Digital output</b>	
<b>Digital inputs</b>		Number of outputs	2
Number of inputs	2	Purpose	Alarm notification as a String alarm or as a digital input status changing (OR function); activation of a lighting system (by means of the internal clock or as a remote control); activation of a module washing system (by means of the internal clock, as a remote control or as a changing of efficiency of the PV panels).
Working mode	Detection of OPEN/CLOSED contact status		
Purpose	Trip of protection detection, the status is transmitted only by means of the communication port.	Type	Relay, SPST type AC 1-5A @ 250VAC AC 15-1A @ 250VAC Available by means of VMU-O module only
Input frequency	2Hz max, duty cycle 50%	Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
Contact reading voltage	3.3VDC		
Contact reading current	<2mA		
Contact resistance	≤300Ω closed contact; ≥10kΩ open contact		
Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"		

## VMU-M and VMU-P Temperature input characteristics

Probe	Range	Accuracy	Min Indication	Max Indication
Pt100	-50°C to +200.0°C	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-50.0	+200.0
Pt100	-58°F to +392°F	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-58.0	+392.0
Pt1000	-50°C to +200.0°C	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-50.0	+200.0
Pt1000	-58°F to +392°F	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-58.0	+392.0

## VMU-O with "AT" option, Input/Output specifications

<b>Maximum number of module managed by every single VMU-M module</b>	Up to 1	<b>Digital output</b>	between inputs and outputs"
<b>Digital inputs</b>		Number of outputs	1
Number of inputs	3	Purpose	Antitheft notification in case of function enabling (EosArraySoft) or alarm notification as a String alarm or as a digital input status changing (OR function); activation of a lighting system (by means of the internal clock or as a remote control); activation of a module washing system (by means of the internal clock, as a remote control or as a changing of efficiency of the PV modules).
Working mode	Detection of ON/OFF status		
Purpose	Detection of the output status of up to 3 VMU-AT units, the same inputs can be used also to detect standard free of voltage contacts of other devices. The inputs in case of Antitheft purpose selection work as an OR logic (EosArraySoft), if this function is not enabled every input works independently from each other.	Type	Relay, SPST type AC1 - 5A @ 250VAC AC15 - 1A @ 250VAC
Working logic		Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
Input frequency	2Hz max, duty cycle 50%		
Contact reading voltage	3.3VDC		
Contact reading current	<2mA		
Contact resistance	≤300Ω closed contact; ≥10kΩ open contact		
Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"		

## VMU-AT Antitheft sensor specifications

<b>Maximum number of sensors managed by every single VMU-O "AT" module</b>	Up to 3	Compatible model	PGU-CD1001-22
		Working temperature	-55 to +70°C
<b>Optical sensing</b>		<b>Digital output</b>	
Maximum operational distance	200m (loop)	Number of outputs	1
Sensitivity	Automatic adjusted	Type	Open collector
Light source	GaAIAs, LED 660 nm	Insulation	Operational insulation only (50VACRMS)
Light type	Red modulated		
Operating frequency	1Khz	<b>Power Supply</b>	12 to 28 VDC
Response time on fibre breaking	0.5 seconds	<b>Connection</b>	
<b>Fibre Optic</b>		Cable	Length: 0.5m, black colour, PVC material
Material	Plastic		
Diameter	2.2 mm		

## Main Function

<b>Displaying</b>			
Own VMU-M module	1 parameter per page See "Stored set of variables from ..." and "Alarm and diagnostics messages"	1st level	2 protection levels of the programming data: Password "0", no protection;
When a VMU-S module is selected	All the information related to the status of the string being selected by means of the front key (see "Variable" in the table "List of the variables that can be...").	2nd level	Password from 1 to 9999, all data are protected
When a VMU-P module is selected	All the information related to the status of the environment probes being selected by means of the front key (see "Variable" in the table "List of the variables that can be...").	<b>Reset</b>	By means of the front push-button when the relevant VMU-S is selected
When a VMU-O module is selected	All the information related to the status of the inputs/outputs being selected by means of the front key (see "Variable" in the table "List of the variables that can be...").	<b>Alarms</b>	
		Number of alarms	One, independent for every single available variable (see the table "List of the variables that can be...")
		Alarm types	Virtual alarm or real alarm
		Alarm modes	Up alarm, down alarm (see the table "List of the variables that can be connected to ...")
		Set-point adjustment	From 0 to 100% of the display scale
		Hysteresis	From 0 to full scale
		On-time delay	0 to 3600s
		Output status	Selectable; normally de-energized or normally energized
		Min. response time	≤ 700ms, set-point on-time delay: "0 s"
<b>Password</b>	Numeric code of max. 4 digits;		

## Main Function (Cont.)

<p><b>Clock</b>                  Functions                  Daylight-saving enabling                  Time format                  Date format                  Battery life</p>	<p>Universal clock and calendar.                  Activation: NO/YES                  Hours:minutes with selectable 24 hours or AM/PM                  Month-Day, where the month is displayed in a three letter format (e.g.: JAN-FEB-MAR) and the date as a number. Year is displayed in a two digit format.                  10 years</p>	<p><b>Event logging</b>                  Data displaying                  Function enabling                  Type of stored events</p>	<p>The data are not available on the display but they can be both checked and downloaded using RS485 communication port in combination with Eos-ArraySoft software.                  Activation: NO/YES                  VMU-O digital input/output status change (real and virtual alarms), string alarms (see "String control"), VMU-M 1st digital input status change. The events are recorded as soon as they occur. For more information about the type and stored data, see "List of the variables that can be connected to ...."                  Max. 10 000.                  The reset can be carried out only using Eos-ArraySoft.                  Event, date (dd:mm:yy) and time (hh:mm:ss)                  Circular FIFO                  Flash                  10 years</p>
<p><b>Data logging</b>                  Data                  Function enabling                  Function description                  Stored data type                  Storage interval                  Sampling management                  Storage duration                  Data format                  Storage method                  Memory type                  Memory retention time</p>	<p>The data are not available on the display but they can be both checked and downloaded using RS485 communication port in combination with Eos-ArraySoft software.                  Activation: NO/YES                  All the events gathered from both VMU-S, VMU-O and VMU-P modules are stored individually into the internal memory.                  Variables: V, A, W, Wh, PV module temperature, ambient temperature, irradiation, wind speed, string efficiency and BOS efficiency.                  Selectable: 1-5-10-15-30-60 minutes                  The sample stored within the selected time interval results from the continuous average calculation of the measured values. The average is calculated with an interval within two following measurements of approx. 2s.                  Before overwriting: depending on the storage interval, see "Historical data storing time table"                  Variables, date (dd:mm:yy) and time (hh:mm:ss)                  Circular FIFO                  Flash                  10 years</p>	<p>Number of events                  Data reset                  Data format                  Storage method                  Memory type                  Memory retention time</p>	<p><b>String control</b>                  Function enabling                  Function selection                  Function description</p> <p>Activation: NO/YES                  Match max. control or median control                  Match max. control: this function is helpful only if there are at least two string controls (VMU-S units). The highest value of the measured string power among those available is used as a reference value. The alarm set-point is a value which can be set by the user as a percentage of the reference value below which there is the alarm condition.                  - Median control: the measurement of the string power is performed by the local VMU-S module individually. Within the VMU-M system all values coming at the same instant from</p>



## Main Function (Cont.)

<p>String window alarm</p> <p>Other alarms</p>	<p>every VMU-S module are used to calculate the “median” value which becomes the reference value to which the dynamic window set-point (in percentage set by the user) is linked. The abnormal condition is detected when the measured instantaneous string power is out of the set window alarm. The alarm activates, with reference to the failed string, either a relay output (only in case of “VMU-O” connection) or/and a message which is transmitted by means of the RS485 communication port to an acquisition system. The alarm is set as the string power control, the value is programmable in percentage (of the measured string value) from 0.1 to 199.9.</p> <p>The alarms can be connected also to: A and V.</p>	<p>Control type “1”</p> <p>Control type “2”</p>	<p>The VMU-P module is present and both PV module temperature and irradiation are measured to calculate the reference value for the efficiency calculation.</p> <p>The VMU-P module is present and both ambient temperature and irradiation are measured to calculate the reference value for the efficiency calculation.</p>
<p>“PV string” efficiency measurement</p>	<p>Activation: NO/YES</p> <p>Three type of controls are available</p> <p>The VMU-P unit is not available therefore the single strings are used to calculate the reference value for the efficiency calculation.</p>	<p><b>BOS efficiency measurement</b></p>	<p>The total efficiency measurement is based on the comparison between the generated energy and the exported energy supplied to the grid. The grid supplied energy is measured by means of a “S0” output coming from an energy meter like EM21-72, EM24-DIN, EM26-96 where the pulsating output (-kWh) is connected to the second digital input of VMU-M.</p>
<p>Function enabling</p>		<p><b>Fuse blow detection</b> (only AV10 range code)</p>	<p>Warning message transmission through the local port to the VMU-M unit.</p>
<p>Control type “0”</p>		<p><b>Wrong PV string connection</b></p>	<p>Warning message transmission through the local port to the VMU-M unit.</p>

**Note:** the “String control”, the “PV string efficiency” and the “BOS efficiency” can be carried out only in case a minimum system is available like a VMU-M, plus a VMU-S, plus a VMU-P and an energy meter with pulsating output.



## Insulation between inputs and outputs

Module	Type of input/output	Any				VMU-M			VMU-P			VMU-O		VMU-S		
		Local bus	DC Power supply	Temperature or digital inputs: Ch1, Ch2	RS485	Temperature: Ch1, Ch2	Solar irradiation	Wind speed	Digital inputs: Ch1, Ch2, Ch3	Relay outputs: Ch1, Ch2	Input string (V-)	Input string (A+)	Output string (A+)			
Any	Local bus	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV			
VMU-M	DC Power supply	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV			
	Temperature or digital inputs: Ch1, Ch2	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV			
	RS485	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV			
VMU-P	Temperature: Ch1, Ch2	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV			
	Solar irradiation	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV			
	Wind speed	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV			
VMU-O	Digital inputs: Ch1, Ch2, Ch3	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV			
	Relay outputs: Ch1, Ch2	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV			
VMU-S	Input string (V-)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	>5MΩ			
	Input string (A+)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV			
	Output string (A+)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	>5MΩ	4kV	-			

**Note:** The isolation between the two relay outputs is 4kV.

0kV	Inputs / outputs are not insulated. Use insulated probes and free of voltage contacts inputs.
4kVrms	EN61010-1, IEC60664-1 - Over-voltage category III, Pollution degree 2, double insulation on systems with max. 300Vrms to ground
4kVrms	IEC60664-1 - Using protection device with clamping voltage ≤4kV (surge suppressor) the system insulation can be considered as reinforced for string output voltage up to 1000V (800V to earth). IEC60664-1, IEC61730-2 application class B: impulse withstand voltage 1,2/50µsec: 6000V.
4kV	Only if the fuse is not present. The fuse is only for over-current protection (it has not to be considered as a disconnecting device).

## General specifications

<b>Operating temperature</b>	See table "String current vs. operating temperature".	<b>EMC (Immunity)</b> Electrostatic discharges  Immunity to irradiated Electromagnetic fields  Immunity to Burst  Immunity to conducted disturbances  Surge	According to EN61000-6-2 EN61000-4-2: 8kV air discharge, 4kV contact;  EN61000-4-3 : 10V/m from 80 to 3000MHz; EN61000-4-4: 4kV on power lines, 2kV on single lines;  EN61000-4-6: 10V from 150KHz to 80MHz; EN61000-4-5: 500V on power supply; 4kV on string inputs.
<b>Storage temperature</b>	-30 to +70°C (-22°F to 158°F) (R.H. < 90% non-condensing @ 40°C)		
<b>Over voltage category</b>	Cat. III (IEC 60664, EN60664) For inputs from string: equivalent to Cat. I, reinforced insulation.	<b>EMC (Emission)</b> Radio frequency suppression	According to EN61000-6-3 According to CISPR 22
<b>Insulation (for 1 minute)</b>	See table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"		
<b>Dielectric strength</b>	4000 VAC RMS for 1 minute		
<b>Noise rejection CMRR</b>	65 dB, 45 to 65 Hz		



## General specifications (cont.)

<b>Standard compliance</b> Safety	IEC60664, IEC61010-1 EN60664, EN61010-1	<b>Material</b>	Noryl, self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0
<b>Approvals</b>	CE, cULus Listed	<b>Mounting</b>	DIN-rail
<b>Housing</b> Dimensions (WxHxD)	17.5 x 90 x 67 mm	<b>Protection degree</b> Front Screw terminals	IP40 IP20

## Connections

<b>VMU-M</b> Connections Cable cross-section area	Screw-type 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max, Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm	Screw terminal purposes 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1+1 screw terminals: 1 positive for string input and 1 positive for string output (to the Inverter)
Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3+3 screw terminals used for two temperature inputs 3 screw terminals used for RS485 communication 2 screw terminals used for power supply	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 screw terminals: not power input, only for negative voltage signal measurement
<b>VMU-S AV10</b> Connections Cable cross-section area Current (+)	Screw-type  Min. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , max 6 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of flexible wire, Max. 10 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of rigid wire. Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.5 Nm / 1.1 Nm	<b>VMU-P</b> Connections Cable cross-section area	Screw-type 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max. Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm
Voltage (-)	Max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm	Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3+3 screw terminals used for two temperature probes 2 screw terminals used for wind speed sensor, 2 screw terminals used for solar irradiation sensor
Screw terminal purposes 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1+1 screw terminals: 1 positive for string input and 1 positive for string output (to the Inverter)	<b>VMU-O</b> Connections Cable cross-section area Relay outputs and digital inputs	Screw-type
1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 screw terminals: not power input, only for negative voltage signal measurement	"X" type Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	Max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm
<b>VMU-S AV30</b> Connections Cable cross-section area Current (+)	Screw-type  Min. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , max 10 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of flexible wire, Max. 16 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of rigid wire. Min./Max. Hole dimension: 7.2x5.1mm, screws tightening torque: 0.5 Nm / 1.1 Nm	"AT" type Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2+2 screw terminals: two for 1 <sup>st</sup> relay output and two for 2 <sup>nd</sup> relay output (SPST type) 2+2 screw terminals: two for 1 <sup>st</sup> digital input and two for 2 <sup>nd</sup> digital input
Voltage (-)	Max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm	<b>Weight</b> (all modules)	2 screw terminals for relay output (SPST type) 2+2+2 screw terminals: two for 1 <sup>st</sup> digital input, two for 2 <sup>nd</sup> digital input and two for 3 <sup>rd</sup> digital input
			Approx. 100 g (packing included)

## Power supply specifications

<b>VMU-M</b> Power supply Power consumption	12 to 28 VDC ≤1W	<b>VMU-S-P-O</b> Power supply	Self-power supplied through the communication bus
		Power consumption	≤0.7W

## String current vs. operating temperature

VMU-S AV10 Input current	VMU-O Max. contact current	Other modules	Operating temperature	
10A DC max.	2.5A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 65°C	-13°F to 149°F
12A DC max.	3.0A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 60°C	-13°F to 140°F
14A DC max.	3.5A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 55°C	-13°F to 131°F
15A DC max.	4.0A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 50°C	-13°F to 122°F
16A DC max.	5.0A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 40°C	-13°F to 104°F
VMU-S AV30 Input current				
20A DC max.	2.5A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 65°C	-13°F to 149°F
25A DC max.	3.0A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 60°C	-13°F to 140°F
30A DC max.	3.5A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 55°C	-13°F to 131°F

R.H. < 90% non condensing @ 40°C (104°F)

## Sizing of Carlo Gavazzi DC power supply without antitheft functionality

VMU-S units	VMU-O units	VMU-P units	Consumption	Start up current	Power supply part number
From 1 to 3	None	None	PS <sub>w</sub> : 2.5W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 18 1B or SPM3 24 1
From 1 to 3	Up to 1	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 5W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 18 1B or SPM3 24 1
From 4 to 10	From 2 to 4	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 11W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
From 11 to 14	Up to 1	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 10W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
Max. 14	Max. 7	Max. 1			Note: VMU-P as 1.8W includes also the CG (part number DWS-V) wind sensor consumption.

**Note:** the consumption above includes already one VMU-M unit without any antitheft management. For different units combination not mentioned above the consumption calculation is the following: PS<sub>w</sub>: <math>1W + n\_{VMU-S} \* 0.5W + n\_{VMU-O} \* 0.7W + n\_{VMU-P} \* 1.8W</math>. Where “n” is number of power supplied units.

## Sizing of Carlo Gavazzi DC power supply with antitheft functionality

VMU-S units	VMU-O.X units	VMU-O AT units	VMU-AT units	VMU-P units	Consumption	Start up current	Power supply part number
10 to 14	None	Up to 1	Up to 3	None	PS <sub>w</sub> : 12W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
10 to 13	Up to 1	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 13W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
10 to 12	Up to 2	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 14W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
10	Up to 3	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 14W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
Max. 14	Max. 3	Max. 1	Max. 3	Max. 1			Note: VMU-P as 1.8W includes also the CG (part number DWS-V) wind sensor consumption.

**Nota:** in order to carry out, in the Eos-Array, the proper antitheft functionality, one VMU-O.X.I3.R1.AT unit and up to three VMU-AT.X.P,M,C,X sensors have to be added, in this case the maximum equivalent added consumed power is 4W. For different units combination not mentioned above the consumption calculation is the following: PS<sub>w</sub>: <math>1W + n\_{VMU-S} \* 0.5W + n\_{VMU-O.X} \* 0.7W + n\_{VMU-O.AT} \* 0.7W + n\_{VMU-AT} \* 1.1 + n\_{VMU-P} \* 1.8W</math>. Where “n” is number of power supplied units.

## Stored set of variables in the VMU-M module

No.	Variable	Data format	Notes
1	Temperature 1	-60.0 to 400.0	The range is extended so to cover both °C and °F indication
2	Temperature 2	-60.0 to 400.0	The range is extended so to cover both °C and °F indication
3	BOS efficiency	0.0 to 999.9	“Total efficiency” result in percentage
4	AC energy value	0.0 to 99999.9	The value is in kWh and is the result of the totalized pulses coming from external energy meter

## Stored set of variables coming from every single VMU-S module

No.	Variable	Data format	Sub-address	Notes
1	V	0.0 to 1250.0	From 1 to 15	
2	A	0.0 to 20.00	From 1 to 15	
3	kW	0.0 to 99.99	From 1 to 15	
4	kWh	0.0 to 99999.9	From 1 to 15	
5	String efficiency	0.0 to 999.9		"PV string" efficiency result in percentage. Every string in the network has its own data.

## Stored set of variables coming from every single VMU-P module

No.	Variable	Data format	Sub-address	Notes
1	Temperature 1 (PV module)	-60.0 to 400.0	From 1 to 15	PV module temperature (°C/°F). The range is extended so to cover both °C and °F indication
2	Temperature 2 (Environment)	-60.0 to 400.0	From 1 to 15	Ambient temperature (°C/°F). The range is extended so to cover both °C and °F indication
3	Solar irradiation	0.0 to 9.999	From 1 to 15	Irradiation kW/m <sup>2</sup> (kW/feet <sup>2</sup> ). (e.g. in: 0 to 1kW/m <sup>2</sup> (1kW/feet <sup>2</sup> ), out: 0 to 100mV)
4	Wind speed	0.0 to 299.9	From 1 to 15	Wind speed (m/s) or feet/s

## Alarm and diagnostics messages

No.	Message	Notes
1	Conn.CY (AV10 only)	Fuse blow detection. The status of each fuse is indicated by the colour change of the relevant LED on the VMU-S module.
2	StrinG	String failure warning: the "String control" function has detected a failure. The STRING information is given in combination with the LED alarm on VMU-M and the LED colour code on every single string.
3	Conn.PY	The string is wrongly connected (reverse polarity)
4	SYStEM	Power-up self-test error
5	buS	Auxiliary bus communication error
6	ALArM	Variables alarm (any)
7	tHEFt	Theft warning: removal of the PV modules in the fibre optic loop controlled by the relevant VMU-AT sensor. The THEFT information is given in combination with the LED alarm on VMU-M and the LED colour code on the relevant VMU-O.AT module.

## Historical data storing time table

Time interval (minutes) (1)	From 1 to 15 strings			
	Data storing time			
	Min. days	Min. weeks	Min. months	Note
1	6	0	0	(2), (3), (4)
5	34	4	1	(2), (3), (4)
10	69	9	2	(2), (3), (4)
15	104	14	3	(2), (3), (4)
30	208	29	7	(2), (3), (4)
60	416	59	14	(2), (3), (4)

(1) Every value stored in the memory, is the result of the average calculation, in the selected time interval of the variable being measured and sampled every 2 seconds. (2) A maximum of 10 000 variable sets can be stored into the memory independently from the type and quantity of managed modules (for a maximum of 15). (3) The stored variables are coming from the VMU-P module and are: PV module temperature, ambient temperature, irradiation and wind speed. (4) The stored variables are relevant to both String efficiency and BOS efficiency.

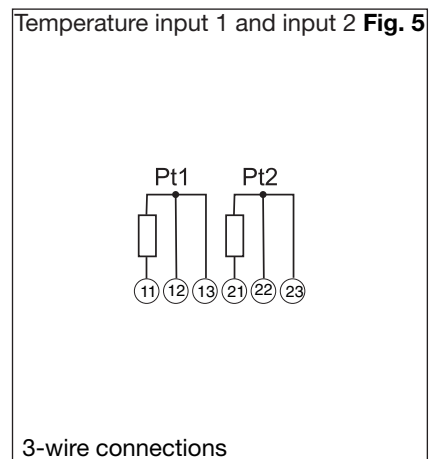
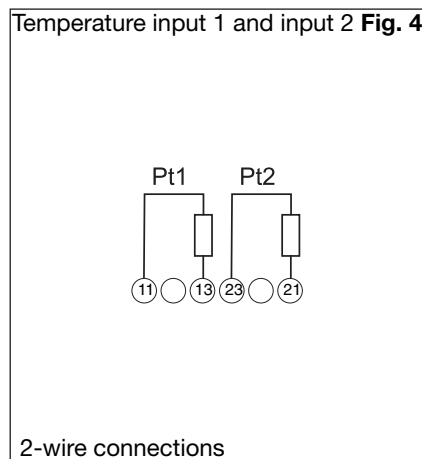
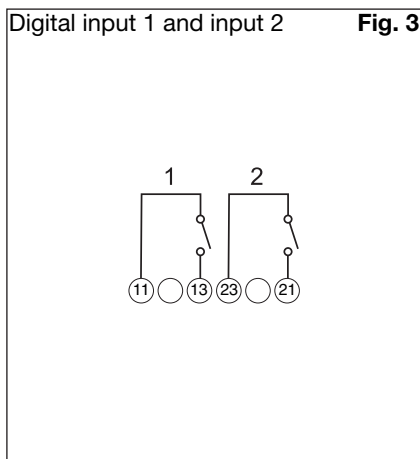
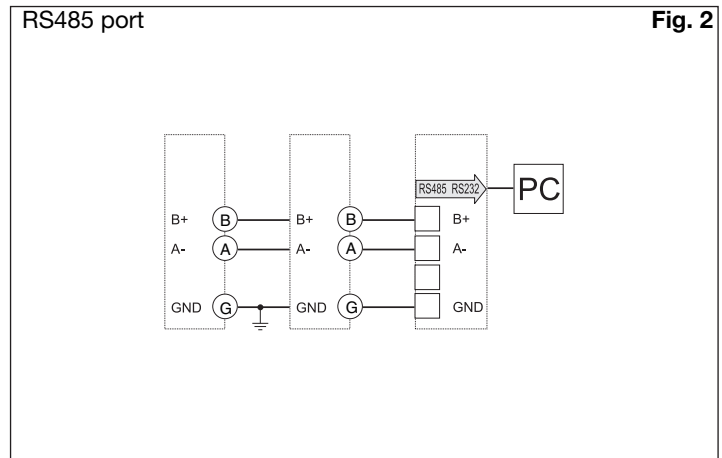
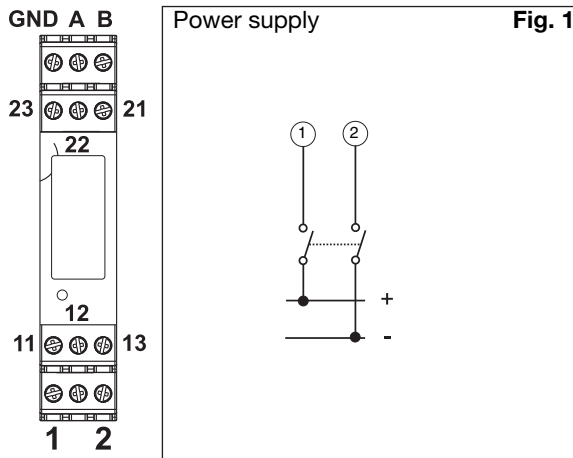
## List of the variables that can be displayed and connected to ...

- RS485 communication port
- Real and virtual alarms and events
- Data-logging

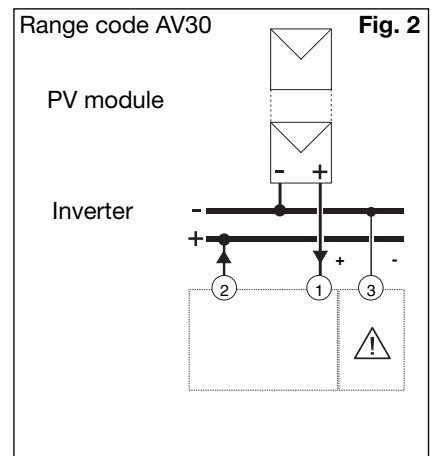
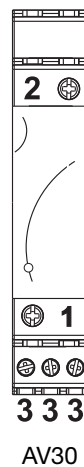
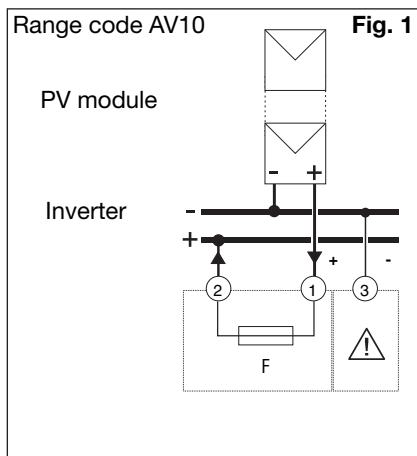
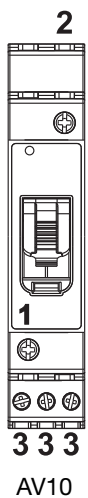
No	Variable	Event-logging	Data-logging	Alarm output	Module (from)	Notes
1	°C (°F) (input 1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-M	As alternative of status detection (4)
2	°C (°F) (input 2)	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-M	As alternative of variable (5)
3	% BOS efficiency	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-M	BOS efficiency calculation of the PV plant (in case of one VMU-M unit only). In all other cases the calculation is made by the software.
4	ON / OFF status (input 1)	Yes	Yes	No	VMU-M	As alternative of variable (1)
5	kWh (input 2)	Yes	Yes	No	VMU-M	Counting of pulses coming from an energy meter, as alternative of variable (2)
6	Reset kWh (input 2)	No	No	No	VMU-M	Resetting of totalized pulses from AC energy meter
7	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-M	Local bus communication problems
8	Error: 2	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-M	Changed system modules configuration
9	Error: 3	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-M	Incoherent programming parameters
10	Error: 4	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-M	More than one VMU-P unit connected to the bus
11	Error: 5	Yes	No	Yes (b)	VMU-M	Short circuit on probe input 1
12	Error: 6	Yes	No	Yes (b)	VMU-M	Open circuit on probe input 1
13	Error: 7	Yes	No	Yes (b)	VMU-M	Short circuit on probe input 2
14	Error: 8	Yes	No	Yes (b)	VMU-M	Open circuit on probe input 2
15	Status: 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-M	Local programming access
16	Status: 2	Yes	No	No	VMU-M	Power ON/OFF
17	V	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	Available from every string
18	A	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	Available from every string
19	kW	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	Available from every string
20	kWh	Yes	Yes	No	VMU-S	Available from every string
21	Reset string kWh	No	No	No	VMU-S	Resetting DC string energy meter
22	Reset all strings kWh	No	No	No	VMU-S	Resetting all DC string energy meters
23	% string efficiency	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	String efficiency
24	Status: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S	Incoherent programming parameters
25	Status: 2	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S	Fuse blow detection
26	Status: 3	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S	Reverse string current or voltage
27	Status: 4	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S	High temperature inside VMU-S unit
28	String control	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	
29	°C (°F) input 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	PV module temperature
30	°C (°F) input 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	Air temperature
31	kWp/m <sup>2</sup> (kWp/ft <sup>2</sup> )	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	Solar irradiation
32	m/s (ft/s)	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	Wind speed
33	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-P	Incoherent programming parameters
34	Error: 2	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Short circuit on probe input 1
35	Error: 3	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Open circuit on probe input 1
36	Error: 4	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Short circuit on probe input 2
37	Error: 5	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Open circuit on probe input 2
38	Status: input 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
39	Status: input 2	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
40	Status: output 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
41	Status: output 2	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
42	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-O	Incoherent programming parameters

**Note about "Alarm output":** YES (a), YES (b) and YES (c) are according to the relevant letter "OR" logic alarms.


## VMU-M connections



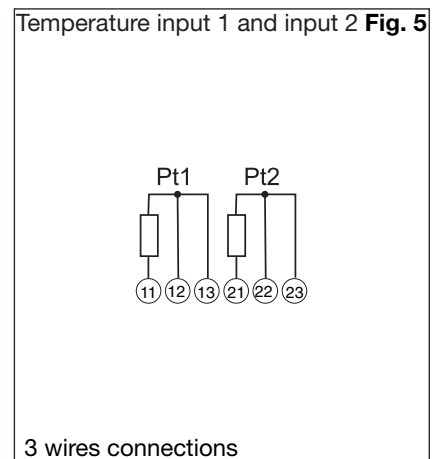
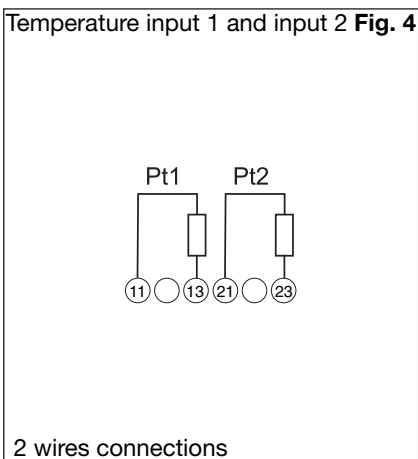
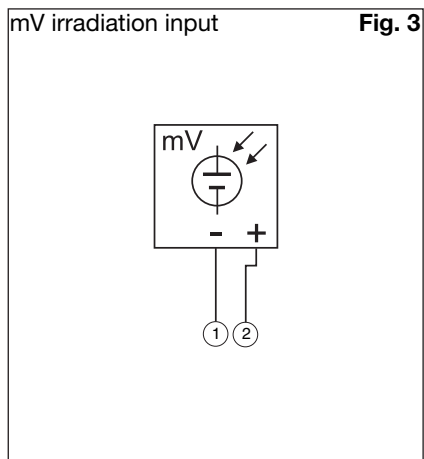
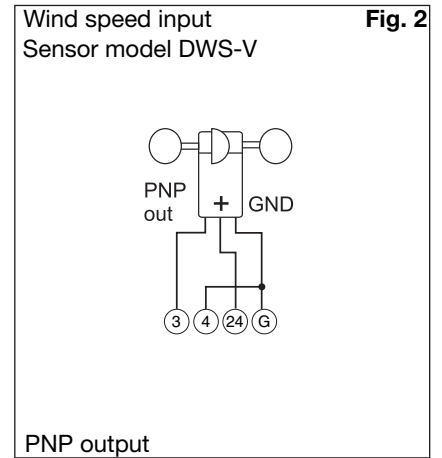
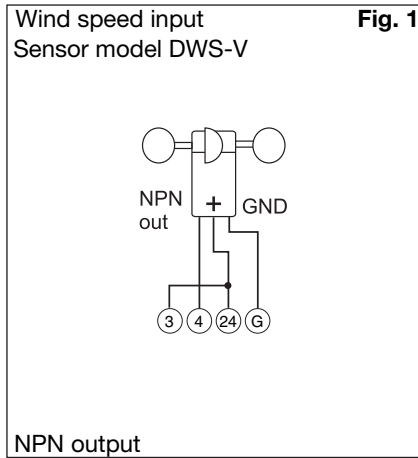
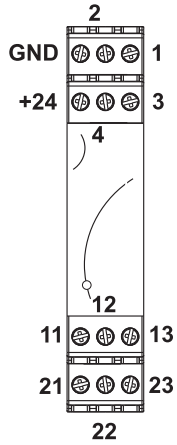
## VMU-S (AV10 and AV30) connections



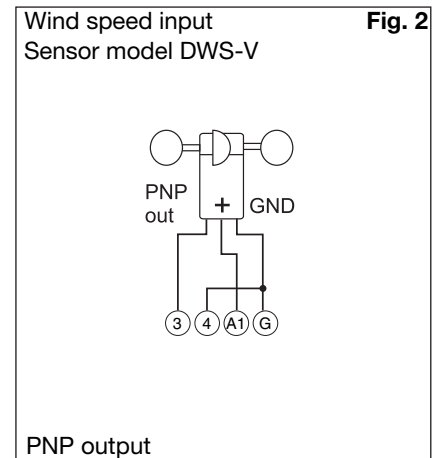
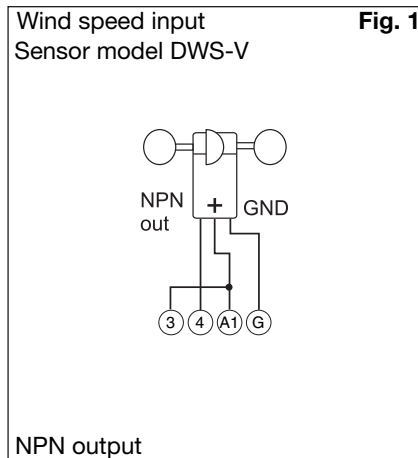
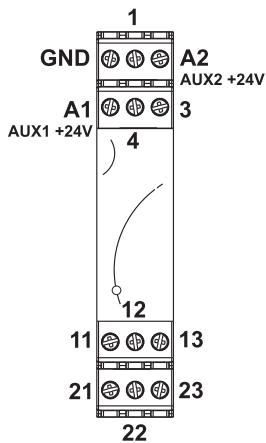
F = 10.3x38mm (IEC269-2-1) 1.25 Isc DC

 = Not power input, only for voltage signal measurement.

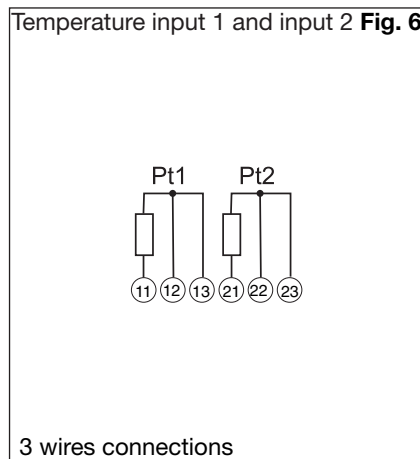
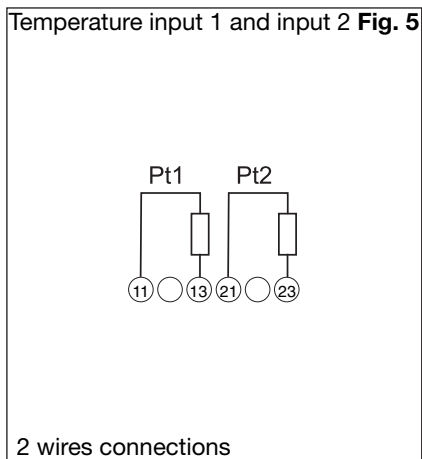
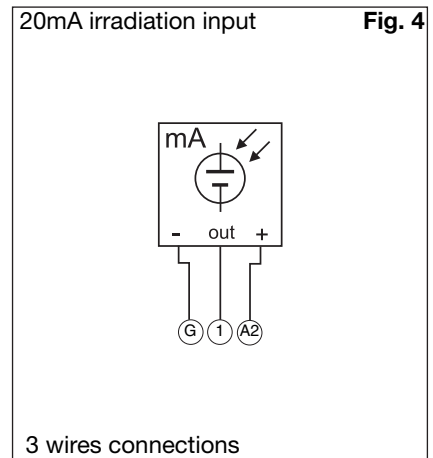
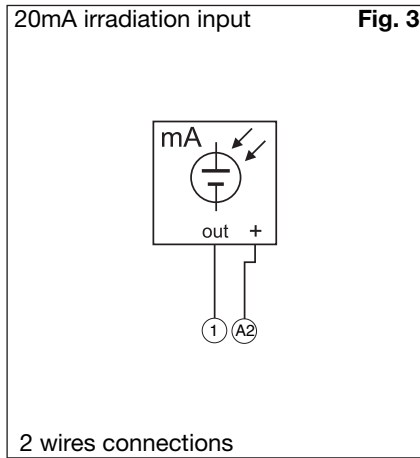
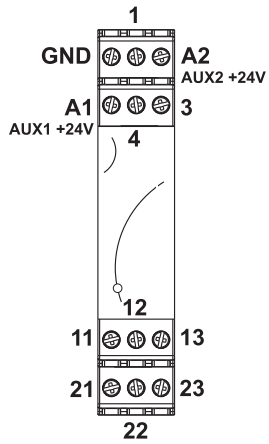
## VMU-P (2TIW) connections



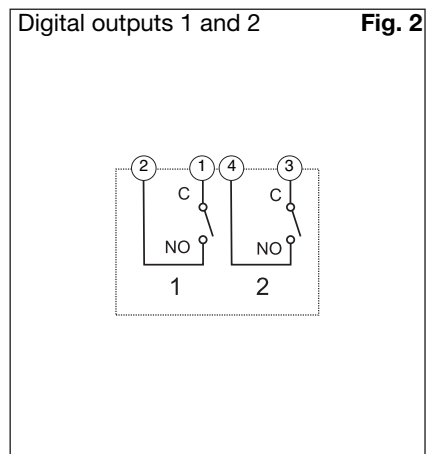
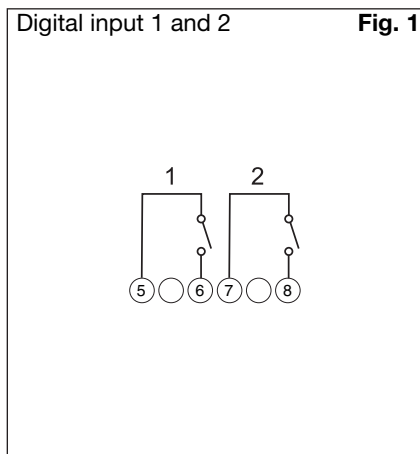
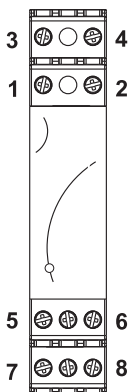
## VMU-P (2TCW) connections



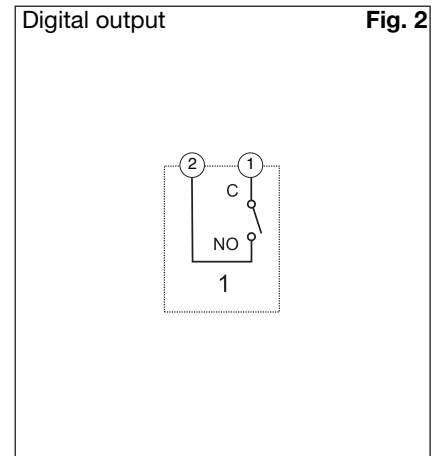
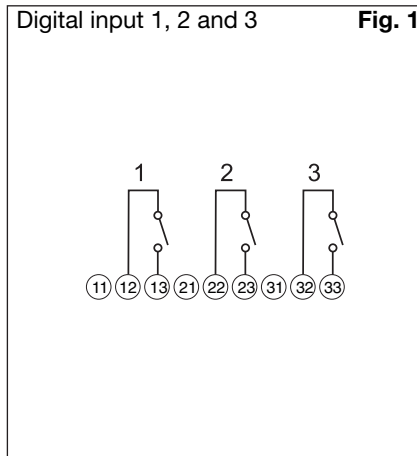
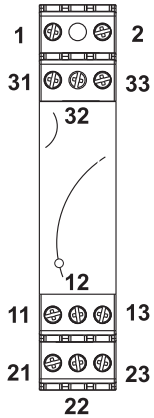
## VMU-P (2TCW) connections (cont.)



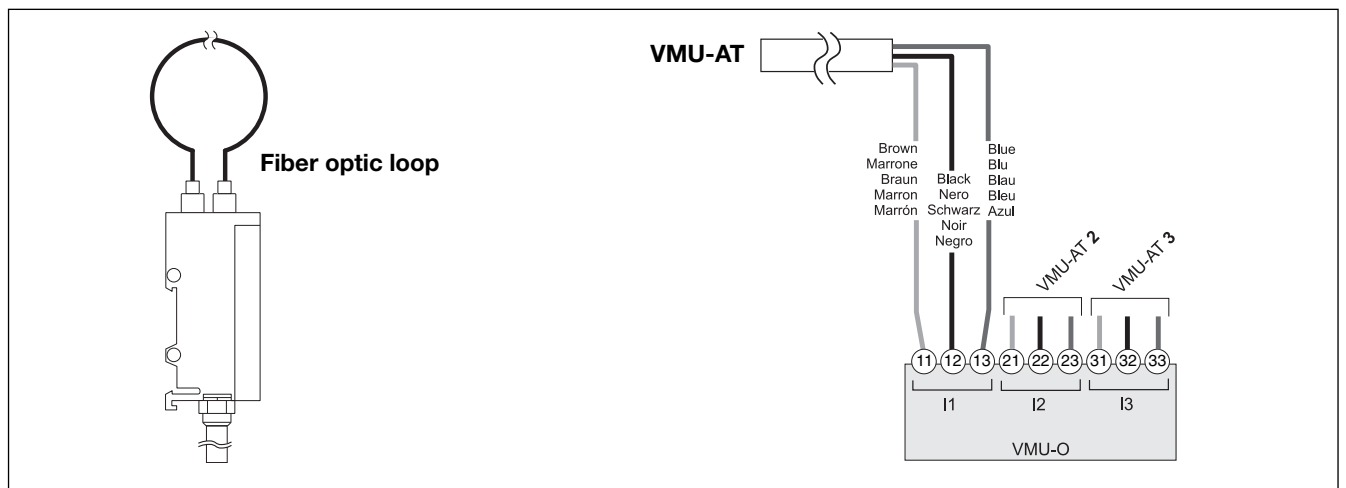
## VMU-O connections



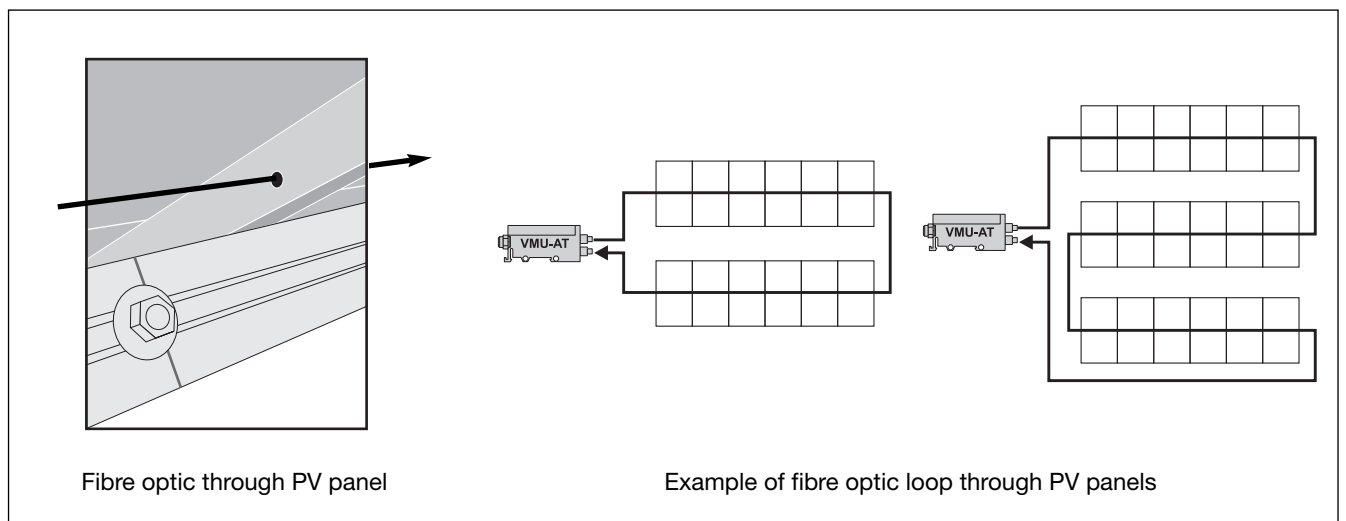
## VMU-O "AT" option connections



## VMU-AT connections

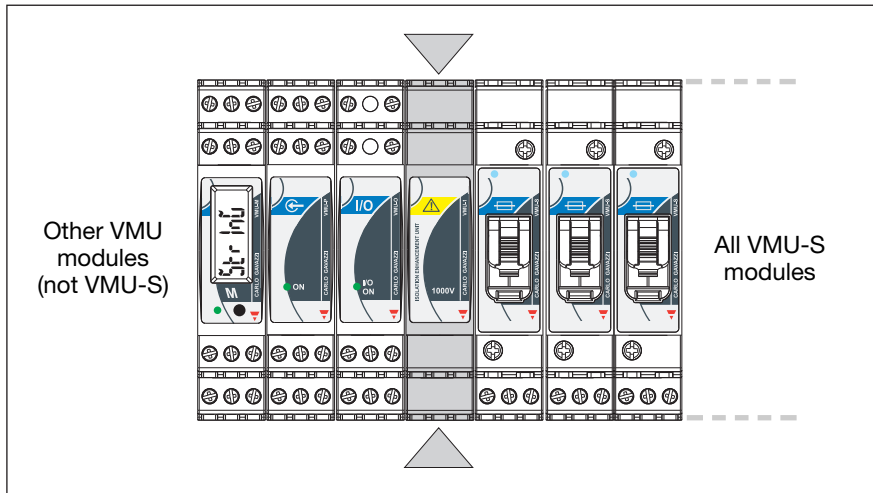


## VMU-AT mounting and use





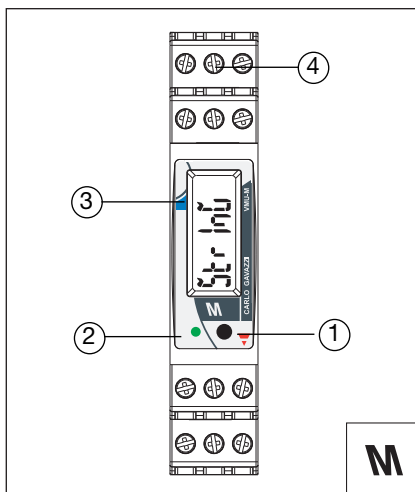
## VMU-1 mounting and positioning



The VMU-1 has to be mounted between the group of VMU-S and all the other modules as shown in the example picture on the left.

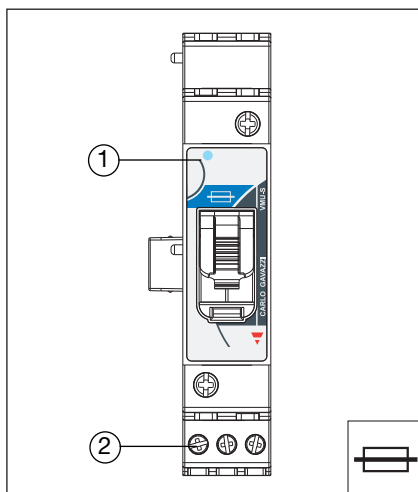
Every Eos-Array has to be equipped only with one VMU-1.

## VMU-M Front panel description



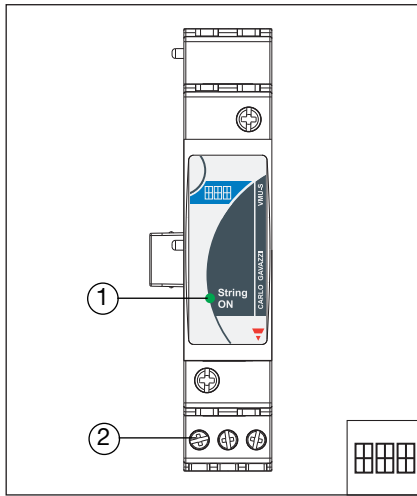
- 1. Push button.**  
To program the configuration parameters and to scroll the variables. One key function: short time pushbutton click: variable scroll or parameter increasing. Long time pushbutton click: programming procedure entering, parameter selection confirmation.
- 2. LED.**  
Green steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no communication on the RS485 bus. Green blinking light: the communication on the RS485 bus is working. Red: alarm detected (any). In case of alarm/communication condition the LED alternates its colour from red (alarm) to green. The blinking time is approx. 1 second.
- 3. Display.**  
LCD-type with alphanumeric indications to:
  - display some configuration parameters;
  - display some measured variables.
- 4. Screw terminals.**  
For power supply, bus and digital inputs/output connections

## VMU-S Front panel description (AV10 range code: 16A)



- 1. LED**  
Green: the power supply is ON, there is a string current up to 1A;  
Yellow: there is a string current from 1.1 to 3A;  
Light orange: there is a string current from 3.1 to 6A;  
Orange: there is a string current from 6.1 to 8A;  
Dark orange: there is a string current from 8.1 to 10A;  
Red: there is a string current higher than 10A;  
White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying.  
Cycling from blue to any other colour listed above (from yellow to red): string alarm  
Cycling from blue to green: blown fuse.  
Cycling from blue to violet: inverted string polarity.  
Cycling from white to any other colour: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying and shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.
- 2. Screw terminals**  
For string connections

## VMU-S Front panel description (AV30 range code: 30A)



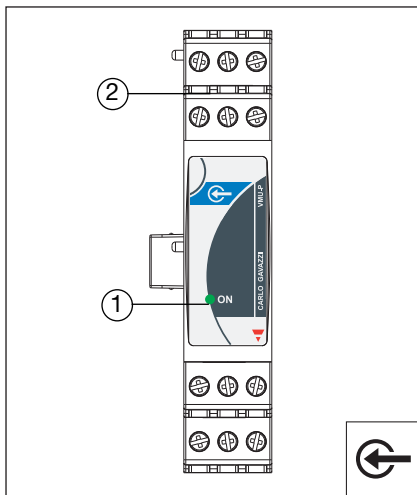
### 1. LED

Green: the power supply is ON, there is a string current up to 1A;  
 Yellow: there is a string current from 1.1 to 6A;  
 Light orange: there is a string current from 6.1 to 12A;  
 Orange: there is a string current from 12.1 to 16A;  
 Dark orange: there is a string current from 16.1 to 20A;  
 Red: there is a string current higher than 20A;  
 White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying.  
 Cycling from blue to any other colour listed above (from yellow to red): string alarm  
 Cycling from blue to violet: inverted string polarity.  
 Cycling from white to any other colour: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying and shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.

### 2. Screw terminals

For string connections

## VMU-P Front panel description



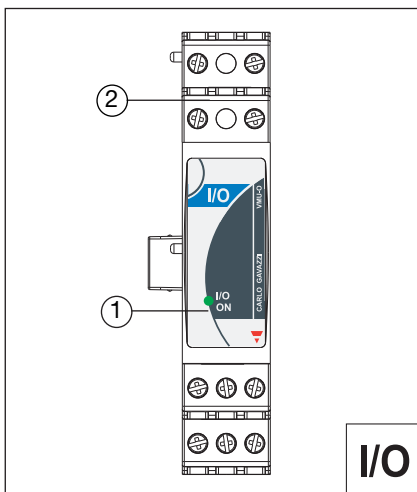
### 1. LED

ON steady light: the module is power supplied.  
 Green: the power supply is ON.  
 White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying

### 2. Screw terminals

For measuring input connections

## VMU-O/VMU-O AT Front panel description



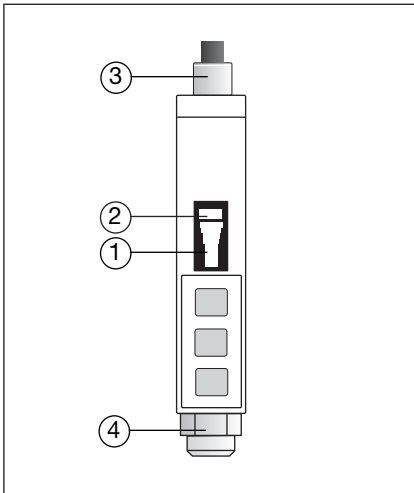
### 1. LED

ON steady light: the module is power supplied.  
 Green: the power supply is ON  
 White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying.  
 Red: one or up to three digital inputs are activated  
 Blue: one or both digital outputs are activated  
 Cycling from one colour to any other one: the unit shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.  
 The cycling time is approx. 1 second.

### 2. Screw terminals

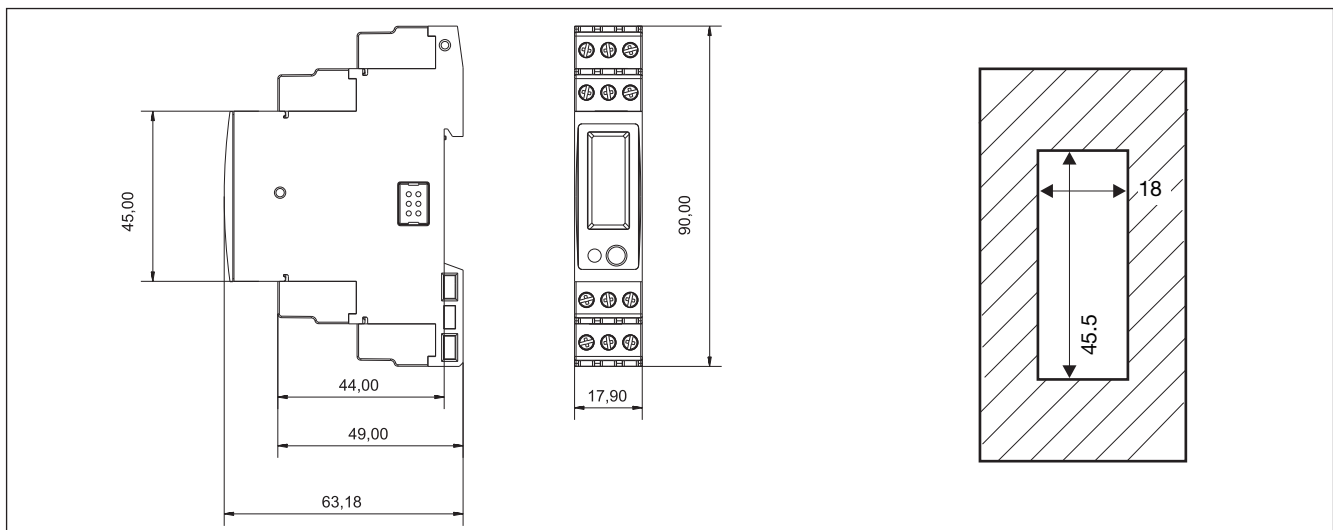
For digital inputs and outputs connections

## VMU-AT Front panel description

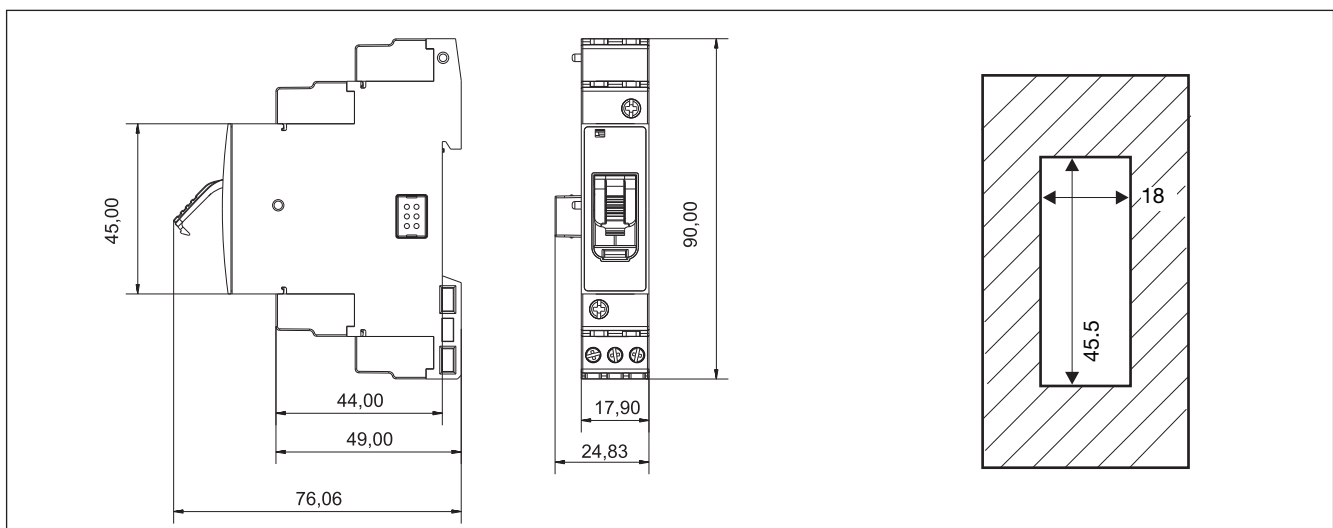


1. **Green LED**  
The power supply is ON
2. **Red LED**  
The optical signal loop is working
3. **Optical fibre connectors**  
One RX and one TX optical fibre connector
4. **One cable**  
Cable for power supply and signal output.

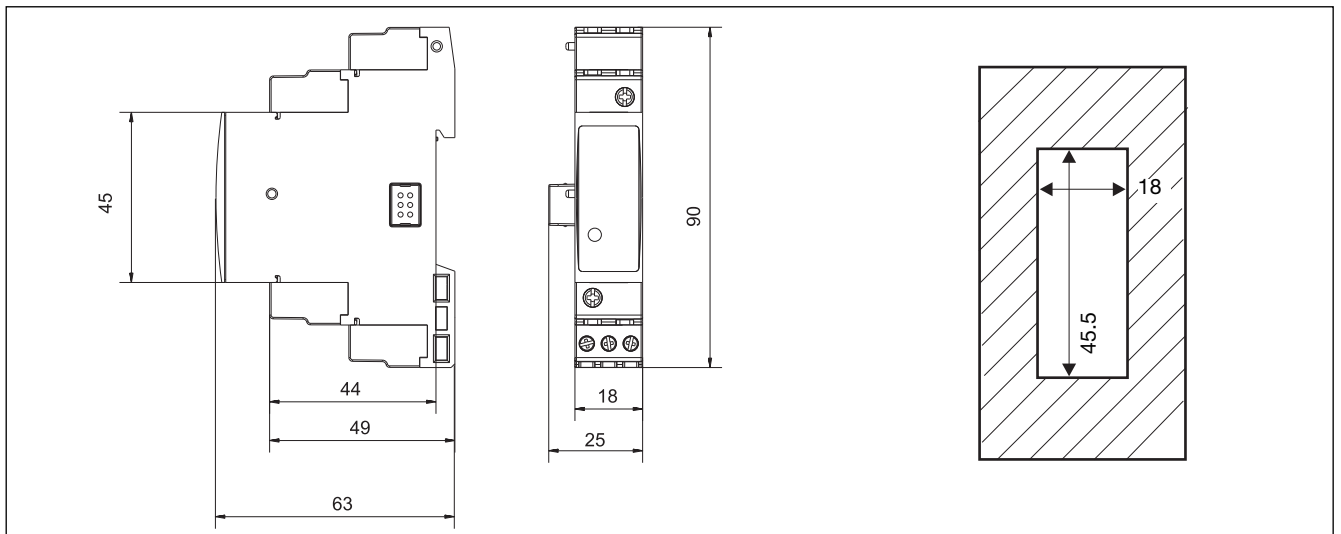
## VMU-M Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



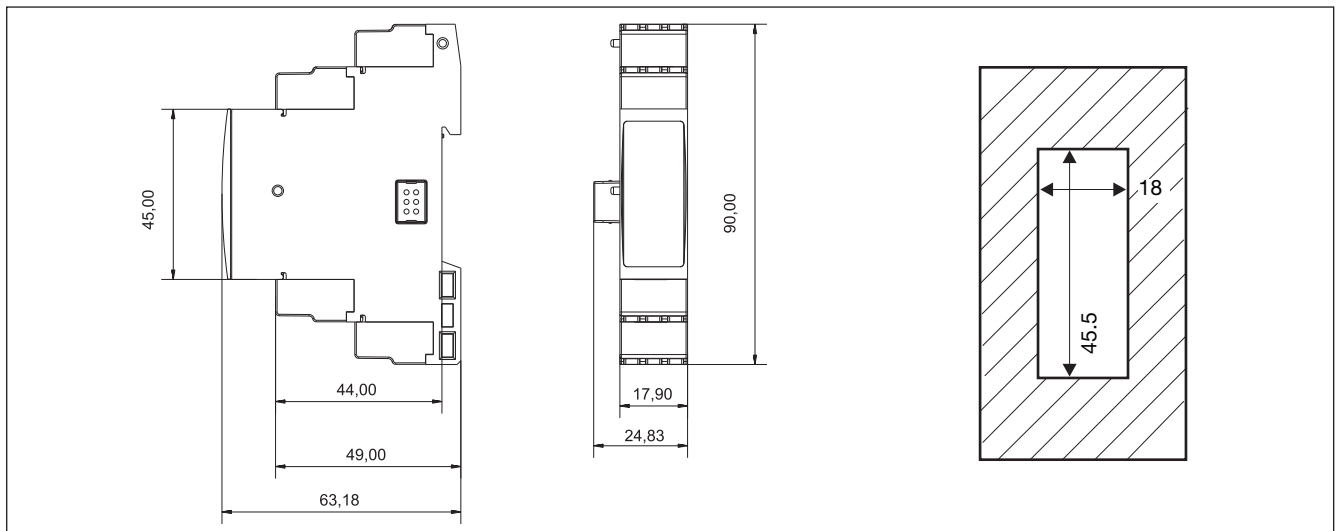
## VMU-S (AV10) Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



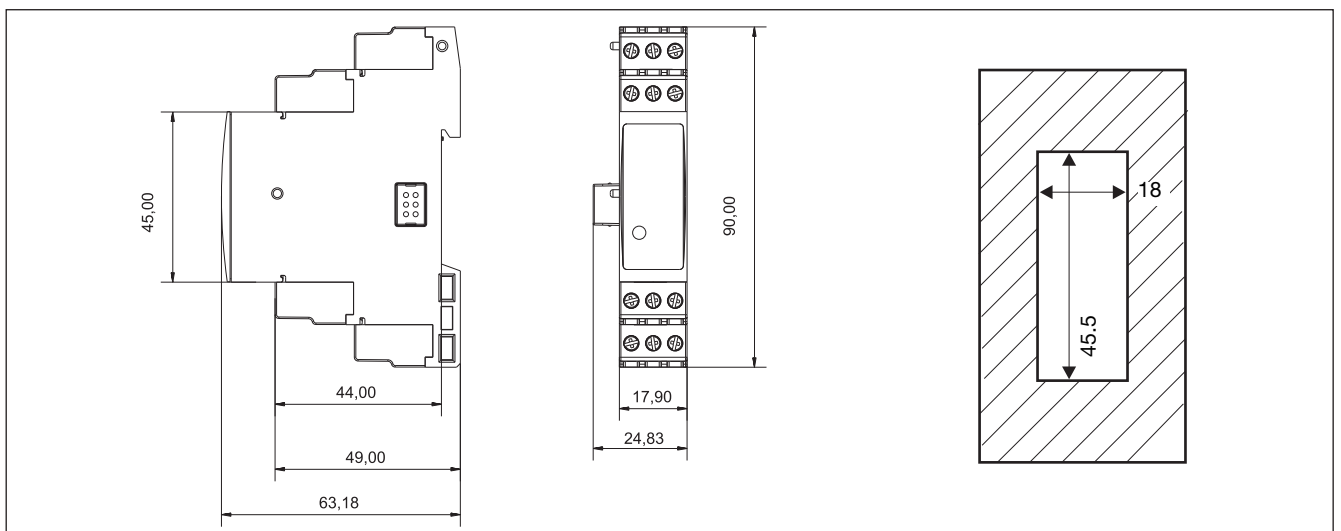
### VMU-S (AV30) Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



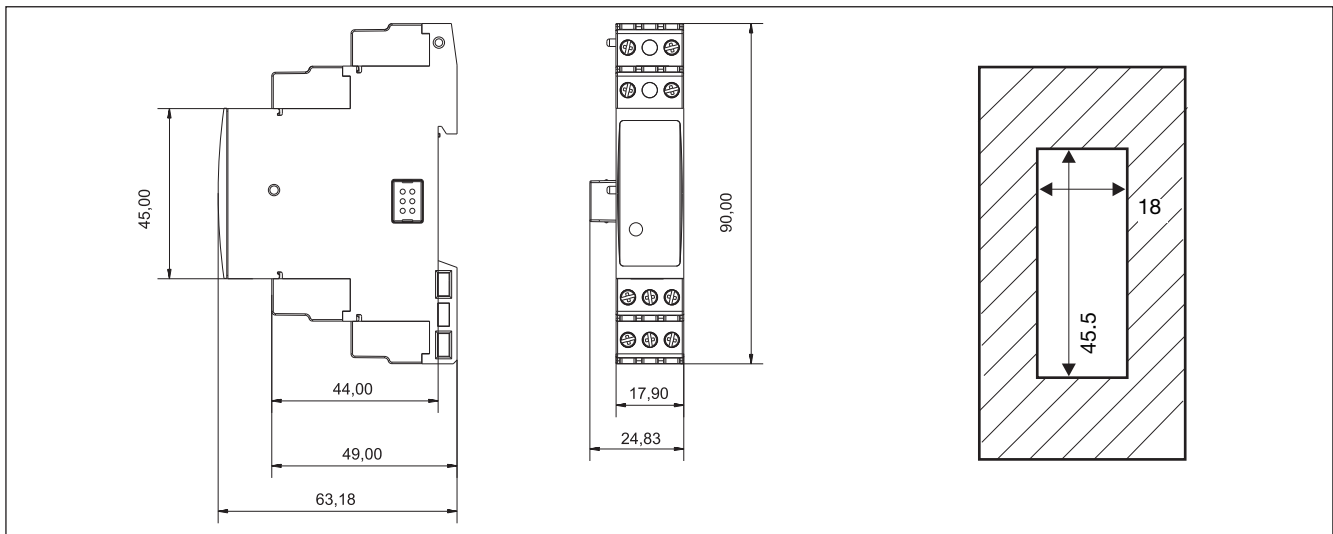
### VMU-1 Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



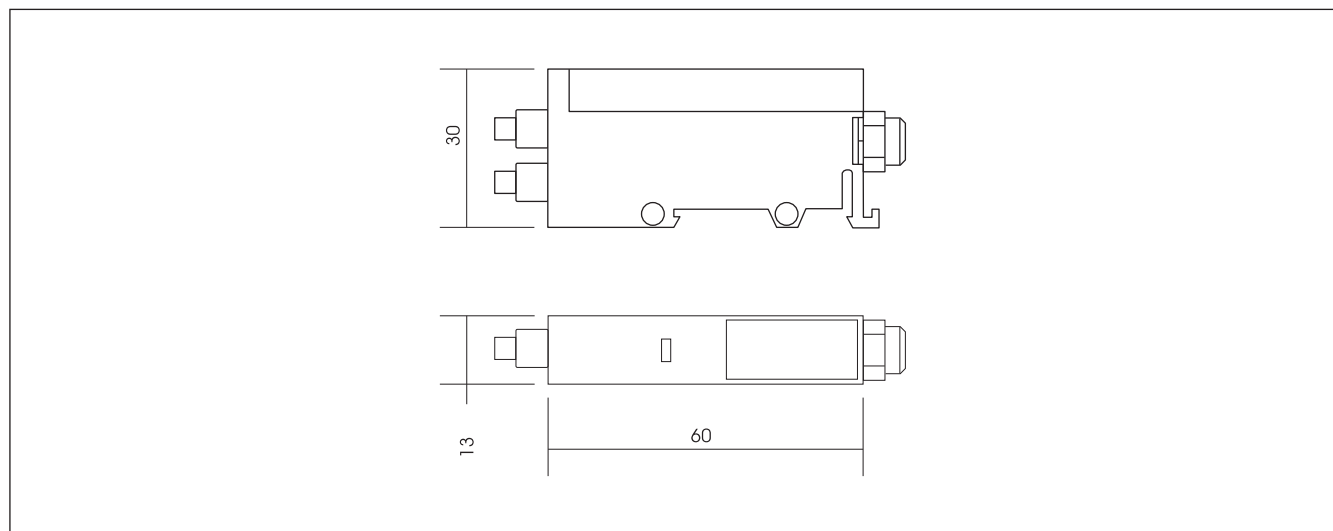
### VMU-P Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



### VMU-O/VMU-O AT Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



### VMU-AT Dimensions (mm)



## Mean time to failure (MTTF)

Model	MTTF/MTBF - Years	Test conditions	Standard
VMU-M	24.2	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F
VMU-S	35.4	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F
VMU-P	65.4	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F
VMU-O	31.7	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F

gf: ground, fixed.

## Eos-ArraySoft parameter programming and variable reading software

### Eos-ArraySoft

### Application

Multi-language software (Italian, English, French, German, Spanish) for variable reading and parameters programming. The program runs under Windows XP/Vista/7.

Up to two different applications can be selected:

- Solar: a management of a limited network where Eos-ArraySoft manages basically one VMU-M unit with relevant VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O modules and maybe an energy meter connected to the VMU-M digital input;
- Solar extended: a management of a complex network where Eos-ArraySoft manages many VMU-M modules and relevant sub networks (VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O units) and maybe an energy meter (EM21-72D, EM24-DIN, EM26-96) connected to the same RS485 bus.

### Configuration mode

### Data storing

### Data download

### Data displaying

### Alarm set-up

### Modem management

There are two configuration levels:

- the RS485 communication network which can include either one or more VMU-M units;
- the auxiliary network with all the parameters relevant to the following modules: VMU-M, VMU-S, VMU-P, VMU-O.

In pre-formatted XLS files (Excel data base).

Manual or automatic at programmable intervals.

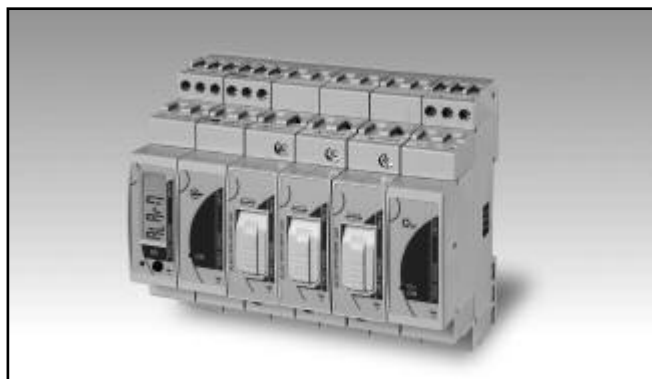
The following matrix is available:

- String 1: V-A-kW-kWh;
- String 2: V-A-kW-kWh;
- String n: V-A-kW-kWh.
- Main: PV module temperature, air temperature, irradiation and wind speed. Alarm parameters.

GSM/GPRS modem configuration (connected to the PC) SMS messages.

# Energy Management Control solution for solar PV applications Type Eos-Array Lite

CARLO GAVAZZI



- Modular local control system for PV plants
- Up to 17 DIN modules configuration equivalent to 280mm width
- Eos-ArrayLSoft freeware software for easy product configuration
- Eos-Array can be formed by maximum 17 units
- Eos-Array can manage in addition to VMU-ML master unit up to:
  - max 1 VMU-P unit;
  - max 15 VMU-S0 units;
  - max 1 VMU-O units.
  - max 1 VMU-1

## VMU-ML, master unit



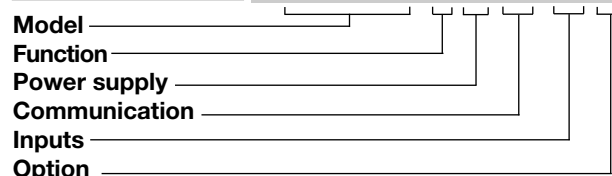
- Master communication capability
- RS485 communication port (Modbus)
- Local communication bus management up to 15 mixed VMU-S0, VMU-P and VMU-O units
- Single virtual or real alarm set-point connectable to any available variable
- Display readout: 6 DGTs
- 12 to 28 VDC power supply
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

## Product Description

Eos-Array Lite is a combination of modules which performs mainly a current and voltage control of a photovoltaic plant. The core unit is VMU-ML which performs the local bus management of VMU-S0, VMU-P both measuring units and VMU-O output unit. VMU-ML assigns the proper local unit address

automatically (up to 15 units) and gathers all the local measurements coming from VMU-S0 and VMU-P measuring units. VMU-ML can provide by means of VMU-O modules one relay output so to manage up to 1 real alarm. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

## How to order **VMU-M L A S1 XX X**



## Type Selection

Function	Power supply	Communication	Inputs
L: Lite (*)	A: From 12 to 28VDC (*)	S1: RS485 Modbus (*)	XX: none (*)
Option	(*) as standard.		
X: none			

## VMU-S0, string measuring unit



- Direct DC voltage measurement up to 1000V
- Direct DC current measurement up to 16A or up to 30A without fuse
- Instantaneous variables data format: 4 DGTs
- Instantaneous variables: V, A.
- Accuracy:  $\pm 0.5$  RDG (current/voltage)
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-ML unit
- String alarm management by means of VMU-ML unit
- Integrated 10.3x38mm fuse holder for string protection
- Fuse blow detection by means of VMU-ML unit only
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

### Product Description

Variables measuring unit with built-in protection fuse-holder (the fuse is not provided), particularly indicated for DC current, voltage, metering in PV solar applications. The current inputs/outputs and also the voltage inputs are made so to simplify the string common connections. Direct

connection up to 16A or 30A. Moreover the unit is provided with an auxiliary serial communication bus. Alarms, fuse blow detection, and serial communication are managed by means of VMU-ML module. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order **VMU-S0 AV10 X S FX**

Model \_\_\_\_\_  
 Range \_\_\_\_\_  
 Power supply \_\_\_\_\_  
 Communication \_\_\_\_\_  
 Option \_\_\_\_\_

### Type Selection

Range	Power supply	Communication	Option
<b>AV10:</b> 1000V DC, 16A (Direct connection) (*)	<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-ML unit	<b>S:</b> auxiliary communication bus, compatible only to VMU-ML module (*)	<b>XX:</b> none (no fuse holder) <b>FX:</b> with fuse holder (*)
<b>AV30:</b> 1000V DC, 30A (Direct connection) (**) In this case the "Option" is "XX".			

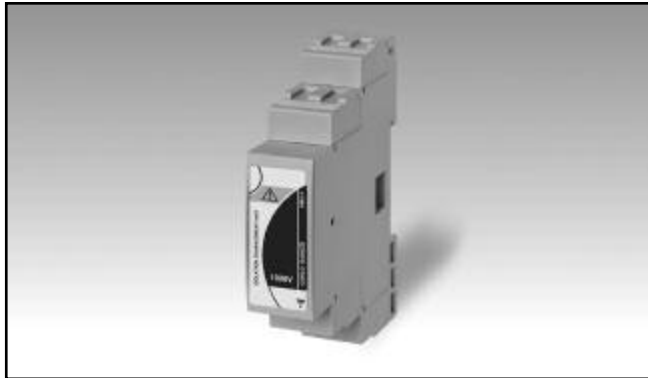
(\*) as standard.

(\*\*) on request.



## VMU-1, isolation enhancement unit

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- Isolation enhancement of voltage measuring inputs to earth of VMU-S0: from 800VDC (without VMU-1) to 1000VDC max.
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

### Product Description

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Isolation enhancement unit suitable to be used in combination with VMU modules. VMU-1 allows to enhance the isolation of the voltage measuring input to earth from 800VDC to 1000VDC.

The module is to be mounted between the first VMU-S0 and all the other VMU modules. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order

**VMU-1 1000**

Standard model

### Type Selection

---

#### Standard model

---

**Isolation voltage 1000V:** isolation enhancement on VMU-S0 voltage measuring input to earth from 800VDC (without module) to 1000VDC.  
Note: only one VMU-1 is needed per Eos-Array.

## VMU-P, environment variables unit



- **Measurements:** PV module temperature or air temperature, sun irradiation
- **One temperature input:** Pt100 or Pt1000 type
- **One 120mV or 20mA DC input with scaling capability for irradiation measurement**
- **Auxiliary communication bus to VMU-ML unit**
- **Auxiliary power supply from VMU-ML unit**
- **Dimensions:** 1-DIN module
- **Protection degree (front):** IP40

### Product Description

Environment variables measurement unit particularly indicated for PV module temperature or air temperature and sun irradiation, metering in PV solar applications. Moreover the unit is

provided with a specific serial communication bus, which is managed by means of the additional VMU-ML module. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order **VMU-P 1TI X S X**



### Type Selection

Range	Power supply	Communication	Option
<b>1TI:</b> One "Pt" temperature type probe, mV sun irradiation input (*)	<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-ML unit	<b>S:</b> auxiliary communication bus, compatible only to VMU-ML module (*)	<b>X:</b> none
<b>1TC:</b> One "Pt" temperature type probe, mA sun irradiation input (*)			

(\*) as standard.

## VMU-O, relay outputs unit



- One relay output managed by the VMU-ML module
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-ML unit
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

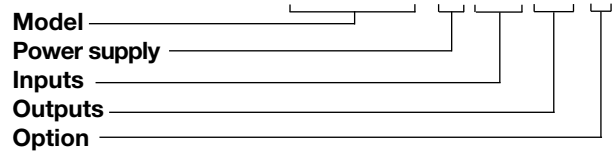
### VMU-O Product Description

Relay output unit suitable to be used in combination with VMU-ML module. VMU-O allows to add one relay output to a VMU-ML based

system so to manage local alarms. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order

**VMU-O X XX R1 X**



### Type Selection

Power supply	Inputs	Outputs	Option
<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-ML unit (*)	<b>XX:</b> none	<b>R1:</b> one relay output (*)	<b>X:</b> none

(\*) as standard.

## VMU-ML Display and LED specifications

<b>Display</b>	1 line (max: 6-DGT)	Green blinking light: the communication on the RS485 bus is working. Red: alarm detected (any). In case of alarm/communication condition the LED alternates its colour from red (alarm) to green. The blinking time is approx. 1 second.
Type Information read-out	LCD, h 7mm 4-DGT	
<b>LED</b>		
Type Status and colour	Dual colour Green steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no communication on the RS485 bus.	

## VMU-P LED specifications

<b>LED</b>		White: the unit is enabled by VMU-ML module for data reading and displaying.
Type Status and colour	Multicolor Green: the power supply is ON.	

## VMU-O LED specifications

<b>LED</b>		activated. Cycling from one colour to any other one: the unit shows the status of the module according to the colour list above. The cycling time is approx. 1 second.
Type Status and colour	Multicolor Green: the power supply is ON. White: the unit is enabled by VMU-ML module for data reading and displaying. Blue: digital output is	

## VMU-ML input specifications

<b>Key-pad</b>	1 push-button for variable scrolling and for some parameters programming.	Full programming can be carried out only using Eos-ArrayLSoft.
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## VMU-S0 input specifications

<b>Rated inputs</b>		Start up current	0.05A
Current type	1 (shunt)	Start up voltage	10V
Current range	AV10 range: 16A DC @ 40°C, 15A @ 50°C, 14A @ 55°C, 12A @ 60°C, 10A @ 65°C AV30 range: 30A DC @ 55°C, 25A DC @ 60°C, 20A DC @ 65°C	AV30 range code	
		Current	$\pm(0.5\%RDG+2 \text{ DGT})$ from 0.2A to 30A
		Voltage	$\pm(0.5\%RDG+2 \text{ DGT})$ from 20V to 1000V
Voltage	AV10 range: 1000V DC AV30 range: 1000V DC	Start up current	0.2A
		Start up voltage	10V
		<b>Temperature drift</b>	$\leq 200\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Accuracy</b>	(@25°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ , R.H. $\leq 60\%$ )	<b>Measurement sampling time</b>	2 sec.
AV10 range code		<b>Variables format</b>	
Current	$\pm(0.5\%RDG+2 \text{ DGT})$ from 0.05A to 16A	Instantaneous variables	4-DGT (A), 5-DGT (V)
Voltage	$\pm(0.5\%RDG+2 \text{ DGT})$ from 20V to 1000V	Resolution	0.1V; 0.01A.

## VMU-S0 input specifications (cont.)

<b>Max. and Min. data format</b> <b>Input impedance</b> AV10 range code Voltage Current  AV30 range code Voltage Current	See "Variables format"  $> 2.5M\Omega$ $< 0.006\Omega$ (+ fuse impedance) @ 0.5 Nm (screw terminal torque). The maximum dissipation power has not to exceed 2W.  $> 2.5M$ $< 0.003\Omega$ @ 0.5 Nm (screw terminal torque)	<b>Current Overloads</b> Continuous  For 1s  <b>Protection</b> Fuse holder Fuse type Fuse size Fuse current	AV10 range: 16A AV30 range: 30A AV10 range: 100A max AV30 range: 150A max  Integrated into the module gPV 10x38mm (IEC60269-1-6) Fuse NOT provided. Note: the fuse rated current has to be $\geq 1.4$ Isc at 45°C ambient temperature. See fuse manufacturer specifications for further details including de-rating caused by higher ambient temperature.
<b>Voltage Overloads</b> Continuous For 500ms To earth	1100V 1600V 800V (extended to 1000V in case of combined use of VMU-1.1000V unit)		

## VMU-P input specifications

<b>Temperature drift</b> <b>Variables format</b> Instantaneous variables  Resolution	$\leq 200\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$  4 DGT (Temperature, solar irradiation) $0.1^{\circ}\text{C}/0.1^{\circ}\text{F}$ ; $1\text{W}/\text{m}^2$ , $1\text{W}/\text{ft}^2$ ;	Decimal point position Impedance Overload Continuous  For 1s Insulation	Fixed. $> 30K\Omega$  10VDC (measurement available up to 1V on both display and communication bus) 20VDC See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"
<b>Max. and Min. data format</b> <b>Temperature probe input</b> Number of inputs Temperature probe Number of wires Wire compensation Accuracy (@25°C $\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ , R.H. $\leq 60\%$ ) (Display + RS485)  Temperature drift Engineering unit Insulation	See "Variables format"  1 Pt100 or Pt1000 Up to 3-wire connection Up to 10 $\Omega$ .  See table "Temperature input characteristics" $\pm 150\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ Selectable $^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $^{\circ}\text{F}$ See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"	<b>Irradiation sensor inputs (range code: 1TC)</b> Number of inputs Range Accuracy (Display + RS485) (@25°C $\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ , R.H. $\leq 60\%$ )  Temperature drift Scaling factor Operating mode	1 0 to 20mA DC  $\pm(0.2\%\text{RDG}+1\text{DGT})$ 0% to 25% FS; $\pm(0.1\%\text{RDG}+1\text{DGT})$ 25% to 120% FS. $\pm 150\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$  Dual scale: - Input: programmable range from 0 to 25.0 (mADC) - Display: programmable range from 0 to 9999 ( $\text{kW}/\text{m}^2$ , $\text{kW}/\text{ft}^2$ ) Fixed. $\leq 23\Omega$
<b>Irradiation sensor inputs (range code: 1TI)</b> Number of inputs Range Accuracy (Display + RS485) (@25°C $\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ , R.H. $\leq 60\%$ )  Temperature drift Scaling factor Operating mode	1 0 to 120mVDC  $\pm(0.2\%\text{RDG}+1\text{DGT})$ 0% to 25% FS; $\pm(0.1\%\text{RDG}+1\text{DGT})$ 25% to 120% FS. $\pm 150\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$  Dual scale: - Input: programmable range from 0 to 150.0 (mVDC) - Display: programmable range from 0 to 9999 ( $\text{kW}/\text{m}^2$ , $\text{kW}/\text{ft}^2$ )	Decimal point position Impedance Overload Continuous  For 1s Insulation	50mADC (measurement available up to 25mA on both display and communication bus) 150mADC See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"

## VMU-P Temperature input characteristics

Probe	Range	Accuracy (@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%)	Min Indication	Max Indication
Pt100	-50°C to +200.0°C	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-50.0	+200.0
Pt100	-58°F to +392°F	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-58.0	+392.0
Pt1000	-50°C to +200.0°C	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-50.0	+200.0
Pt1000	-58°F to +392°F	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-58.0	+392.0

## VMU-ML Output specifications

<b>RS485</b>	Slave function	<b>Auxiliary communication bus</b>	<p>This is the communication bus to the VMU-S0, VMU-P and VMU-O units where VMU-ML performs the master function in this network. VMU-ML unit can gather the following information from the bus:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- All variables available on the bus;</li> <li>- Antitheft status;</li> <li>- PV reverse voltage and current polarity;</li> <li>- PV module status.</li> </ul> <p>The local address in the VMU-S0, VMU-P and VMU-O units is automatically assigned by VMU-ML master unit based on their positions. It can manage up to 15 different addresses (units). See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"</p>
Type	Multidrop, bidirectional (static and dynamic variables)		
Connections	2-wire. Max. distance 1000m		
Addresses	247, selectable by means of the front push-button		
Protocol	MODBUS/JBUS (RTU)		
Data (bidirectional)			
Dynamic (reading only)	All variables, see "List of the variables that can be..."		
Static (writing only)	All the configuration parameters.		
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bit, no parity, 1 stop bit		
Baud-rate	Selectable: 9600, 19200, 38400, 115200 bits/s Parity: none		
Driver input capability	1/5 unit load. Maximum 160 transceivers on the same bus.		
Special functions	None	Insulation	
Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"		

## VMU-O Output specifications

<b>Maximum number of modules managed by every single VMU-ML module</b>	Up to 1	Type	Relay, SPST type AC 1-5A @ 250VAC AC 15-1A @ 250VAC Available by means of VMU-O module only See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
<b>Digital output</b>			
Number of outputs	1	Insulation	
Purpose	Alarm notification as a String alarm and other alarms (see "List of the variables that can be connected to...")		

## Main Function

<p><b>Displaying</b> VMU-ML module</p> <p>When a VMU-S0 module is selected</p> <p>When a VMU-P module is selected</p> <p>When a VMU-O module is selected</p>	<p>1 parameter per page “Alarm and diagnostics messages”</p> <p>All the information related to the status of the string being selected by means of the front key (see the table “List of the variables that can be...”).</p> <p>All the information related to the status of the environment probes being selected by means of the front key (see the table “List of the variables that can be...”).</p> <p>All the information related to the status of the output being selected by means of the front key (see the table “List of the variables that can be...”).</p>		<p>there are at least two string controls (VMU-S0 units). The highest value of the measured string current among those available is used as a reference value. The alarm set-point is a value that can be set by the user as a percentage of the reference value below which there is the alarm condition.</p> <p>- Median control: the measurement of the string power is performed by the local VMU-S0 module individually. Within the VMU-ML system all values coming at the same instant from every VMU-S0 module are used to calculate the “median” value which becomes the reference value to which the dynamic window set-point (in percentage set by the user) is linked. The abnormal condition is detected when the measured instantaneous string current is out of the set window alarm. The alarm activates, with reference to the failed string, either a relay output (only in case of “VMU-O” connection) or/and a message which is transmitted by means of the RS485 communication port to an acquisition system.</p> <p>The alarm is set as the string power control, the value is programmable in percentage (of the measured string value) from 0.1 to 199.9.</p> <p>The alarms can be connected also to the string voltage.</p>
<p><b>Password</b></p> <p>1<sup>st</sup> level</p> <p>2<sup>nd</sup> level</p>	<p>Numeric code of max. 4 digits; 2 protection levels of the programming data: Password “0”, no protection; Password from 1 to 9999, all data are protected</p>		
<p><b>Alarms</b></p> <p>Number of alarms</p> <p>Alarm types Alarm modes</p> <p>Set-point adjustment</p> <p>Hysteresis On-time delay Output status</p> <p>Min. response time</p>	<p>One, independent for every single available variable (see the table “List of the variables that can be...”)</p> <p>Virtual alarm or real alarm Up alarm, down alarm (see the table “List of the variables that can be connected to ...”)</p> <p>From 0 to 100% of the display scale From 0 to full scale 0 to 3600s</p> <p>Selectable; normally de-energized or normally energized ≤ 700ms, set-point on-time delay: “0 s”</p>	<p>String window alarm</p> <p>Other variable alarms</p>	
<p><b>String control</b></p> <p>Function enabling Function selection</p> <p>Function description</p>	<p>Activation: NO/YES Match max. control or median control Match max. control: this function is helpful only if</p>	<p><b>Fuse blow detection</b> (only AV10 range code)</p> <p><b>Wrong PV module connection</b></p>	<p>Warning message transmission through the local port to the VMU-ML unit.</p> <p>Warning message transmission through the local port to the VMUML unit.</p>

## Insulation between inputs and outputs

Module		Any	VMU-ML		VMU-P		VMU-O	VMU-S0		
	Type of input/output	Local bus	DC Power supply	RS485	Temperature: Ch1	Solar irradiation	Relay outputs: Ch1	String input (V-)	String input (A+)	String output (A+)
Any	Local bus	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-ML	DC Power supply	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	RS485	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-P	Temperature: Ch1	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	Solar irradiation	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-O	Relay outputs: Ch1	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-S0	String input (V-)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	>5MΩ
	String input (A+)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV
	String output (A+)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	>5MΩ	4kV	-

0kV	Inputs / outputs are not insulated. Use insulated probes and free of voltage contacts inputs.
4kVrms	EN61010-1, IEC60664-1 - Over-voltage category III, Pollution degree 2, double insulation on systems with max. 300Vrms to ground
4kVrms	IEC60664-1 - Using protection device with clamping voltage $\leq 4kV$ (surge suppressor) the system insulation can be considered as reinforced for string output voltage up to 1000V (800V to earth). IEC60664-1, IEC61730-2 application class B: impulse withstand voltage 1,2/50μsec: 6000V.
4kV	Only if the fuse is not present. Remove the fuse only when the disconnecting breaker is switched off. The fuse is only for over-current protection (it has not to be considered as a disconnecting device).



## General specifications

<b>Operating temperature</b>	See table "String current vs. operating temperature".	Immunity to conducted disturbances	EN61000-4-6: 10V from 150KHz to 80MHz; EN61000-4-5: 500V on power supply; 4kV on string inputs.
<b>Storage temperature</b>	-30 to +70°C (-22°F to 158°F) (R.H. < 90% non-condensing @ 40°C)	Surge	
<b>Over voltage category</b>	Cat. III (IEC 60664, EN60664) For inputs from string: equivalent to Cat. I, reinforced insulation.	<b>EMC (Emission)</b> Radio frequency suppression	According to EN61000-6-3 According to CISPR 22
<b>Insulation (for 1 minute)</b>	See table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"	<b>Standard compliance</b> Safety	IEC60664, IEC61010-1 EN60664, EN61010-1
<b>Dielectric strength</b>	4000 VAC RMS for 1 minute	<b>Approvals</b>	CE, cULus Listed
<b>Noise rejection</b> CMRR	>65 dB, 45 to 65 Hz	<b>Housing</b> Dimensions (WxHxD) Material	17.5 x 90 x 67 mm Noryl, self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0
<b>EMC (Immunity)</b> Electrostatic discharges	According to EN61000-6-2 EN61000-4-2: 8kV air discharge, 4kV contact;	<b>Mounting</b>	DIN-rail
Immunity to irradiated electromagnetic fields	EN61000-4-3: 10V/m from 80 to 3000MHz;	<b>Protection degree</b> Front Screw terminals	IP40 IP20
Immunity to Burst	EN61000-4-4: 4kV on power supply lines, 2kV on single lines;		

## Connections

<b>VMU-ML</b> Connections Cable cross-section area	Screw-type 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max, Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 screw terminals: not power input, only for negative voltage signal measurement
Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 screw terminals used for RS485 communication 2 screw terminals used for power supply	<b>VMU-S0 AV30</b> Connections Cable cross-section area Current (+)	Screw-type Min. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , max 10 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of flexible wire, Max. 16 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of rigid wire. Min./Max. Hole dimension: 7.2x5.1mm, screws tightening torque: 0.5 Nm / 1.1 Nm Max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm
<b>VMU-S0 AV10</b> Connections Cable cross-section area Current (+)	Screw-type Min. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , max 6 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of flexible wire, Max. 10 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of rigid wire. Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.5 Nm / 1.1 Nm	Voltage (-)	1+1 screw terminals: 1 positive for string input and 1 positive for string output (to the Inverter)
Voltage (-)	Max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm	Screw terminal purposes 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 screw terminals: not power input, only for negative voltage signal measurement
Screw terminal purposes 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1+1 screw terminals: 1 (+) for string input and 1 (+) for string output (to the Inverter)	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	
		<b>VMU-P</b> Connections Cable cross-section area	Screw-type 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max. Min./Max. screws tightening torque:

## Connections (cont.)

Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm  3 screw terminals used for temperature probe 2 screw terminals used for solar irradiation sensor	Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 screw terminals: for relay output (SPST type)
<b>VMU-O</b> Connections Cable cross-section area	Screw-type Max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm	<b>Weight</b> (all model)	Approx. 100 g (packing included)

## Power supply specifications

VMU-ML Power supply Power consumption	12 to 28 VDC ≤1W	VMU-S0-P-O Power supply  Power consumption	Self-power supplied through the communication bus ≤0.7W
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## Sizing of Carlo Gavazzi DC power supply

VMU-S0 units	VMU-O units	VMU-P units	Consumption	Start-up current	Power supply part number
From 1 to 3	None	None	PS <sub>w</sub> : 2.5W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 18 1B or SPM3 24 1
From 1 to 3	Up to 1	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 5W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 18 1B or SPM3 24 1
From 4 to 10	From 2 to 4	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 11W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
From 11 to 14	Up to 1	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 10W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
Max. 14	Max. 7	Max. 1			

**Note:** the consumption above includes already one VMU-U unit. For different combinations not mentioned above the consumption calculation is the following:  $PS_w < 1W + n_{VMU-S0} * 0.5W + n_{VMU-O} * 0.7W + n_{VMU-P} * 1.8W$ . where "n" is number of power supplied units.

## Variables format

No.	Module	Variable	Data format	Notes
1	VMU-S0	V	0.0 to 1250.0	
2	VMU-S0	A	0.0 to 50.0	
3	VMU-P	Temperature	-60 to 400.0	Temperature (°C/°F). The range is extended to cover both °C and °F indications
4	VMU-P	Solar irradiation (IRR)	0.0 to 9.999	Irradiation kW/m2 (kW/feet2) (e.g. in: 0 to 1kW/m2 (1kW/feet2), out: 0 to 100mV)

## Alarm and diagnostics messages

No.	Message	Notes
1	Conn.CY (AV10 only)	Fuse blow detection.
2	StrinG	String failure warning: the “String control” function has detected a failure.
3	Conn.PY	Reverse string current or voltage
4	SYSteM	Power-up self-test error
5	buS	Auxiliary bus communication error
6	ALArM	Variables alarm (any)

## String current vs. operating temperature

VMU-S AV10 Input current	VMU-O Max. contact current	Other modules	Operating temperature	
10A DC max.	2.5A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 65°C	-13°F to 149°F
12A DC max.	3.0A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 60°C	-13°F to 140°F
14A DC max.	3.5A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 55°C	-13°F to 131°F
15A DC max.	4.0A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 50°C	-13°F to 122°F
16A DC max.	5.0A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 40°C	-13°F to 104°F
VMU-S AV30 Input current				
20A DC max.	2.5A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 65°C	-13°F to 149°F
25A DC max.	3.0A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 60°C	-13°F to 140°F
30A DC max.	3.5A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 55°C	-13°F to 131°F

R.H. < 90% non condensing @ 40°C (104°F)

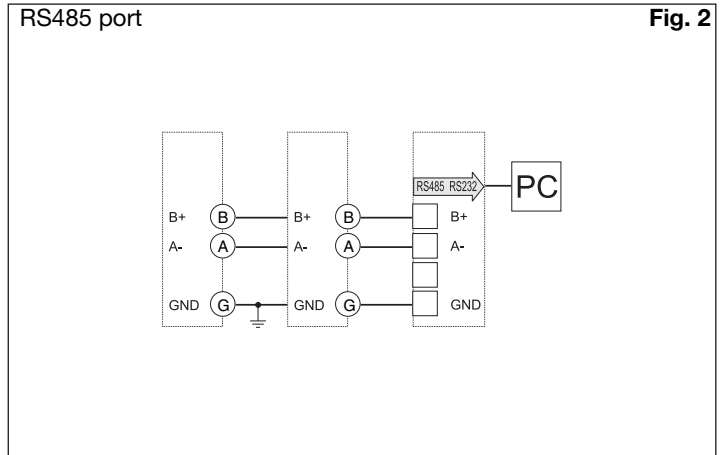
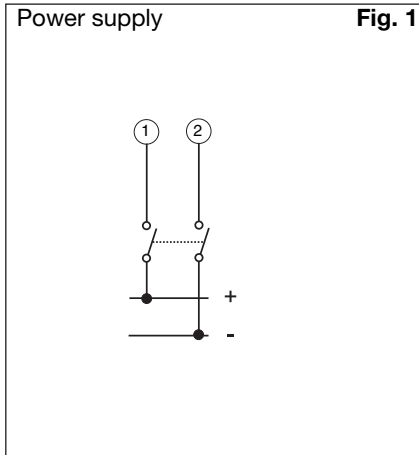
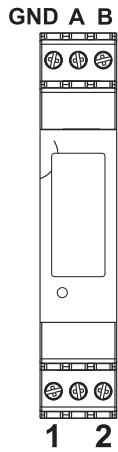
## List of the variables that can be displayed and connected to ...

- RS485 communication port
- Real and virtual alarms and events

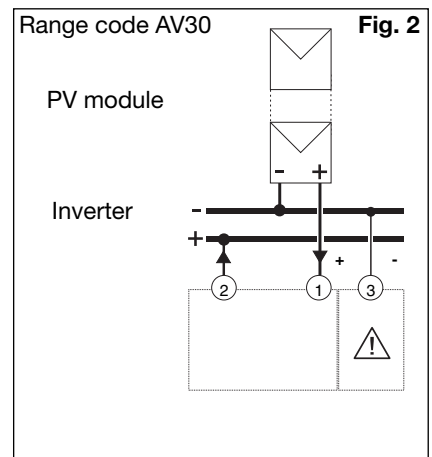
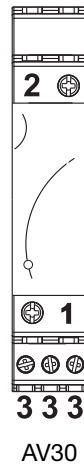
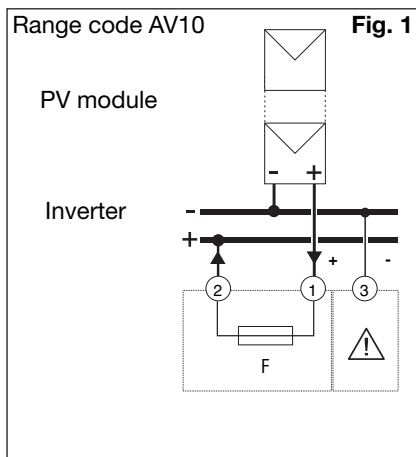
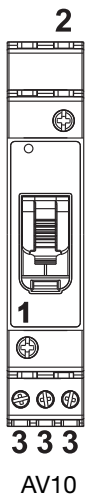
No	Variable	Event-logging	Data-logging	Alarm output	Module (from)	Notes
1	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-ML	Local bus communication problems
2	Error: 2	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-ML	Changed system modules configuration
3	Error: 3	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-ML	Incoherent programming parameters
4	Error: 4	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-ML	More than one VMU-P unit connected to the bus
5	Status: 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-ML	Local programming access
6	Status: 2	Yes	No	No	VMU-ML	Power ON/OFF
7	V	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S0	Available from every string
8	A	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S0	Available from every string
9	Status: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S0	Incoherent programming parameters
10	Status: 2	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S0	Fuse blow detection
11	Status: 3	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S0	Reverse string current or voltage
12	Status: 4	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S0	High temperature inside VMU-S0 unit
13	String control	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S0	
14	°C (°F) input	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	PV module temperature
15	kWp/m <sup>2</sup> (kWp/ft <sup>2</sup> )	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	Solar irradiation
16	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-P	Incoherent programming parameters
17	Error: 2	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Short circuit on probe input
18	Error: 3	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Open circuit on probe input
19	Status: input 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
20	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-O	Incoherent programming parameters

**Note about “Alarm output”:** YES (a), YES (b) and YES (c) are according to the relevant letter “OR” logic alarms.


## VMU-ML connections



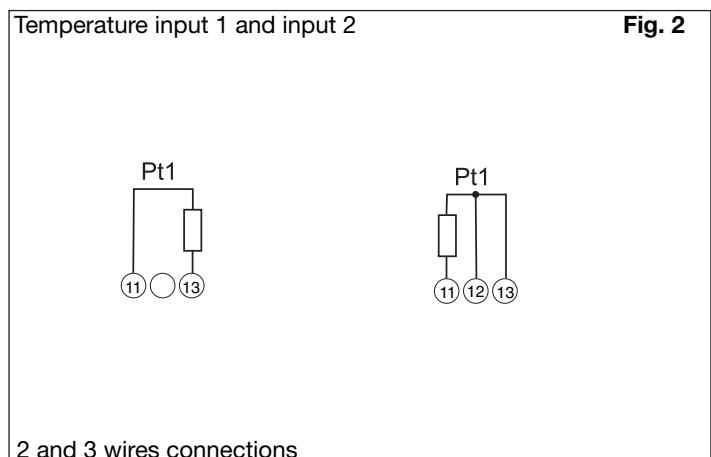
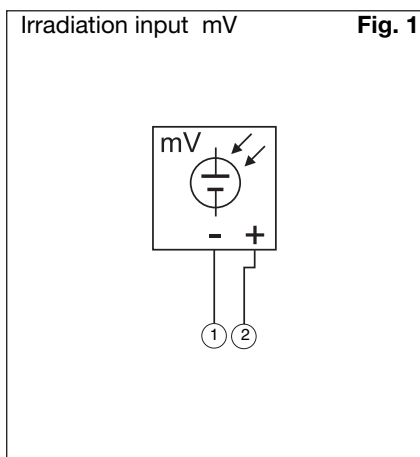
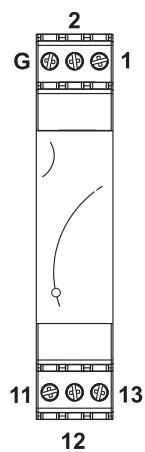
## VMU-S0 (AV10 and AV30) connections



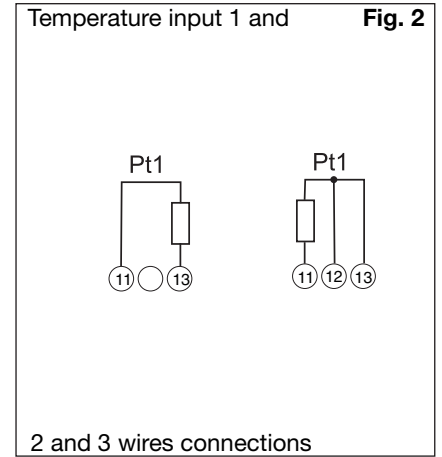
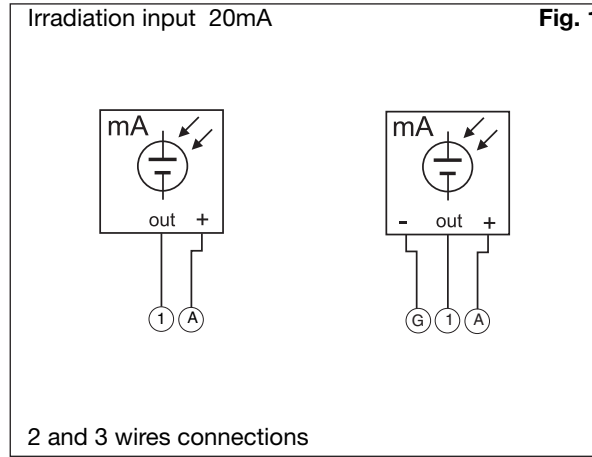
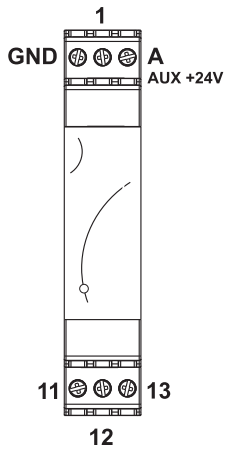
F = 10.3x38mm (IEC269-2-1) 1.25 Isc DC

 = Not power input, only for voltage signal measurement.

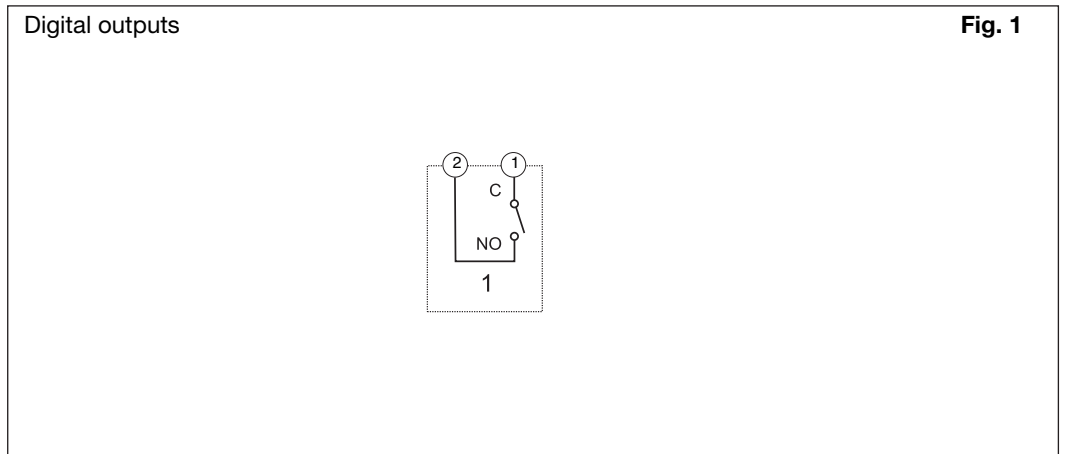
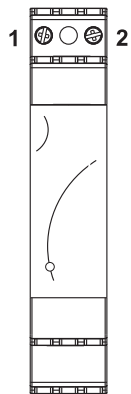
## VMU-P (1TI) connections



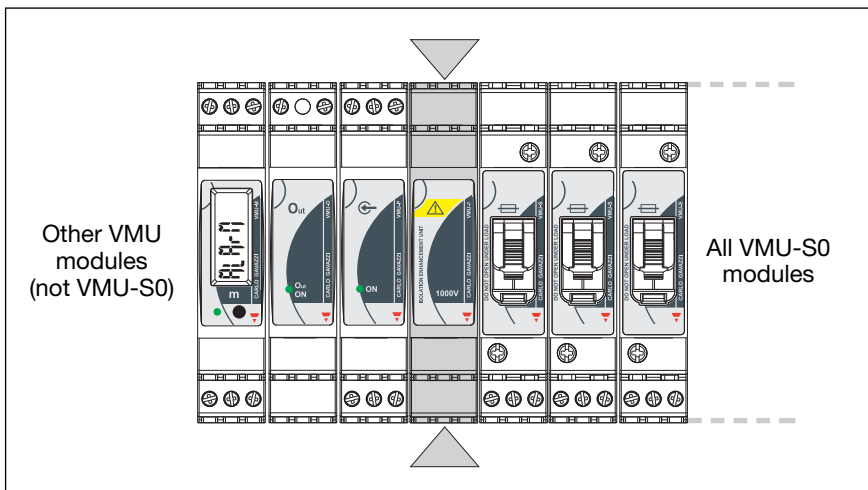
## VMU-P (1TC) connections



## VMU-O connections



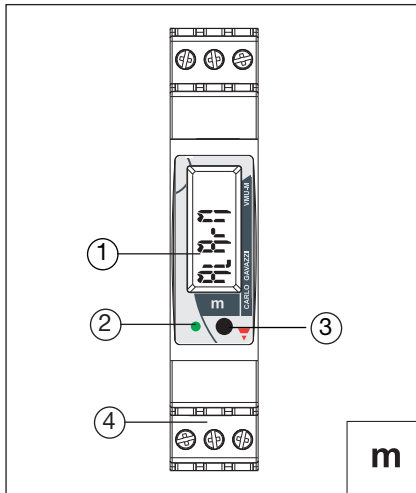
## VMU-1 mounting and positioning



The VMU-1 has to be mounted between the group of VMU-S0 and all the other modules as shown in the example picture on the left.

Every Eos-Array Lite has to be equipped only with one VMU-1.

## VMU-ML Front panel description



**1. Display.**

LCD-type with alphanumeric indications to:  
 - display some configuration parameters;  
 - display some measured variables.

**2. LED.**

Green steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no communication on the RS485 bus. Green blinking light: the communication on the RS485 bus is working. Red: alarm detected (any). In case of alarm/communication condition the LED alternates its colour from red (alarm) to green. The blinking time is approx. 1 second.

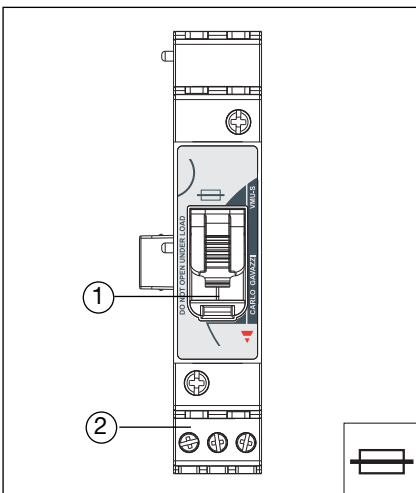
**3. Push button.**

To program the configuration parameters and to scroll the variables. One key function: short time pushbutton click: variable scroll or parameter increasing. Long time pushbutton click: programming procedure entering, parameter selection confirmation.

**4. Screw terminals.**

For power supply, bus and digital inputs/output connections

## VMU-S0 Front panel description (AV10 range code: 16A)



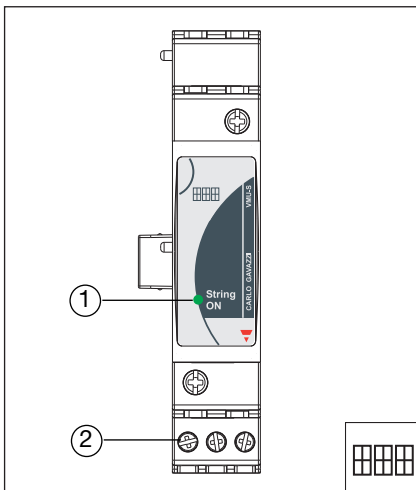
**1. Fuse holder cover**

For fuse holding and protection.

**2. Screw terminals**

For string connections

## VMU-S0 Front panel description (AV30 range code: 30A)



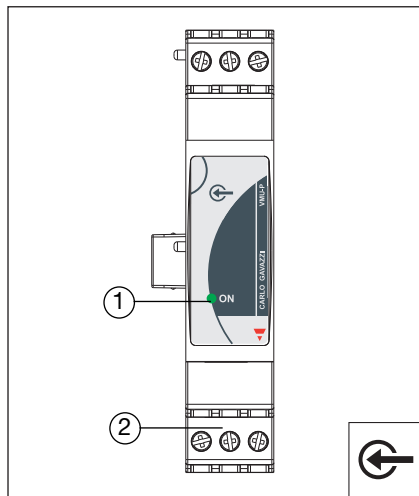
**1. LED**

Green: the power supply is ON, there is a string current up to 1A;  
 Yellow: there is a string current from 1.1 to 6A;  
 Light orange: there is a string current from 6.1 to 12A;  
 Orange: there is a string current from 12.1 to 16A;  
 Dark orange: there is a string current from 16.1 to 20A;  
 Red: there is a string current higher than 20A;  
 White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying. Cycling from blue to any other colour listed above (from yellow to red): string alarm  
 Cycling from blue to violet: inverted string polarity.  
 Cycling from white to any other colour: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying and shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.

**2. Screw terminals**

For string connections

## VMU-P Front panel description



### 1. LED

ON steady light: the module is power supplied.

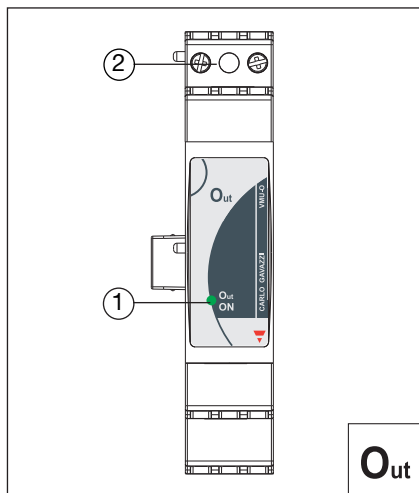
Green: the power supply is ON.

White: the unit is enabled by VMU-ML module for data reading and displaying

### 2. Screw terminals

For measuring input connections

## VMU-O Front panel description



### 1. LED

Green: the power supply is ON

White: the unit is enabled by VMU-ML module for data reading and displaying.

Red: one or both digital inputs are activated

Blue: one or both digital outputs are activated

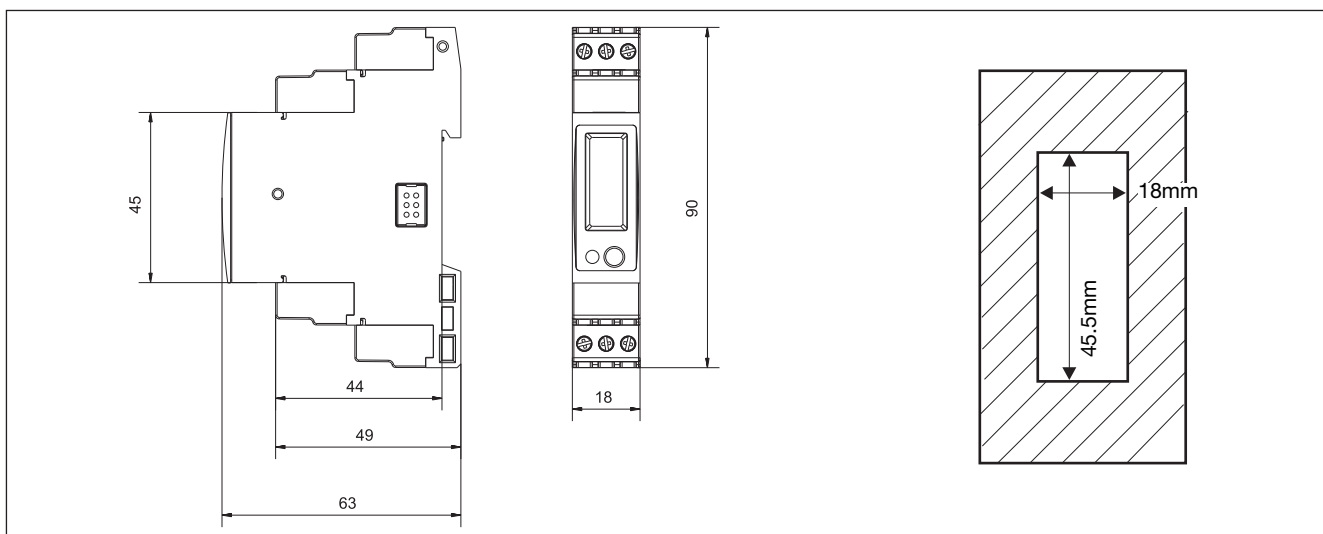
Cycling from one colour to any other one: the unit shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.

The cycling time is approx. 1 second.

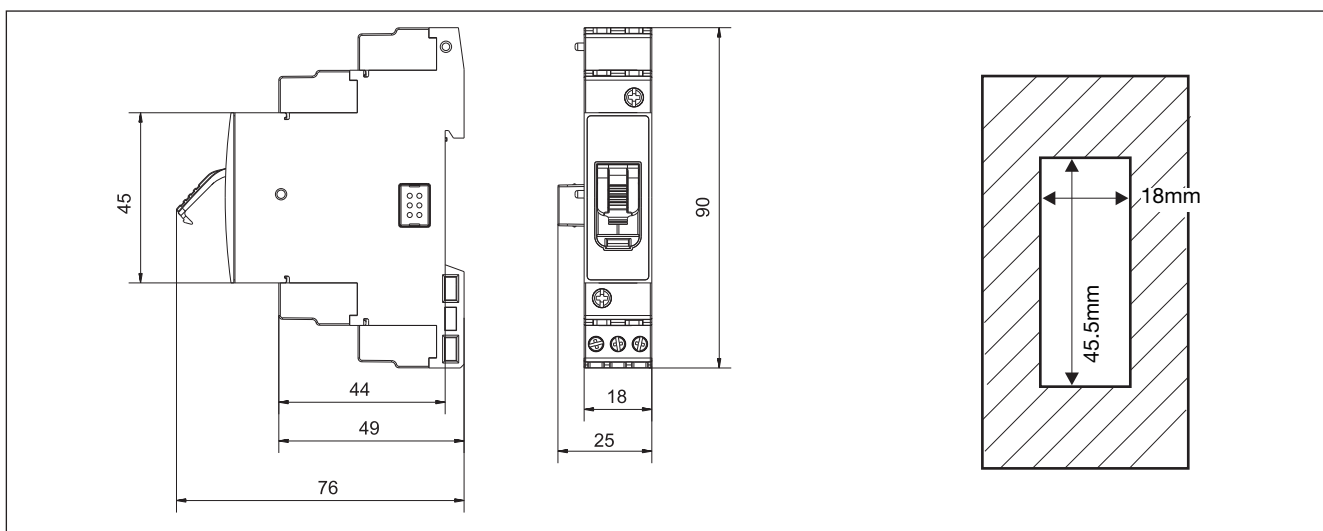
### 2. Screw terminals

For digital inputs and outputs connections

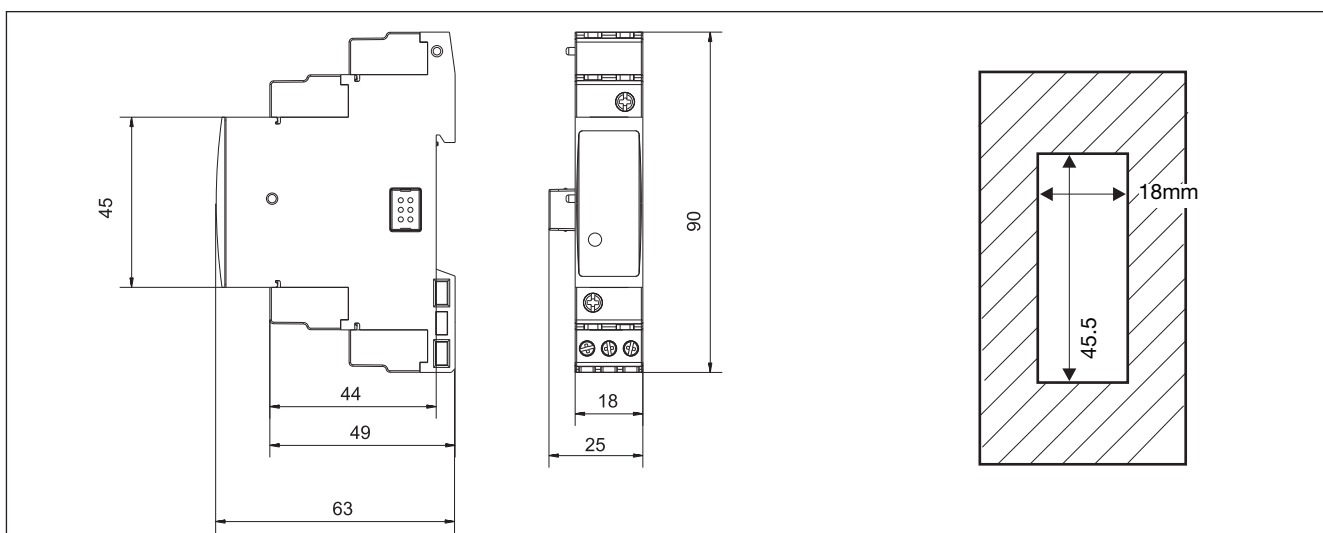
### VMU-ML Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



### VMU-S0 (AV10) Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)

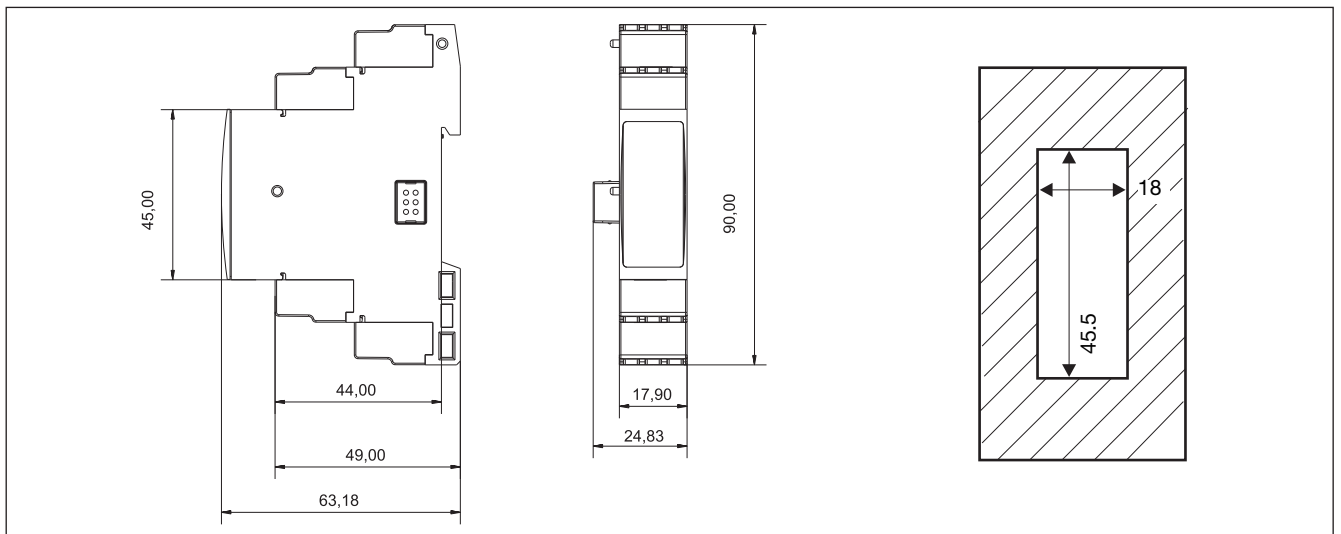


### VMU-S0 (AV30) Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)

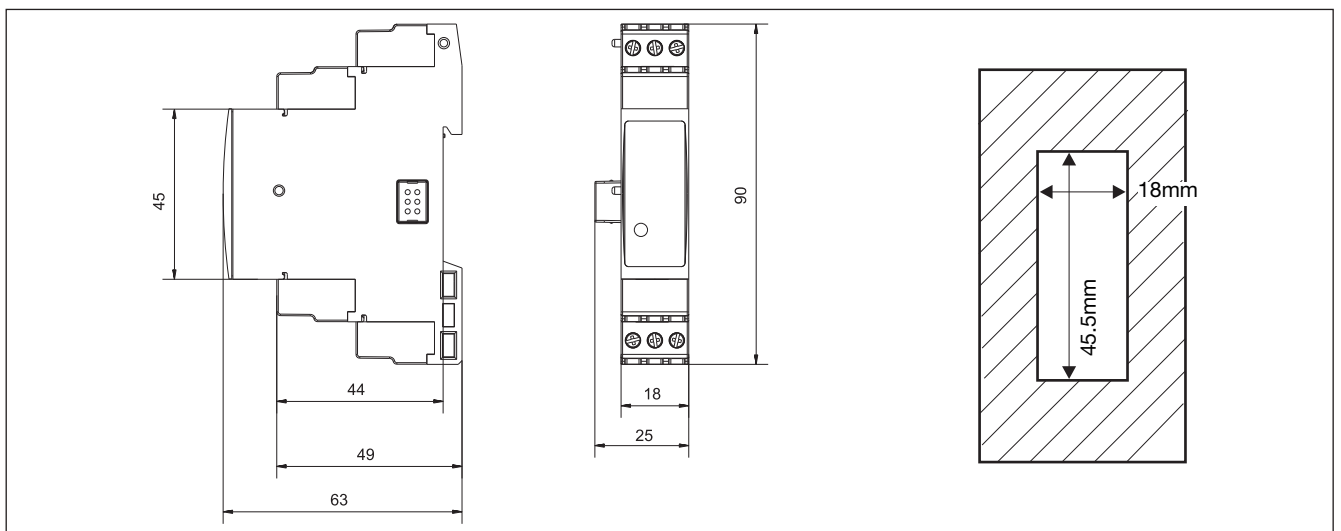




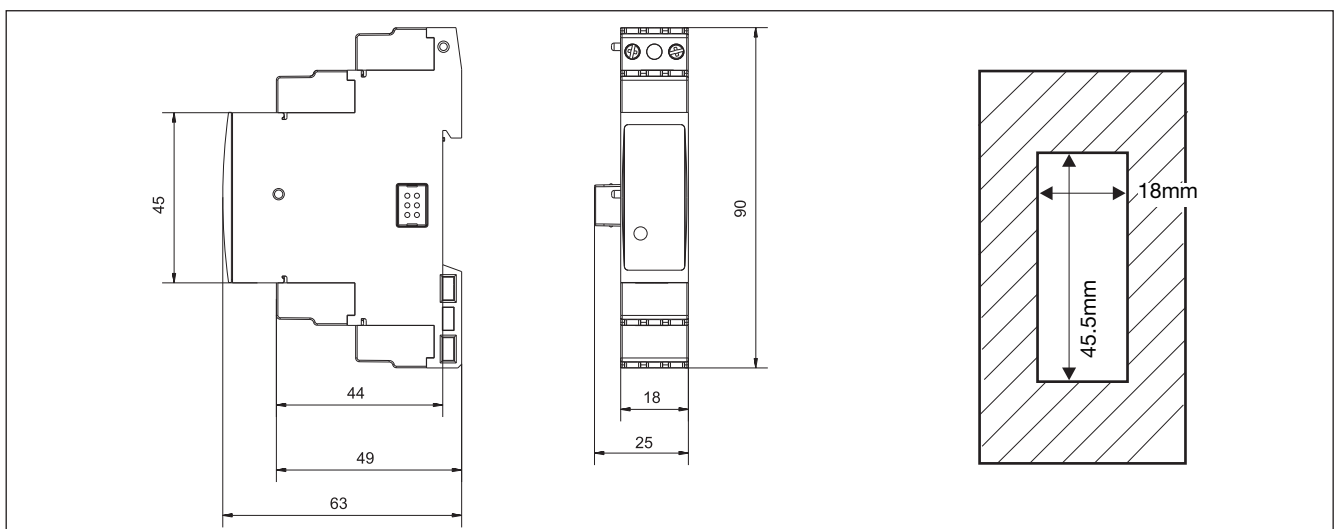
### VMU-1 Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



### VMU-P Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



### VMU-O Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



## Mean time to failure (MTTF)

Model	MTTF/MTBF - Years	Test conditions	Standard
VMU-ML	24.2	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F
VMU-S0	35.4	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F
VMU-P	65.4	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F
VMU-O	31.7	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F

gf: ground, fixed.

## Eos-ArrayLSoft parameter programming and variable reading software

### Eos-ArrayLSoft

Multi-language software (Italian, English, French, German, Spanish) for variable reading and parameters programming. The program runs under Windows XP/Vista

One / three different applications can be selected:

- Solar: a management of a limited network where Eos-ArrayLSoft manages basically one VMU-ML unit with relevant VMU-S0, VMU-P and VMU-O modules and maybe an energy meter connected to the VMU-ML digital input;
- Solar extended: a management of a complex network where Eos-ArrayLSoft manages many VMU-ML modules and relevant sub networks (VMU-S0, VMU-P and VMU-O units) and maybe an energy meter (EM21-72D, EM24-DIN, EM26-96) connected to the same RS485 bus.

### Configuration mode

There are two configuration levels:

- the RS485 communication network which can include either one or more VMU-ML units;
- the auxiliary network with all the parameters relevant to the following modules: VMU-ML, VMU-S0, VMU-P, VMU-O.

The following matrix are available:

- String 1: V-A
- String 2: V-A
- String n: V-A
- Main: temperature, irradiation and AC energy.
- Plant alarms and errors alarm
- Relay output status.

### Application

### Data displaying

# Energy Management Control solution for Solar PV applications Type Eos-Box



- 100 to 240VAC power supply
- Dimensions(WxHxD): 225 x 225 x 45 mm
- Protection degree (front): IP20

- Fan-less embedded PC with Web-server capability
- Windows XP embedded operating system
- Managed information: V, A, kW, kWh, sun-irradiation, cell-temperature, air- temperature, wind speed on the DC part of the photovoltaic park and V, A, kW, kWh on the AC part and from both inverters and energy meters.
- Efficiency calculation and control on three different levels: string, BOS and total
- Variables shown as graphs and numbers in formatted tables
- Alarms control and automatic e-mailing and SMS management in case of GPRS modem external connection
- All data exports on XLS format
- Data storage up to 15 years in a 8GB DOM Memory
- Four RS485 communication ports (Modbus)
- One Ethernet port

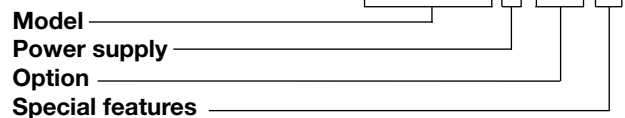
## Product description

Eos-Box is a fan-less embedded PC with Web-server capability suitable to gather photovoltaic plant information from Eos-Array, inverters, energy meters and interface protection. Eos-Box provides information in a quick and automatic fashion via the internet using a standard browser, so the data is avail-

able wherever you are. Eos-Box shows information such as: V, A, kW, kWh, sun-irradiation, cell-temperature, air-temperature, wind speed on the DC part of the photovoltaic park and V, A, kW, kWh on the AC part coming from both inverters and energy meters. All data are available as graphs and numbers in for-

## How to order

**Eos-Box D XX X**



## Type Selection

Power supply	Option	Special features	
D: from 100 to 240VAC (*)	XX: none (*)	X: none (*)	(*) as standard.

## Hardware

<b>Type</b> Operating system Operation Processor Chipset	Embedded PC Windows XP embedded Fan-less AMD LX800 500 MHz AMD LX+CS5536+ITE8888G	<b>Communication ports</b> RS485	3 ports for Eos-Array bus management 1 port for Inverter, Interface protection and Energy meters
<b>BIOS</b>	Phoenix-Award 4Mbit with RPL/PXE LAN Boot ROM. SmartView and customer CMOS backup	Ethernet	1 for internet/LAN connection 1 for local access
<b>Memory</b> DDR DOM Back-up Industrial CompactFlash™	256MB SODIMM 8GB 8GB Type II (on request)	<b>Other ports</b> USB	3, for local access and service

matted tables. Eos-Box performs alarms control managing also automatic e-mailing and SMS when proper GPRS modem is connected. All available data can be exported as spread sheets for further analysis.

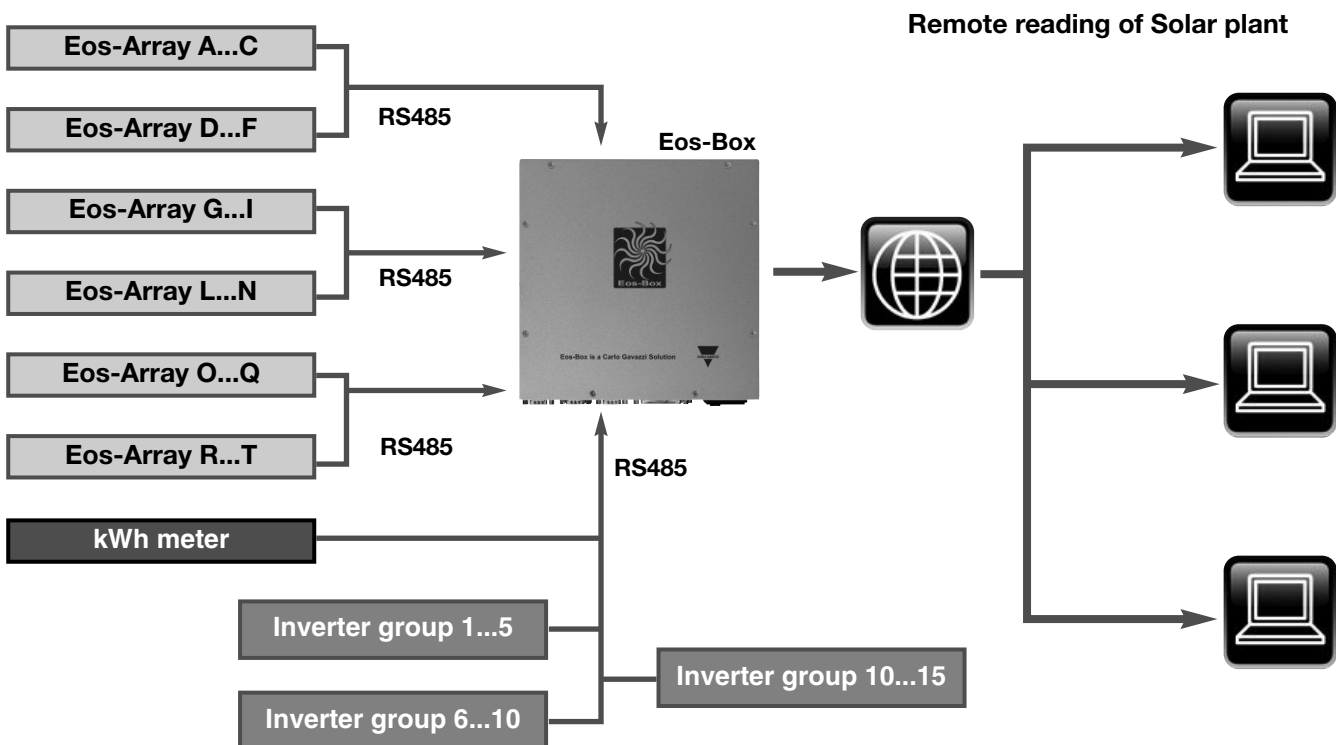
## Hardware (cont.)

<b>LED</b> Status and colour	Green for power-on Orange for DOM memory access	Ethernet  USB	RJ-45 connector (10/100Base-T) High speed USB 2.0
<b>Connections</b> RS485	3 pole detachable screw terminal block per port		

## RS485 communications ports

Type	Master function, Multidrop, bidirectional (static and dynamic variables)	Baud-rate	mark/space parity, 1/1.5/2 stop bit
Connections	2-wire. Max. distance 1000m	Driver input capability	Selectable: 9600, 19200, 38400, 115200 bits/s
Addresses	247	Insulation	1/5 unit load. Maximum 160 transceivers on the same bus.
Protocol	MODBUS/JBUS (RTU)		See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
Data (bidirectional)	All variables		
Data format	Selectable: 1 start bit, 7/8 data bit, no/odd/even/		

## Example of communication architecture



## Eos-Box Management capability

Max. number of Eos-Array systems which can be managed by one Eos-Box						
Every Eos-Array is equipped with 15 VMU-S			Max. number of Eos-Array which can be connected to one port at the given communication speed			
Data logger time interval (minutes)	Total number of Eos-Array	Total number of VMU-S	@ 9600 bits/s	@ 19200 bits/s	@ 38400 bits/s	@ 115200 bits/s
1	18	270	13	18	18	18
5	84	1260	65	84	84	84
10	168	2520	130	168	168	168
15	247	3705	195	247	247	247
30	494	7410	247	247	247	247
60	741	11115	247	247	247	247

RS485 communication ports: 2-3-4

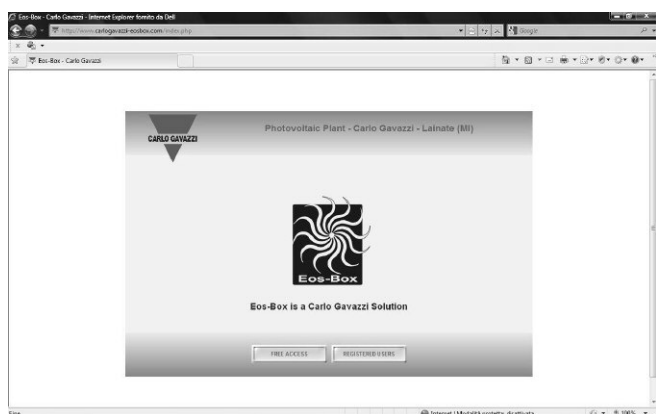
- All the details of the daily logged data will be available and therefore displayable as graphs from 6 months (in case of 1 minute time interval) to 10 years (in case of 30 minutes time interval) for “Day” selection. The single day data will be available and displayable as graphs for 10 years (either “Month” or “Year” selection).
- 6 months and 10 years are worst conditions, they consider, according to the time interval, the maximum number of managed Eos-Array, if those latter ones decrease, the single data time availability will increase proportionally.

Max. number of Inverters and energy meters which can be managed by one Eos-Box		
Max. number of inverters	Maximum number of energy meters to be connected to one Eos-Box	
30	10 (with RS485 communication port)	1 (with pulse output and only from one VMU-M as kWh)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All inverters have to be connected on "COM1". The refresh time of the data depends on the inverter's communication speed.</li> <li>• The data (power, energy, AC and DC) are stored with a time interval of 15 minutes.</li> <li>• Those data will be available for graph displaying for maximum 10 years.</li> </ul>	<p><b>RS485 communication port:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The information acquired from every single energy meter is the metered active energy and where possible also the active power. The limit of number of connected energy meters is mainly due to the maximum number of inverters connected to the same port.</li> <li>• During the set-up of Eos-Box only one energy meter can be selected as main yield energy meter.</li> <li>• All the details of the daily logged data will be available and therefore displayable as graphs from 6 months (in case of 1 minute time interval) to 10 years (in case of 30 minutes time interval) “Day” selection. The single day data will be available and displayable as graphs for 10 years (either “Month” or “Year” selection).</li> </ul>	
Inverter, Energy meters and interface protection use the same RS485 communication port 1		

Max. number of sensors which can be managed by one Eos-Box	
Max. number of irradiation and wind speed sensors	Maximum number of temperature sensors
Depending on the number of VMU-P units available in the network	2 (VMU-M) + 2 (VMU-P)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The irradiation and wind speed sensors can be as much as the number VMU-P units managed in the same network.</li> <li>• All the details of the daily logged data will be available and therefore displayable as graphs from 6 months (in case of 1 minute time interval) to 10 years (in case of 30 minutes time interval) “Day” selection. The single day data will be available and displayable as graphs for 10 years (either “Month” or “Year” selection).</li> <li>• Only one irradiation sensor within one Eos-Box has to be used as a reference for the efficiency calculation.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The temperature sensors can be as many as the number of VMU-P (being 2 channel inputs available per unit) + VMU-M (being 2 channel inputs available per unit).</li> <li>• All the details of the daily logged data will be available and therefore displayable as graphs from 6 months (in case of 1 minute time interval) to 10 years (in case of 30 minutes time interval) “Day” selection. The single day data will be available and displayable as graphs for 10 years (either “Month” or “Year” selection).</li> <li>• Only one air or cell temperature sensor within one Eos-Box has to be used as a reference for the efficiency calculation.</li> </ul>

## WEB-server displaying and control functionalities

### Access page of Eos-Box



This page has a double access:

- “Free access”: there is access at one web page which has been formerly selected by the “Administrator”.
- “Registered users”: the access is with “User name” and “Password” and has different privileges according to the type of user:
  - As “User”: in this case the user has access to the “Home” page and all the other graphs and tables pages.
  - As an “Administrator”: in this case the user has access to all pages as per “User” above but in addition also to all “Settings” and to the “Account” management.

### Home page

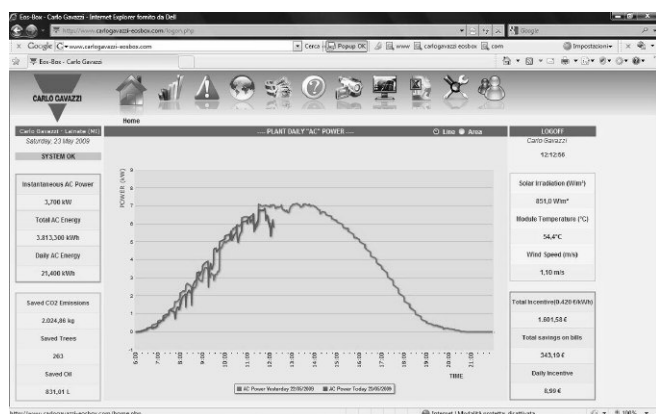


Fig. 1

The page is divided in four areas:

- 1 On the top. 11 icons are available to have direct access to different functionalities like (Fig.1):
  - Home page: Plant daily AC power;
  - Plant page: Detailed graphs and data table of all available variables;
  - Alarms page: alarms, warning, events, commands list;
  - Map page: alarms localisation on the photovoltaic park;
  - Economy page: economical parameters of the installation;
  - Information page: plant description with relevant technical data, financial highlights, energy production data source;
  - IP cam page: live images from the photovoltaic park;
  - Monitor page: combination of main graphs for accurate plant analysis;
  - Export page: data base export in Excel spreadsheet;
  - Setting page: access to the configuration of all parameters of Eos-Box;
  - Account page: access to LAN and Internet configuration.

- 2 On the middle (Fig.2). The plant daily power graph which allows to compare the actual AC power vs. the day before AC power. The graph is available as either a line or an area graph. The showed power may come directly either from the inverters or from the energy meters (selectable).

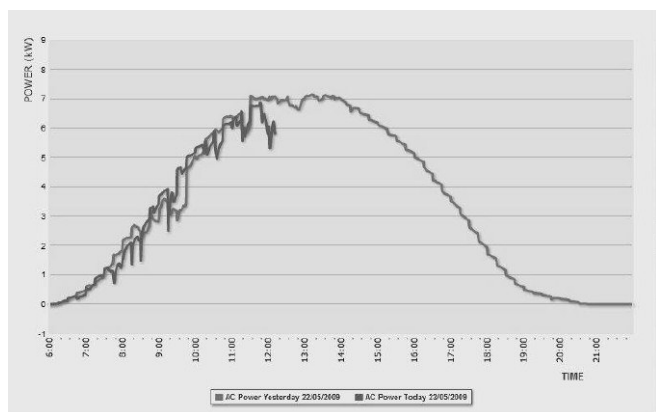


Fig. 2

## WEB-server displaying and control functionalities (cont.)



Fig. 3

and

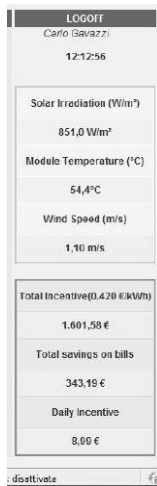


Fig 4

**3** On the left hands (Fig.3). Power and Savings information such as:

- Instantaneous AC power (kW);
- Total AC energy (kWh);
- Daily AC energy (kWh);
- Saved CO2 emissions (kg);
- Saved trees (qty.);
- Saved oil (l/gallons).

**4** On the right hands (Fig.4). Environment and Economic information such as:

- Solar irradiation (W/m<sup>2</sup>, W/ft<sup>2</sup>);
- Module temperature (°C/°F);
- Wind speed (m/s, ft/s);
- Total incentive (currency/kWh);
- Total savings on bills (currency);
- Daily incentive (currency)

## Plant pages

The page has access to 6 different and specialised menus like:

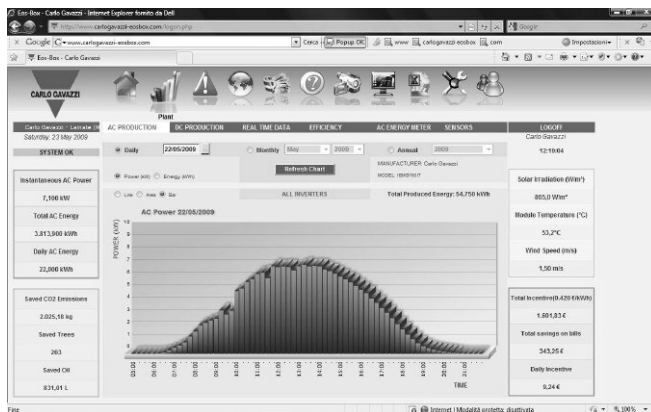


Fig. 5

**1** AC production and then the following selections (Fig.5):

- All inverter, with the possibility to display AC kW, DC kW and AC kWh.
- Single inverters, with the possibility to display AC kW, DC, kW and AC kWh.

**2** DC production and then the following selections (Fig.6):

- All strings, with the possibility to display DC kW, DC A and DC kWh.
- Single strings, with the possibility to display DC kW, DC A, DC V and DC kWh. The measurements are available either as single graphs where, by group, they appear all at the same time with different colours so to allow an easy comparison of the different strings or as a sum of kW, A and kWh. A specific tool (see fig.7) allows to select the requested string for proper analysis.



Fig. 6

**3** Real time data and then the following selections (Fig.8):

- Inverter: a table with one line per inverter with the following information will appear: inverter name (label), V AC, A AC, kW AC, V DC, A DC, kW DC, AC kWh from energy meter and the inverter status.
- Eos-Array: a table with one line per string (VMU-S) with the following information will appear: VMU-S position (label), V DC, A DC, kW DC and VMU-S status. A specific tool (see fig.7) allows to select the requested string for proper analysis.
- AC energy meter: a table with one line per energy meter with the following information will appear: Name, Type (label), AC kW, AC kWh.



## WEB-server displaying and control functionalities (cont.)

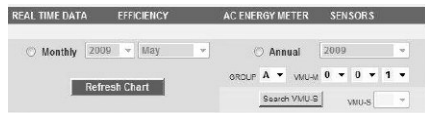


Fig. 7



Fig. 8

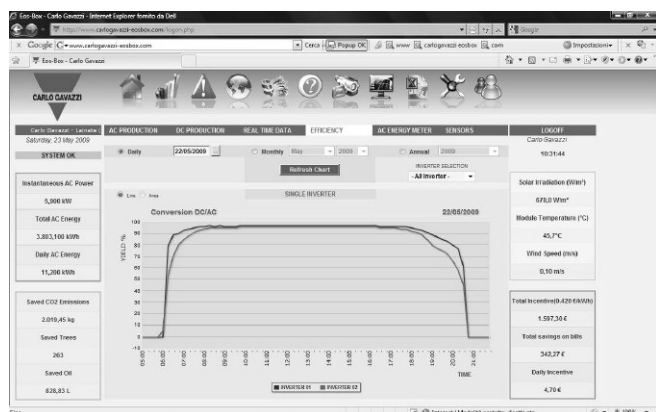


Fig. 9



Fig. 10

### 4 Efficiency and then the following selections (Fig.9):

- Total: this graph shows the efficiency of the whole photovoltaic park under control (DC and AC part);
- Eos-Array: these combinations of graphs show the efficiencies of the DC part of the installation. The selection can be either “All strings” or “Single strings” and allows to analyse in case of “Total String” selection the behaviour of the efficiency of all strings together. In case of “Single string” selection a group of single strings will be shown with its own efficiency. This graph will allow the user to analyse the behaviour of the photovoltaic park. A specific tool (see fig.7) allows to select the requested string for proper analysis.
- Inverter: these combinations of graphs show the efficiencies of the DC to AC conversion inside the inverters. The selection can be either “All inverters” or “Single inverters” and allows to analyse in case of “Total inverters” selection the behaviour of the efficiency of all inverters together. In case of “Single inverter” selection a group of single inverter will be shown with its own efficiency. It is possible to select with a proper tool all the inverters in the network.
- BOS: this graph shows the efficiency of the AC part photovoltaic park under control.

### 5 AC energy meter and then the following selections (Fig.10):

- Main: the graph shows the total AC energy production to grid.
- Partial: the graph shows the partial (when the photovoltaic park is split in several parts) AC energy production to grid.

### 6 Sensors and then the following selections (Fig.11):

- Solar irradiation: the graph shows the solar irradiation which also used to calculate the string efficiency.
- Temperature: there is the possibility to select and to show many different graphs of temperature depending on the VMU-M and VMU-P settings, example: cell temperature, air temperature, string box temperature and so on.
- Wind speed: the graph shows the wind speed.



## WEB-server displaying and control functionalities (cont.)



Fig. 11

Every single page has the possibility to show, according to the kind of variable, the graphs in three different ways: line, area, bar. The user has access to the database based on daily graph, with 24 hours time interval. The needed day is selectable by means of a calendar functionality. The same database can be displayed as “Month” (31 days) with “Month” and “Year” selection or “Year” graph (12 months) with “Year” selection.

### Alarms page

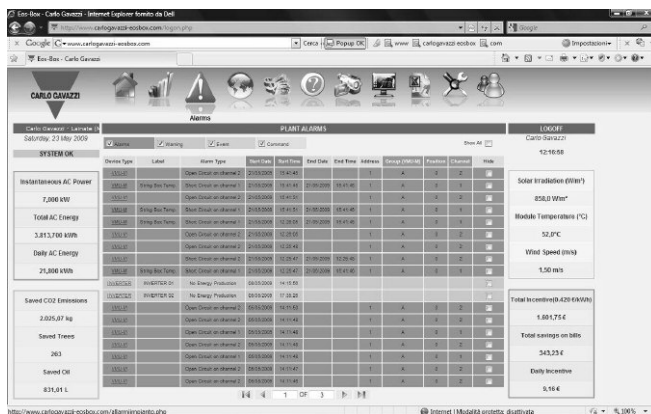


Fig. 12

The page has access to the list of all available anomalies not yet disappeared and not yet acknowledged such as:

- Alarms: alarms set by the user as high priority types;
- Warning: alarms set by the user as low priority types;
- Events: any kind of event recorded by Eos-Array;
- Commands: closing/opening contact detected by Eos-Array.

The page is split in two main parts which are then sub-split in some columns:

- Device type, Label, Alarm type, Start date, Start time, End date, End time: these information are all details relevant to the recorded alarm. Every line is a new alarm.
- Address, Group (VMU-M), Position, Channel: these are the information of the same line above but relevant to the device which has generated the alarm.
- All alarms according the privilege of the user can be hidden.



Fig. 13

One box (Fig.13) on the left hands upper corner shows at a glance the status of the photovoltaic park. Two type of messages may appear:

- STATUS OK (green): there are no alarms or low priority alarms;
- ALARM with message (red): there are high priority alarms.

## WEB-server displaying and control functionalities (cont.)

### Map page

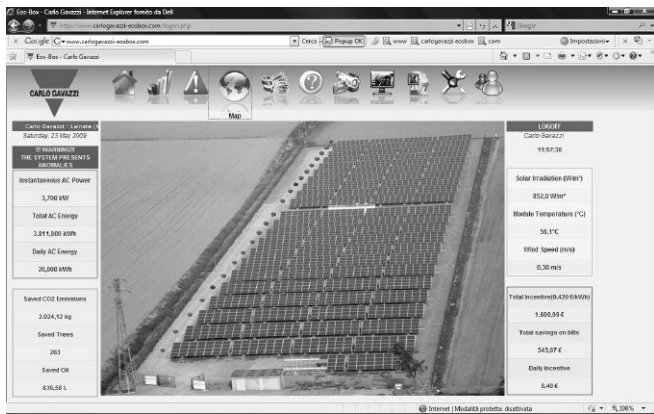


Fig. 14

This page shows, based on a map picture (JPG) loaded by the user the status of alarms on the photovoltaic park. The status is shown with:

Green LED: no anomalies;

Red LED: high priority alarms detected by the local Eos-Array systems.

Clicking with the mouse on the LED there is a direct access on the string managed by Eos-Array. If the LED is red the access is to Alarm list page (Fig.12), if the LED is green the access is to the relevant String (VMU-S) graph.

### Economy page

This page shows to the user :

- the ROI (Return of Investment) status, current vs. expected;
- the delay in “days” of the investment payback;
- the total invested capital and the capital interests;
- the daily capital earnings;
- the total capital earnings;
- the feed-in tariff parameters.

### Information page



Fig. 15

This page shows to the user:

- the plant description such as: plant name, plant location, plant property, installer, PV module installation date and Eos-Box installation date;
- the technical data such as: plant type, total area of PV modules, number of inverters, number of strings, peak power of plant;
- the financial highlights such as: energy system, incentive paid per kWh, kWh purchasing price, % of sold energy vs. total produced energy, price per sold kWh;
- the energy production data source: inverter or energy meter which has been selected in settings.

### IP cam page

This page shows to the user live images of the photovoltaic park. There are two possible selections:

- “Select IP cam” where the user can chose to which IP cam to connect and upload the image;
- “Mosaic” where the user can see four IP cams simultaneously.

Eos-Box is capable to manage any kind of IP cam, it is independent from the type, as long as it is an IP type. Also DVR IP cams can be managed and those with remote position control.

## WEB-server displaying and control functionalities (cont.)

### Monitor page

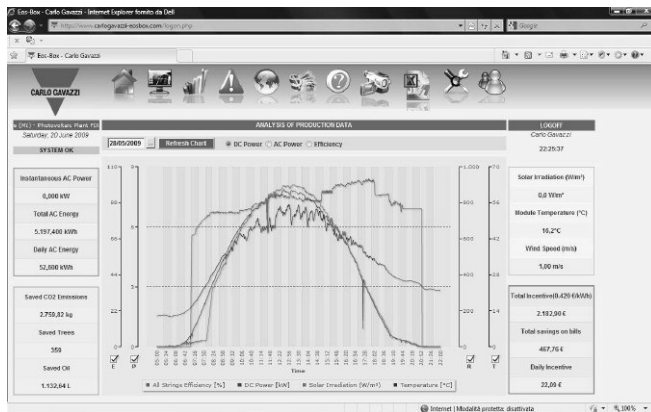


Fig. 16

This page shows to the user:

Three combinations of variables which will let the user to understand how the photovoltaic park behaves and if there are problems such low efficiencies.

- DC Power as a combination of 4 graphs: all strings efficiency, DC power, Solar irradiation, Cell or air temperature (depending on the selection made by the user). The time interval of the graphs is depending on settings of Eos-Array system;
- AC Power as a combination of 4 graphs: Total efficiency, AC power (three sources are selectable: inverter, energy meter, inverter + energy meter), Solar irradiation, Cell or air temperature (depending on the selection made by the user). The time interval of the graphs is 30 minutes;
- Efficiency as a combination of 3 graphs: all strings efficiency, BOS efficiency and Total efficiency.

### Export page

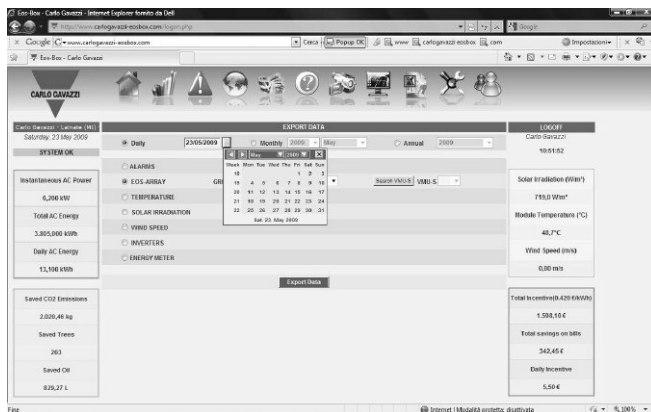


Fig. 17

The database of the whole photovoltaic park managed by the Eos-Box can be downloaded as an Excel spreadsheet and is available according to the following selection:

- Daily: 24 hours time interval with the selection of the needed "Day" using a calendar tool;
- Monthly: max. 31 days with the selection of the needed "Month" and "Year";
- Annual: 12 months with the selection of the needed "Year".

In order to help the user to focus on the desired information a further criteria is available:

- Alarms
- Eos-Array
- Temperature
- Solar irradiation
- Wind speed
- Inverters
- Energy meter

# Configuration

## Setting page

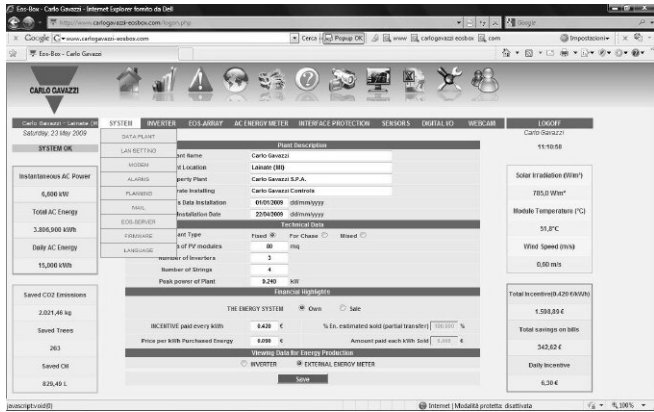


Fig. 18

This main configuration menu allows the user to access to all parameters relevant to the Eos-Box such as:

- System: all main parameters of Eos-Box;
- Inverter: all communication parameters of the connected inverters;
- Eos-Array: all communication parameters of the connected Eos-Arrays;
- AC energy meter: all communication parameters of the connected energy meters;
- Interface protection: all communication parameters of the connected interface protection device;
- Sensors: all information of the used sensors;
- Digital I/O: all information of the used I/Os;
- IP cam: all communication parameters of the connected IP cams.

Most of the listed settings are provided with sub-menus as explained in the next figures.

## System



Fig. 19

This first menu allows the user to configure the following sub-menus:

- Data plant: the setting of all parameters as already explained at the figure 15 above.
- LAN setting: the Eos-Box label and the Network settings like: automatic IP address (DHCP) or manual: IP address, subnet mask, default gateway; automatic DNS server address or manual DNS server address (preferred and alternative DNS server).
- Modem (Fig.19 and Fig.20): this sub-menu allows not only to configure the connected wireless modem but also to check if it works. The following parameters can be set: No modem; GPRS/EDGE/UMTS/HSDPA modem with internet connection and/or SMS; IP router based GPRS/EDGE/UMTS/HSDPA with internet connection and/or SMS, and IP router address; configuration of Internet connection selecting also the provider.
- Alarms: this sub-menu is used to configure the management of all alarms, the labels to be displayed at the figure 12 and the link of variable versus type of anomaly: high priority alarm (alarm), low priority alarm (warning), events and commands.
- Planning: this-sub-menu is used to enable the automatic e-mailing based on daily, weekly and monthly shipments with pre-set time, the list of the e-mail addresses and the relevant attachments. The enabling of alarms, the setting of the relevant messages and attachments.
- Mail: this sub-menu allows to configure the classical e-mail parameters to manage the communication.
- Eos-Server: this sub menu is used to configure the communication to an Eos-Server which is a machine capable to gather data from several Eos-Boxes also in different locations so to work out a global service.
- Firmware: this particular sub-menu allows the service people to upgrade the firmware running into the Eos-Box.

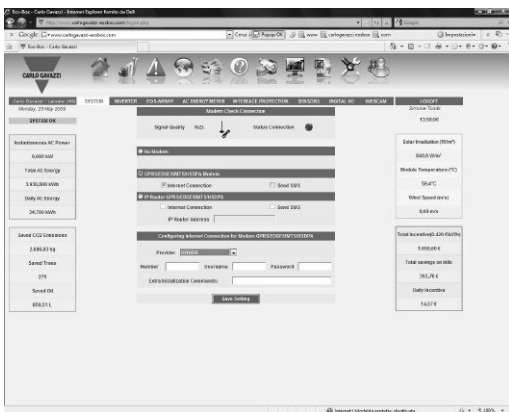


Fig. 20



## Configuration (cont.)

### Inverter

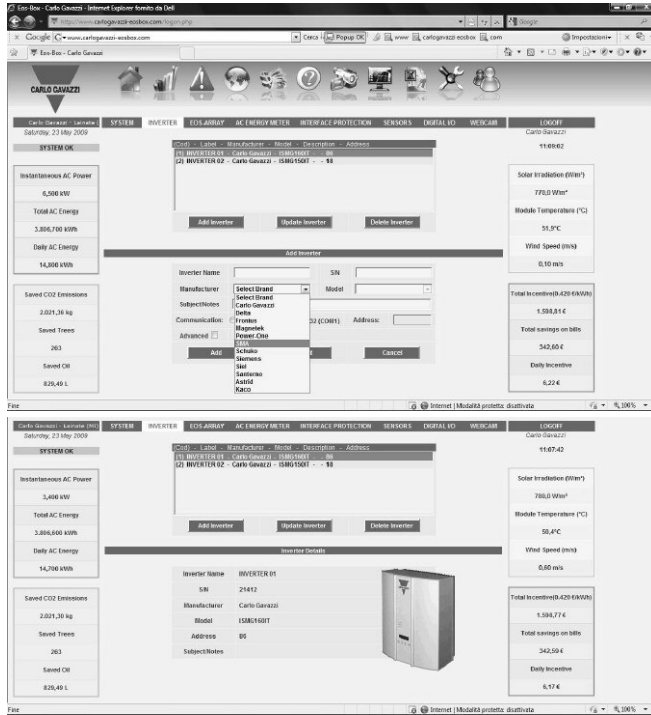


Fig. 21 and Fig. 22

This sub-menu allows the user to:

- “Add” a new inverter to the network managed by Eos-Box;
- “Update” the parameters of an existing inverter;
- “Delete” an already configured inverter.

The main parameters which can be configured are:

- Inverter name as a label;
- Serial number of the inverter being connected;
- Manufacturer, selectable among the following brands: Carlo Gavazzi, Delta, Fronius, Magnetek, Power-one, SMA, Schuko, Siemens, Siel, Elettronica Santerno, Astrid, Kaco. Other brands will be added in the future.
- Model shown in accordance to the selected manufacturer. Other models will be added in the future.
- Subject/notes: a text which can be typed in by the user;
- Communication type: RS485 (COM1) or RS232 (COM1) and relevant address;
- Some advanced communication functionalities like: baud rate, data bit number, parity, stop bit number.

### Eos-Array

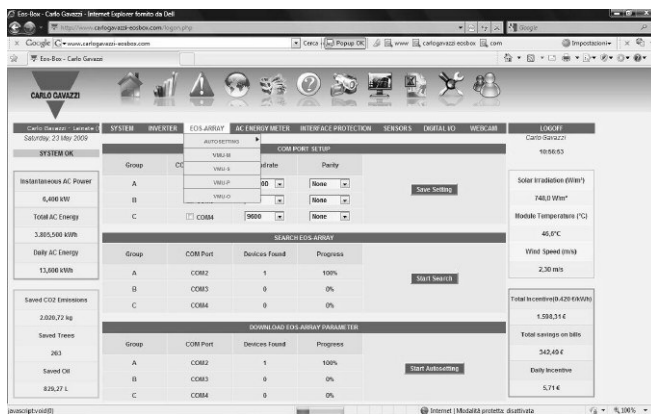


Fig. 23

This sub-menu is split in several other menus such as:

- Auto-setting, Set-up and Update, see details below;
- VMU-M: it is possible to label the device and read all configured parameters;
- VMU-S: it is possible to label the device and also to link it to the relevant inverter, moreover the page shows all the VMU-S configured parameters;
- VMU-P it is possible to label the device and read all configured parameters;
- VMU-O it is possible to label the device and read all configured parameters;

For security reasons the Eos-Array parameters can be set only locally and by using its configuration software Eos-ArraySoft. The only parameters which can be changed from Eos-Box are the alarm set-points, which can be adjusted for installation fine tuning.

Auto-setting: the “Set-up” menu allows the user to configure all the communication parameters of Eos-Arrays being connected to the network. The page is split in three parts:

- “Communication port setup” where it is possible to select for each group A-B-C (corresponding to each communication port) the communication port enable, the baud rate and the parity. This represents the first step.
- “Search Eos-Array” where it is possible to start the relevant search, this is the second step.
- “Download Eos-Array parameters” as auto-setting start.

## Configuration (cont.)

---

### AC Energy Meter

As for the inverters also here it is possible to “Add”, “Update” and “Delete a device which is in this case an energy meter.

The main parameters which can be configured are:

- Meter name as a label;
- Serial number of the meter being connected;
- Manufacturer, selectable among the following brands: Carlo Gavazzi, others. Other brands will be added in the future.
- Model shown in accordance to the selected manufacturer. Other models will be added in the future.
- Subject/notes: a text which can be typed in by the user;
- Meter reference for BOS and Total efficiency calculation;
- Communication type: RS485 (COM1) and relevant address or pulses coming from VMU-M;
- Energy metering as exported or imported energy;
- Energy offset;
- Some advanced communication functionalities like: baud rate, data bit number, parity, stop bit number.

### Interface protection

This sub-menu allows to configure:

- Device name as a label;
- Serial number of the device being connected;
- Manufacturer, selectable among the following brands: Carlo Gavazzi, others. Other brands will be added in the future.
- Model shown in accordance to the selected manufacturer. Other models will be added in the future.
- Subject/notes: a text which can be typed in by the user;
- Communication type: RS485 (COM1) and relevant address.

### Sensors

This sub-menu allows to configure the type of sensor in the Eos-Array system such as:

- Solar irradiation;
- Temperature;
- Wind speed.

For every single sensor it is possible to configure the following parameters:

- Device name as a label;
- Sensor state: enabled/disabled;
- Reference device for efficiency calculation.

### Digital I/O

This sub-menu allows to configure the “Name” as a label of every single device in the Eos-Array system.

### IP cam

This sub-menu allows to configure the

- “Name” as a label of every single IP cam in the network;
- Management parameters of the IP cam;
- Network settings like: automatic IP address (DHCP) or manual: IP address, subnet mask, default gateway; automatic DNS server address or manual DNS server address (preferred and alternative DNS server).

## Insulation between inputs and outputs

Type of input/output	Ac Power supply	RS485 port 1 (Inverter, energy meters and interface protection)	RS485 port 2 (Eos-Array)	RS485 port 3 (Eos-Array)	RS485 port 4 (Eos-Array)	Ethernet port 1 (LAN/Internet)	Ethernet port 2 (Service)	USB ports (Service)
Ac Power supply	-	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
RS485 port 1 (Inverter, energy meters and interface protection)	4kV	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
RS485 port 2 (Eos-Array)	4kV	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
RS485 port 3 (Eos-Array)	4kV	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
RS485 port 4 (Eos-Array)	4kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
Ethernet port 1 (LAN/Internet)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	4kV
Ethernet port 2 (Service)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV
USB ports (Service)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-

0kV	Inputs / outputs are not insulated.
4kVrms	EN61010-1, IEC60664-1 - Over-voltage category III, Pollution degree 2, double insulation on systems with max. 300Vrms to ground

## General specifications

<b>Operating temperature</b>	-20 to +50°C (-4°F to 122°F) (R.H. from 0 to <90% non-condensing @ 40°C) See also "VMU-S input specifications"	PI-Q Failure rate	1.0 (Quality Level II) 12 567.29 FITs (Failure In Time)
<b>Storage temperature</b>	-20 to +80°C (-4°F to 176°F) (R.H. < 90% non-condensing @ 40°C)	Environment condition 1	Grounded, fixed, uncontrolled GF (PI-E = 2.0) 60°C 79 571 hours (Mean Time Between Failures)
<b>Approvals</b>	CE	Test temperature MTBF @ PI-E = 2.0	Grounded, fixed, controlled GB (PI-E = 1.0) 40°C 195 710 hours (Mean Time Between Failures)
<b>Housing</b> Dimensions (WxHxD) Material	225 x 225 x 45 mm Aluminium and Heavy-duty steel	Environment condition 2	
<b>Mounting</b>	Wall and DIN-rail with additional bracket	Test temperature MTBF @ PI-E = 1.0	
<b>Vibration endurance</b>	2G RMS W/CF 5-500Hz, X-Y-Z direction	<b>Protection degree</b>	
<b>Failure tests</b> Electrical stress condition	50%	Front Screw terminals Weight	IP20 IP20 2.15Kg

## Power supply specifications

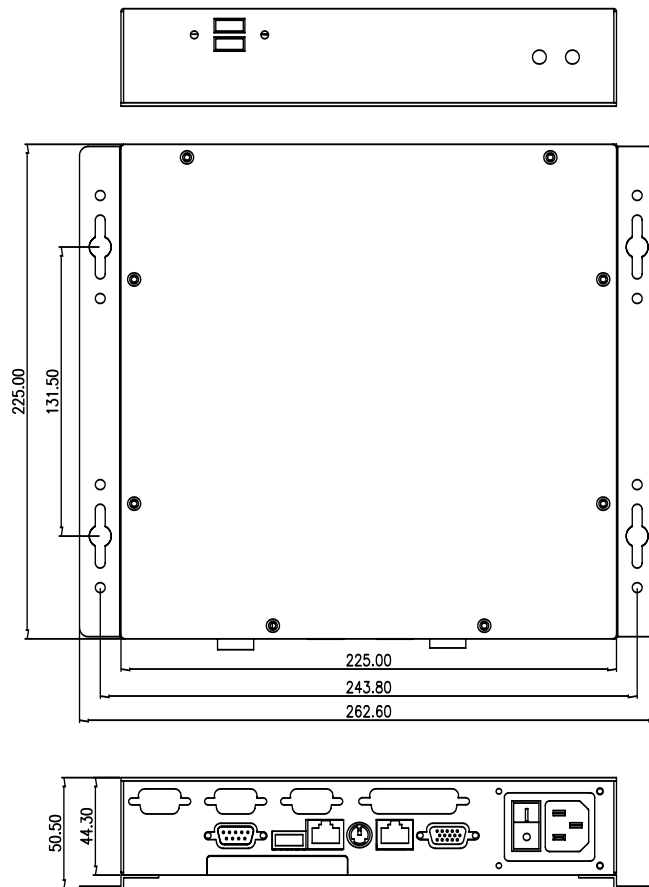
Power supply

100 to 240VAC

Power consumption

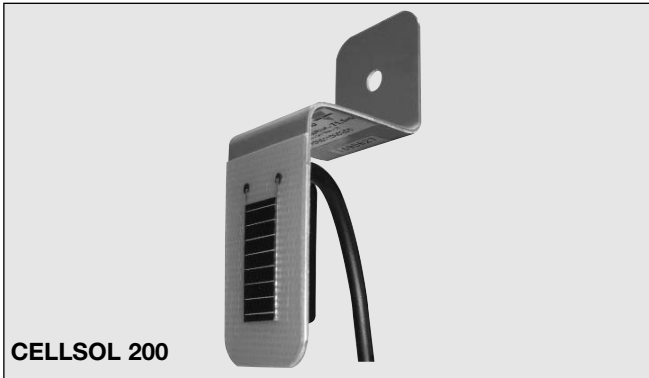
70W

## Overall dimensions





# Irradiation Sensor Model CELLSOL 200



- Solar irradiation measure
- Output ~75mV @ 1000W/m<sup>2</sup>
- Light and strong device with an easy installation
- Two wire cable, UV proof, length 3m

## Product Description

CELLSOL 200 is a silicon sensor for the measurement of the solar irradiation. The device provides a voltage output in mV, proportional to the standard irradiation of 1000W/m<sup>2</sup>. Every sensor brings in plate the value calibrated in mV related to the full scale. Normally used for controlling the efficiency of the photovoltaic plants.

## Ordering Key

**CELLSOL 200**

Model \_\_\_\_\_

## General Specification

Range	from 0 to 1500W/m <sup>2</sup>
Accuracy	±5%, annual average
Output	Approx. 75mV @ 1000W/m <sup>2</sup> (true value is reported on the label)

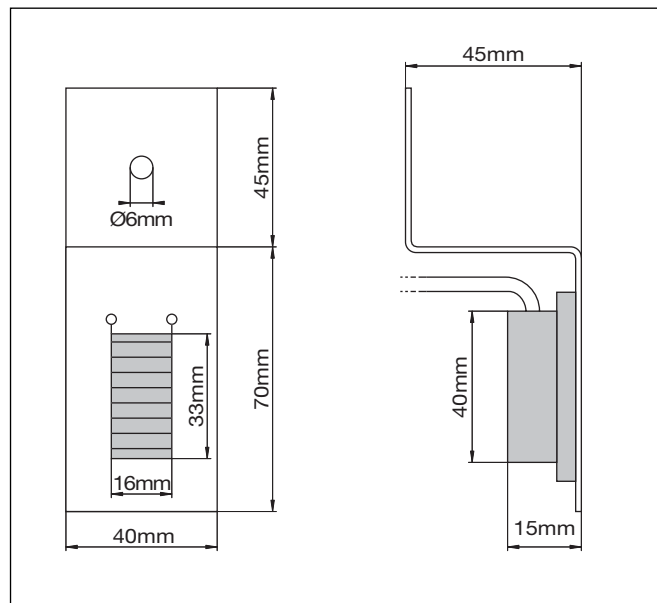
## Sensor Characteristics

Sensor type	Mono-crystalline cell
Mounting	Novaflon and EVA sheet
Cell dimension	6 x 33mm

## Mechanical Specification

Main structure	Anodized aluminium
Cable dimension	110 x 40 x 40mm UV proof 3m
Fixing	1 hole Ø6mm
Weight	~200g (with cable)
Warranty	2 years

## Dimensions



# Monitoring Relays Surge Arresters for PV system Type DSF D

CARLO GAVAZZI



- Type 2 (class C) according to EN61643-11 (VDE 0675, part 6-11)
- Approved UL1449 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition
- Complies with IEC-61643-1, VTE C 61-740-51
- Do not require backup fuse up to 200kArms (UL 1449 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed.)
- Innovative technology to prevent dangerous failures in case of temporary overvoltages
- Suitable for unstable networks where sustained overvoltages may persist for some minutes or longer
- Plug-in cartridges
- Optical indication of exhausted cartridges (red window)
- Voltage-free contact, for remote function monitoring
- Including thermal and dynamic separating device
- Assembled unit ready for mounting
- Marked connections
- For DIN-rail mounting

## Product Description

DSF D is a Type 2 (Class C) surge arrester according to EN 61643-11 (VDE 0675, part 6-11) and UL1449 3<sup>rd</sup> edition suitable for protecting DC systems from transient overvoltage due to both indirect atmospheric discharges and switching actions.

It is available both in 2-pole or 3-pole configurations, allowing both differential and common mode protection. The control windows (no/red indication) and the contact allow both a local and a remote monitoring of the

status of the plug-in cartridges, warning the operator about the need to promptly replace the cartridges themselves.

In installation without external LPS (Lightning Protection System) or where the distance between the LPS elements and the solar panel frames is >50cm, DSF can be used in the DC side of photovoltaic generation plants, and can be installed on a DIN-rail in every commercially available distribution box.

## Ordering Key

**DSF 53 C D 1200 PV**

Description	Code
<b>Mounting</b>	
DIN-rail	D
<b>Function</b>	
Surge arresters	S
<b>Type</b>	
Type 2 (class C) "Fuseless"	F
<b>Cartridge dimensions</b>	
17.5 mm	5
<b>Configuration</b>	
2-pole	2
3-pole	3
<b>Contact</b>	
None	X
1 (relay)	C
<b>Network</b>	
DC	D
<b>Range</b>	
600 VDC	600
1000 VDC	1000
1200 VDC	1200
<b>Application</b>	
Photovoltaic system	PV

## Type Selection

Code	Description	Max. cont. operating voltage	Output relay	Cartridge
<b>DSF52CD600PV</b>	2-pole surge arrester for PV installations	600 VDC	SPDT	2x DS0600F
<b>DSF52XD1000PV</b>	2-pole surge arrester for PV installations	1000 VDC	NO	2x DS1000F
<b>DSF52CD1000PV</b>	2-pole surge arrester for PV installations	1000 VDC	SPDT	2x DS1000F
<b>DSF53XD1200PV</b>	3-pole (Y) surge arrester for PV installations	1200 VDC	NO	3x DS0600F
<b>DSF53CD1200PV</b>	3-pole (Y) surge arrester for PV installations	1200 VDC	SPDT	3x DS0600F

## Product specifications

<b>Max. continuous operating voltage DC</b> DSF52CD600PV DSF52xD1000PV DSF53xD1200PV	<b>U<sub>c</sub></b> 600 VDC 1000 VDC 1200 VDC	<b>Voltage protection level</b> DSF52CD600PV DSF52xD1000PV DSF53xD1200PV	<b>U<sub>p</sub></b> < 2.2 kV < 2.8 kV < 4.4 kV
<b>SPD (Surge Protection Device) according to EN 61643-11</b> DSF5xCDxxxxPV	Type 2	<b>Response time</b> DSF5xxDxxxx	<b>t<sub>a</sub></b> < 25 ns
<b>SPD (Surge Protection Device) according to IEC 61643-1</b> DSF5xCDxxxxPV	Class II	<b>Protection fuse size (UL 1449 3rd Ed.)</b> DSF5xxDxxxx	Not required up to 200 kA rms
<b>LPZ (Lightning Protection Zone)</b> DSF5xCDxxxxPV	1 --> 2	<b>Follow current</b> DSF5xxDxxxx	No
<b>Nominal discharge surge current (8/20)</b>  DSF52CD600PV DSF52xD1000PV DSF53xD1200PV  DSF52CD600PV DSF52xD1000PV DSF53xD1200PV	<b>I<sub>n</sub></b> <b>+ or - to PE</b> 20 kA 12.5 kA 20 kA <b>+ and - to PE</b> 40 kA 25 kA 20 kA	<b>Short-circuit withstand current (data for AC applications according to EN 61643-11)</b> DSF5xxDxxxx	25kA/50Hz
<b>Max. discharge surge current (8/20)</b>  DSF52CD600PV DSF52xD1000PV DSF53xD1200PV  DSF52CD600PV DSF52xD1000PV DSF53xD1200PV	<b>I<sub>max</sub></b> <b>+ or - to PE</b> 40 kA 25 kA 40 kA <b>+ and - to PE</b> 80 kA 50 kA 40 kA	<b>Front window</b> DSF5xxDxxxx	No indication: working cartridge. Red: exhausted cartridge (to be replaced)
		<b>Operating temperature</b> DSF5xxDxxxx	-40 to +80 °C

## Output Specifications

<b>Output</b> DSF5xCDxxxxPV Rating	SPDT AC: 250V/0.5A 125V/3A	<b>Cable cross-section area</b> <b>Terminal torque</b>	max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> 0.25 Nm max
--	----------------------------------	---	--

## General Specifications

<b>Protection degree</b>	IP 20	<b>Approvals</b> degree UL 94 V-0 CE, UL1449 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition
<b>Dimensions</b> DSF52CD600PV DSF52xD1000PV DSF53xD1200PV	36 x 90 x 72 mm 36 x 90 x 72 mm 54 x 90 x 72 mm	
<b>Screw terminals</b> Cable cross-section area  Terminal torque	25 mm <sup>2</sup> (stranded) 35 mm <sup>2</sup> (solid) 4.5 Nm max	
<b>Housing material</b>	Thermoplastic, extinguishing	

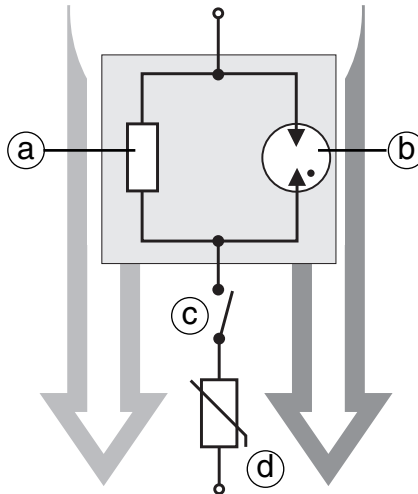
## No backup-fuse technology

### Long duration overvoltage path

The arrester is activated in the event of electric power system failure. The voltages are much lower than transient voltages but substantially more destructive. The system is composed of a current limiter and a varistor. In the event of increased voltage level the current limiter circuit limits the current through the varistor. When the normal condition is re-established (rated line voltage), the surge arrester continues to perform its normal function.

### Transient (short duration) overvoltage path

The arrester is activated at the occurrence of instantaneous high voltage surges lasting only a few microseconds. Such condition states are experienced at switching operations and atmospheric discharges. The system is composed of a gas tube surge arrester and a varistor. Both components have a very short response time which is reflected in a low protective residual voltage level. This provides an efficient protection of sensitive electronic devices.



a) Current limiter b) Gas tube c) Thermal disconnecter d) Varistor

## Installation notes

### Protection distance

- If DSF is installed less than 10 m from the device to be protected, the distance can be ignored.
- If DSF and its connection wires have a total protection level  $U_{p/f}$  ( $U_{prot}$ )  $< 0.5 U_w$ , where  $U_w$  is the breaking voltage of the device to be

protected, the distance can be neglected.

- If the protection distance is longer than 10 m, the real protection distance  $l_{po}$  can be calculated by the following formula:

$$l_{po} = (U_w - U_{p/f}) / K \text{ [m]}$$

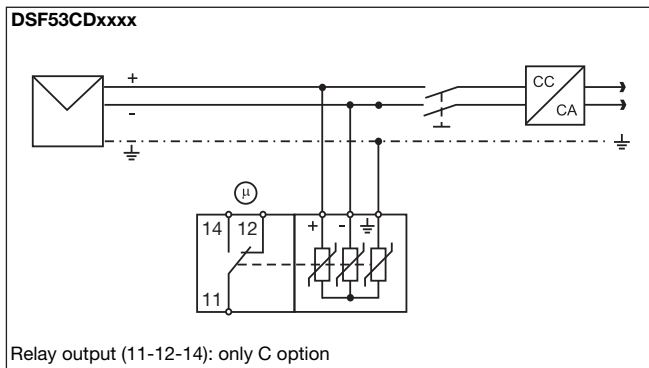
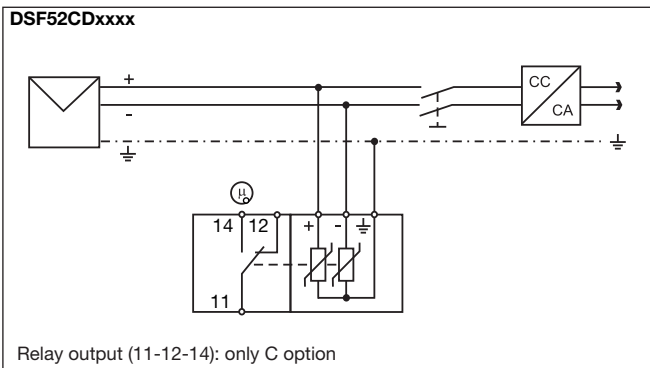
with  $K = 25 \text{ V/m}$ .

### Protection against over-currents and indirect contacts

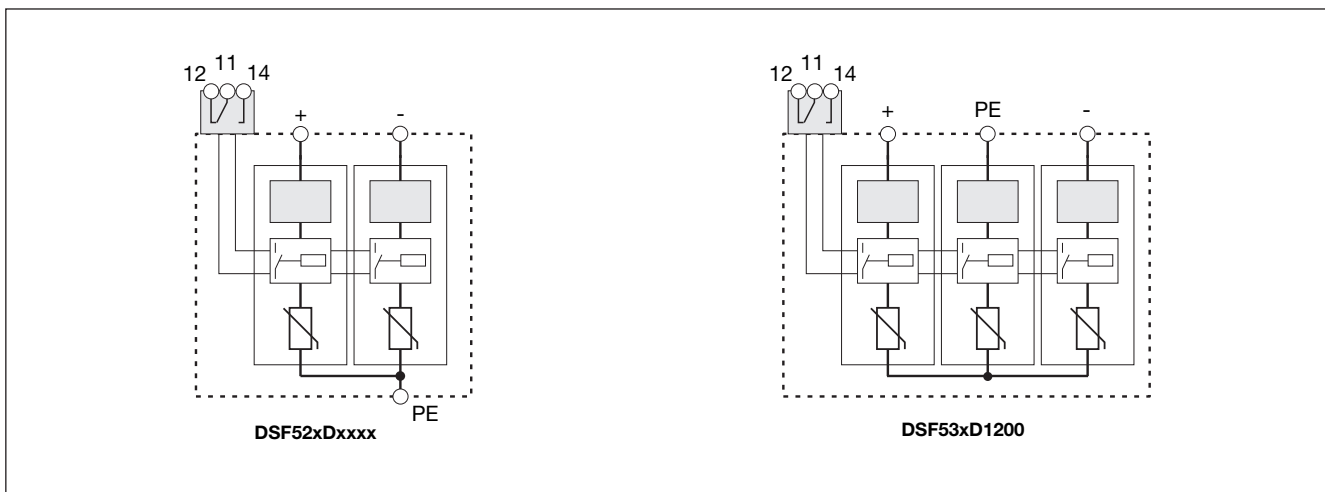
DSF can be installed without further integrative protections even if a general circuit breaker/fuses with nominal current  $> 125 \text{ kA}$  is installed and if in the DSF installation point the short circuit current

is  $> 25 \text{ kA}$  (but  $< 200 \text{ kArms}$ ). No protection fuses are needed for backup protection.

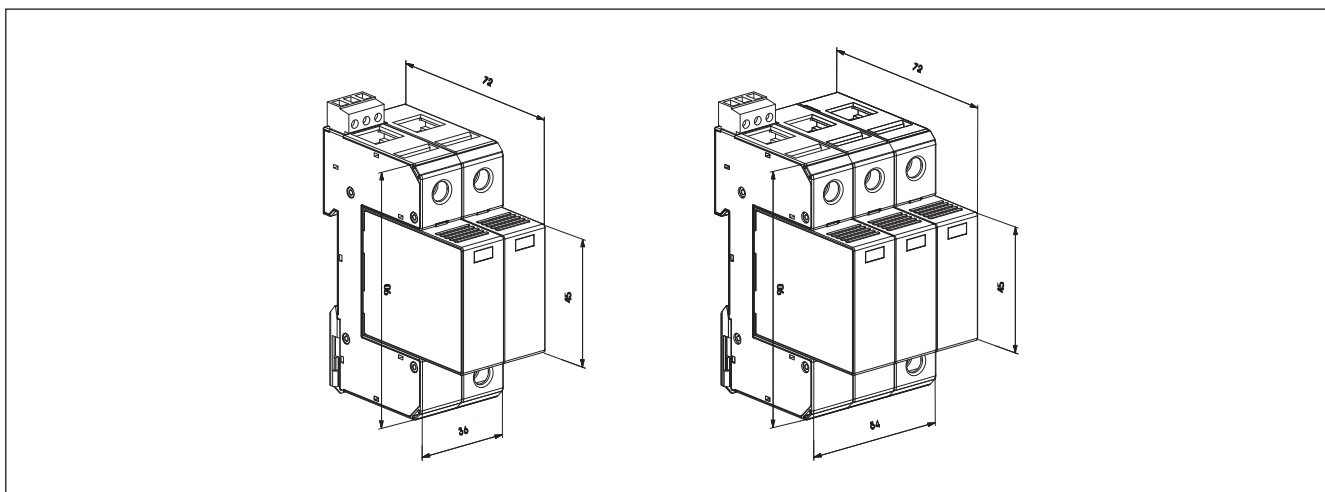
## Wiring Diagrams



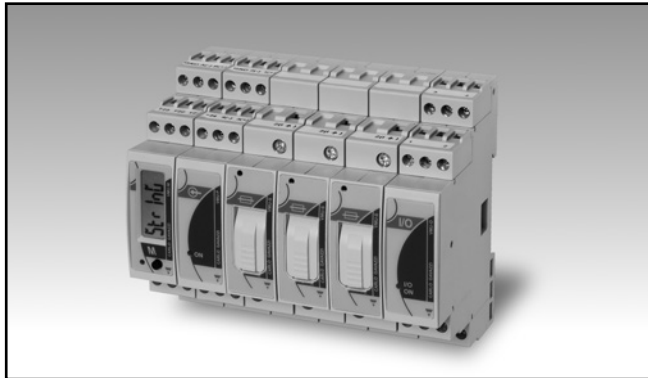
## Connection Diagrams



## Dimensions



# Energy Management Control solution for solar PV applications Type Eos-Array



- Modular local control system for PV plants
- Up to 17 DIN modules configuration equivalent to 280mm width
- Eos-ArraySoft freeware software for easy product configuration
- Eos-Array can be formed by maximum 17 units
- Eos-Array can manage in addition to VMU-M master unit up to:
  - 1 VMU-P unit;
  - max 15 VMU-S units;
  - max 7 VMU-O units;
  - max 1 VMU-1.

## VMU-M, master module and data logger



- Master communication capability
- RS485 communication port (Modbus)
- Local communication bus management up to 15 mixed VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O units
- Two digital inputs
- Two temperature inputs: Pt100 or Pt1000
- Single virtual or real alarm set-point connectable to any available variable
- Data and event stamping system
- Display readout: 6 DGTs
- 12 to 28 VDC power supply
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40
- 1 Metal-ion non-replaceable battery; 0.04 g.

*Note: The device contains metal-ion batteries. For the sending, you must comply with the relevant packaging and labeling regulation.*

## Product Description

Eos-Array is a combination of modules which performs a complete control of a photovoltaic plant. The core unit is VMU-M which performs the local bus management of VMU-S, VMU-P both measuring units and VMU-O I/O unit. VMU-M assigns the proper local unit address automatically (up to 15 units) and gathers all the local measurements coming from VMU-S and VMU-P measuring units. VMU-M can pro-

vide by means of VMU-O modules two relay outputs so to manage alarms or/and external loads (like a lighting system, a module washing system and so on) and two temperature inputs. These latter two measuring inputs can become, according to the programmed function, also two digital inputs. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

## How to order

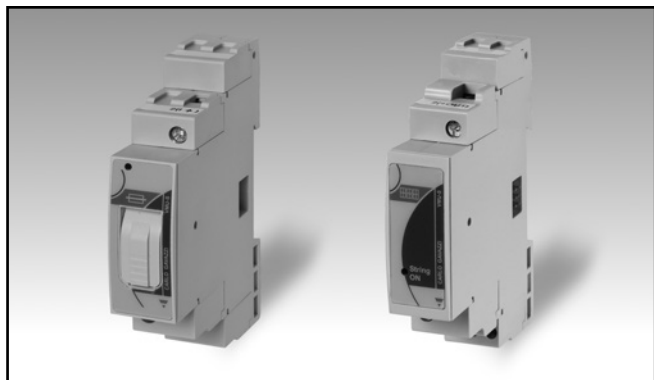
**VMU-M 4 A S1 T2 X**



## Type Selection

Function	Power supply	Communication	Inputs
<b>4:</b> Data storage 4Mbyte (*)	<b>A:</b> From 12 to 28VDC (*)	<b>S1:</b> RS485 Modbus (*)	<b>T2:</b> two temperature inputs or two digital inputs for free of voltage reading contacts (*)
<b>Option</b>	(*) as standard.		
<b>X:</b> none			

## VMU-S, string measuring unit



- Direct DC voltage measurement up to 1000V
- Energy measurements: kWh
- Direct DC current measurement up to 16A or up to 30A without fuse
- Instantaneous variables data format: 4 DGTs
- Energies data format: 6 DGT
- Instantaneous variables: V, A, W.
- Accuracy: Class 1 (kWh)  $\pm 0.5$  RDG (current/voltage)
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-M unit

- Integrated 10.3x38mm fuse holder for string protection
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

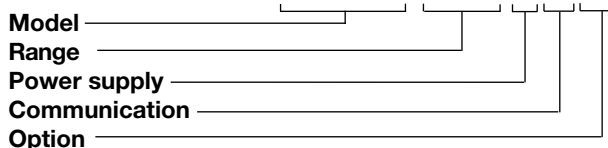
- String alarm management by means of VMU-M unit only
- Fuse blow detection by means of VMU-M unit only
- PV module connection control by means of VMU-M unit only

### Product Description

Variables measuring unit with built-in protection fuse-holder (the fuse is not provided); particularly indicated for DC current, voltage, power and energy metering in PV solar applications. The current inputs/outputs and also the voltage inputs are made so to simplify the string common connections. Direct connection up to 16A

or 30A depending on the model. Moreover the unit is provided with an auxiliary serial communication bus. Alarms, fuse blow detection, PV module connection and serial communication are managed by means of VMU-M module. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order **VMU-S AV10 X S FX**



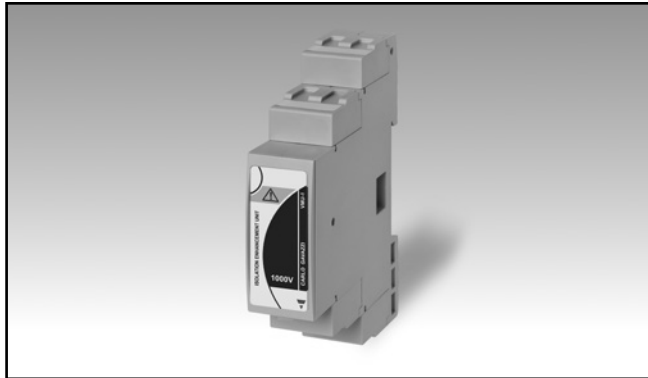
### Type Selection

Range	Power supply	Communication	Option
<b>AV10:</b> 1000V DC, 16A (Direct connection) (*)	<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-M unit	<b>S:</b> auxiliary communication bus, compatible only to VMU-M module (*)	<b>XX:</b> none (no fuse holder) <b>FX:</b> with fuse holder
<b>AV30:</b> 1000V DC, 30A (Direct connection) (**). In this case the "Option" is "XX".			

(\*) as standard.  
 (\*\*) on request.

## VMU-1, isolation enhancement unit

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- Isolation enhancement of voltage measuring inputs to earth of VMU-S: from 800VDC (without VMU-1) to 1000VDC max.
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

### Product Description

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Isolation enhancement unit suitable to be used in combination with VMU modules. VMU-1 allows to enhance the isolation of the voltage measuring input to earth from 800VDC to 1000VDC.

The module is to be mounted between the first VMU-S and all the other VMU modules. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order

**VMU-1 1000**

Standard model

### Type Selection

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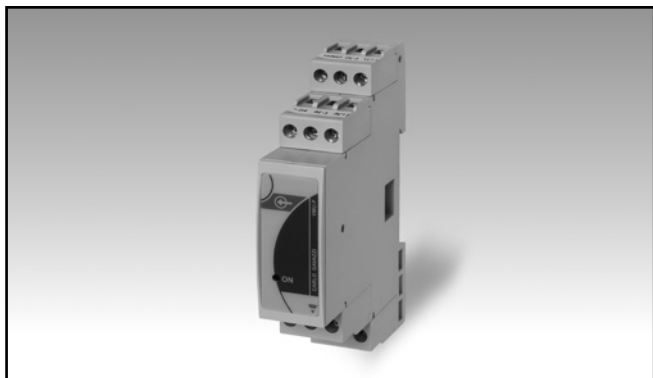
#### Standard model

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**Isolation voltage 1000V:** isolation enhancement on VMU-S voltage measuring input to earth from 800VDC (without module) to 1000VDC.  
 Note: only one VMU-1 is needed per Eos-Array



## VMU-P, environment variable unit



- Measurements: PV module temperature, air temperature, sun irradiation, wind speed
- Two temperature inputs: Pt100 or Pt1000
- One 120mV or 20mA DC input with scaling capability for irradiation measurement
- One pulse input for wind speed measurement
- Auxiliary communication bus to VMU-M unit
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-M unit
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

### Product Description

Environment variable measurement unit particularly indicated for PV module temperature, air temperature, sun irradiation, wind speed metering in PV solar applications. Moreover the

unit is provided with a specific serial communication bus which is managed by means of the additional VMU-M module. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order

**VMU-P 2TIW X S X**

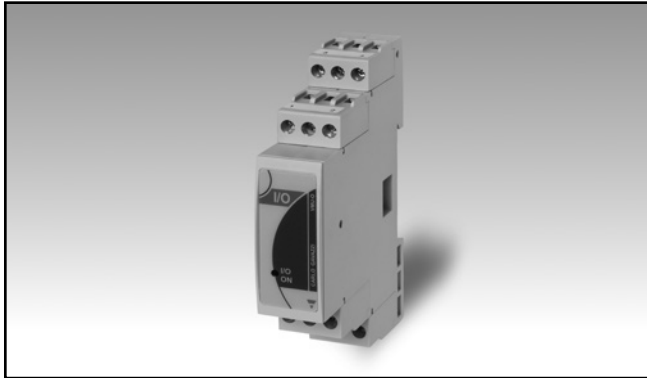


### Type Selection

Range	Power supply	Communication	Option
<b>2TIW:</b> Two "Pt" temperature type probes, mV sun irradiation and wind speed measuring inputs (*) <b>2TCW:</b> Two "Pt" temperature type probes, mA sun irradiation and wind speed measuring inputs (*)	<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-M unit	<b>S:</b> auxiliary communication bus, compatible only to VMU-M module (*)	<b>X:</b> none

(\*) as standard.

## VMU-O, inputs/outputs unit

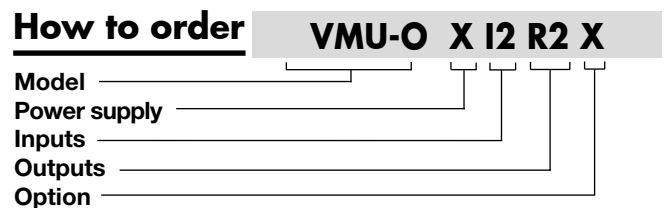


- Expansion I/O module (digital inputs and outputs)
- Two relay outputs managed by the VMU-M module
- Two digital inputs managed by the VMU-M module
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-M module
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

### Product Description

I/O unit suitable to be used in combination with VMU-M modules. VMU-O allows to add, for every single unit, two digital inputs and two relay outputs to a VMU-M based system. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order



### Type Selection (Standard model)

Power supply	Inputs	Outputs	Option
<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-M unit	<b>I2:</b> two digital inputs (*)	<b>R2:</b> two relay output (*)	<b>X:</b> none

### Type Selection (Antitheft model)

Power supply	Inputs	Outputs	Option
<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-M unit	<b>I3:</b> three digital inputs (*)	<b>R1:</b> one relay outputs (*)	<b>AT:</b> antitheft compatibility

**Note:** in case of “Antitheft application” every single Eos-Array can manage the combination of one VMU-O.X.I3.R1.AT module and up to three VMU-O.X.I2.R2.X modules.

(\*) as standard.

## VMU-AT, Antitheft sensor for VMU-O with "AT" option



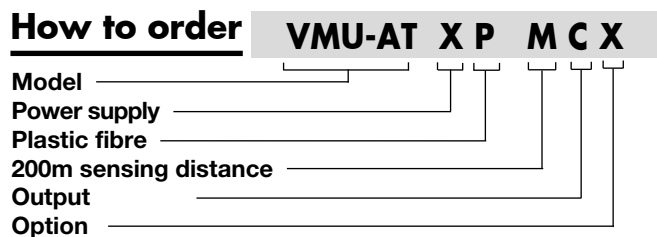
- Plastic fibre optic sensor
- Sensing distance up to 200m
- Static output compatible with VMU-O "AT" option
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-O "AT" option
- Dimensions: 14 x 31 x 73 mm housing
- Protection degree (front): IP50

### Product Description

Antitheft plastic fibre optic sensor to be used in combination with VMU-O "AT" I/O unit, suitable to carry out an antitheft control on PV modules which are passed by 2.2 mm plastic fibre optic.

The maximum loop distance which can be covered by the sensor is 200m. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP50 (front) protection degree.

### How to order



### Type Selection

Power supply	Fibre optic	Sensing distance	Output
<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-O "AT" option unit	<b>P:</b> plastic (*)	<b>M:</b> 200m (*)	<b>C:</b> open collector
			Option
			<b>X:</b> none

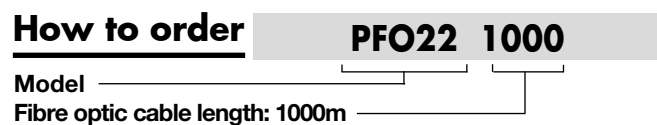
(\*) as standard.

### Product Description

PFO22-1000 is a specific plastic fibre optic cable which is made for VMU-AT sensor and is supplied in

a quantity of 1000m. The working temperature is -55 to 70°C.

### How to order





## VMU-M Display and LED specification

<b>Display</b> Type Information read-out	1 line (max: 6-DGT) LCD, h 7mm From 4 to 6-DGT depending on the information.	Green blinking light: the communication on the RS485 bus is working. Red: alarm detected (any). In case of alarm/communication condition the LED alternates its colour from red (alarm) to green. The blinking time is approx. 1 second.
<b>LED</b> Type Status and colour	Dual colour Green steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no communication on the RS485 bus.	

## VMU-S LED specification

<b>LED</b> Type Status	Multicolor ON steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no alarm. Green: the power supply is ON, there is a string current up to 1A; Yellow: there is a string current from 1.1 to 3A; Light orange: there is a string current from 3.1 to 6A; Orange: there is a string current from 6.1 to 8A; Dark orange: there is a string current from 8.1 to 10A; Red: there is a string current higher than 10A; White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying. Green <input type="checkbox"/> OFF: module not acknowledged in the Eos-Array. Cycling from blue to any other colour listed above (from yellow to red): string alarm. Cycling from blue to green: blown fuse. Cycling from blue to violet: inverted string polarity. Cycling from white to any other colour: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying and shows the status of the module according to	the colour list above. The cycling time is approx. 1 second. Green: the power supply is ON, there is a string current up to 1A; Yellow: there is a string current from 1.1 to 6A; Light orange: there is a string current from 6.1 to 12A; Orange: there is a string current from 12.1 to 16A; Dark orange: there is a string current from 16.1 to 20A; Red: there is a string current higher than 20A; White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying. Green <input type="checkbox"/> OFF: module not acknowledged in the Eos-Array. Cycling from blue to any other colour listed above (from yellow to red): string alarm. Cycling from blue to violet: inverted string polarity. Cycling from white to any other colour: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying and shows the status of the module according to the colour list above. The cycling time is approx. 1 second.
Colour AV10 range code		

## VMU-P LED specification

<b>LED</b> Type Status and colour	Multicolor Green: the power supply is ON.	White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying.
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## VMU-O LED specification

<b>LED</b> Type Status and colour	Multicolor Green: the power supply is ON. White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying. Red: one or both digital inputs are activated. Blue:	one or both digital outputs are activated. Cycling from one colour to any other one: the unit shows the status of the module according to the colour list above. The cycling time is approx. 1 second.
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## VMU-AT LED specification

<b>LED</b> Power supply status	Green: the power supply is ON	Loop status	Red: the optical loop is closed
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## VMU-M input specifications

<b>Digital inputs</b> Number of inputs Working mode	2 First input: detection of ON/OFF status Second input: counting of pulses coming from an energy meter	<b>Insulation</b>	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
<b>Purpose</b>	- First input: trip of protection detection, the status is transmitted only by means of the communication port. - Second input: trip counter, interfacing with an energy meter (-kWh) so to measure the total efficiency of the system.	<b>Temperature inputs</b> Number of inputs Temperature probe Number of wires Wire compensation Accuracy (Display + RS485)	2 Pt100, Pt1000 2 or 3-wire connection Up to 10Ω. See "Temperature input characteristics" ±150ppm/°C Selectable °C or °F See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
<b>Input frequency</b> Pre-scaler adjustment	20Hz max, duty cycle 50% From 0.001 to 10.000 kWh/pulse (only for the second input)	<b>Temperature drift</b> Engineering unit Insulation	
<b>Contact measuring voltage</b> <b>Contact measuring current</b> <b>Contact resistance</b>	3.3VDC <1mA ≤1kΩ closed contact; ≥20kΩ open contact	<b>Key-pad</b>	1 push-button for variable scrolling and programming. Full programming can be carried out only using Eos-ArraySoft.

## VMU-S input specifications

<b>Rated inputs</b> Current type Current range	1 (shunt) AV10 range: 16A DC @ 40°C, 15A @ 50°C, 14A @ 55°C, 12A @ 60°C, 10A @ 65°C AV30 range: 30A DC @ 55°C, 25A DC @ 60°C, 20A DC @ 65°C AV10 range: 1000V DC	<b>Accuracy</b> AV10 range code Current Voltage Power Energy	AV30 range: 1000V DC (@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%) ±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 0.05A to 16A ±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 20V to 1000V ±(1% RDG+ 2DGT) ±(1% RDG)
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## VMU-S input specifications (cont.)

Start up current	0.05A	AV30 range code	2W
Start up voltage	10V	Voltage	> 2.5M
AV30 range code		Current	< 0.003Ω @ 0.5 Nm (screw terminal torque).
Current	±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 0.2A to 30A	<b>Voltage Overloads</b>	
Voltage	±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 20V to 1000V	Continuous	1100V
Power	±(1% RDG+ 2DGT)	For 500ms	1600V
Energy	±(1% RDG)	To earth	800V (extended to 1000V in case of combined use of VMU-1.1000V unit)
Start up current	0.2A	<b>Current Overloads</b>	
Start up voltage	10V	Continuous	AV10 range: 16A
<b>Temperature drift</b>	≤200ppm/°C	For 1s	AV30 range: 30A
<b>Measurement sampling time</b>	2 sec.		AV10 range: 100A max
Variables format			AV30 range: 150A max
Instantaneous variables	4-DGT (A, W), 5-DGT (V)	<b>Protection</b>	
Resolution	0.1V; 0.01A; 0.01kW	Fuse holder	Integrated into the module gPV
Energies	Total: 5+1 DGT (0.1KWh)	Fuse type	10x38mm (IEC60269-1-6)
<b>Max. and Min. data format</b>	See "Stored set of variables coming from ..."	Fuse size	Fuse NOT provided.
<b>Input impedance</b>		Fuse current	Note: the fuse rated current has to be ≥1.4 Isc at 45°C ambient temperature. See fuse manufacturer specifications for further details including de-rating caused by higher ambient temperature.
AV10 range code			
Voltage	> 2.5MΩ		
Current	< 0.006Ω(+ fuse impedance) @ 0.5 Nm (screw terminal torque). For current input of 16A the fuse has therefore a nominal current of 32A AC. The maximum dissipation power has not to exceed		

## VMU-P input specifications

<b>Temperature drift</b>	≤200ppm/°C		
<b>Variables format</b>		Temperature drift	±(0.1%RDG+1DGT)
Instantaneous variables	4 DGT (Temperature, solar irradiation and wind speed)	Scaling factor	25% to 120% FS.
Resolution	0.1°C/0.1°F; 1W/m <sup>2</sup> , 1W/ft <sup>2</sup> ; 0.1m/s, 0.1ft/s	Operating mode	±150ppm/°C
<b>Max. and Min. data format</b>	See "Stored set of variables coming from ..."		Dual scale:
<b>Temperature probe inputs</b>			- Input: programmable range from 3 to 150.0 (mVDC)
Number of inputs	2 (Input 1: PV module; Input 2: air)	Decimal point position	- Display: programmable range from 0 to 9999 (kW/m <sup>2</sup> , kW/ft <sup>2</sup> )
Temperature probe	Pt100 or Pt1000	Impedance	Fixed.
Number of wires	Up to 3-wire connection	Overload	> 30KΩ
Wire compensation	Up to 10Ω.	Continuous	10VDC (measurement available up to 150mV on both display and communication bus)
Accuracy (Display + RS485)	See table "Temperature input characteristics"		20VDC
Temperature drift	±150ppm/°C	For 1s	See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"
Engineering unit	Selectable °C or °F	Insulation	
Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"		
<b>Irradiation sensor inputs (range code: 2TIW)</b>		<b>Irradiation sensor input (range code: 2TCW)</b>	
Number of inputs	1	Number of inputs	1
Range	3 to 120mVDC	Range	0 to 20mADC
Accuracy (Display + RS485) (@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%)	±(0.2%RDG+1DGT) 0% to 25% FS;	Accuracy (Display + RS485) (@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%)	±(0.2%RDG+1DGT) 0% to 25% FS;

## VMU-P input specifications (cont.)

Temperature drift	$\pm(0.1\%RDG+1DGT)$ 25% to 120% FS.	(@25°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ , R.H. $\leq 60\%$ )	$\pm(0.02\%RDG+1DGT)$ 0% to 25% FS;
Scaling factor	$\pm 150\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$	(Display + RS485)	$\pm(0.01\%RDG+1DGT)$ 25% to 110% FS.
Operating mode	Dual scale: - Input: programmable range from 0 to 25.0 (mADC) - Display Data format: programmable range from 0 to 9999 (kW/m <sup>2</sup> , kW/ft <sup>2</sup> )	Temperature drift	$\pm 150\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$
Decimal point position	Fixed	Scaling factor	Dual scale:
Impedance	$\leq 23\Omega$	Operating mode	- Input: programmable range from 0 to 999.9 (Hz)
Overload	50mADC (measurement available up to 25mA on both display and communication bus)	Decimal point position	- Display: programmable range from 0 to 299.9 (m/s, ft/s)
Continuous	150mADC	Impedance	Fixed and depending on the input/display scale.
For 1s	See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"	Operating input	680 $\Omega$
Insulation		Impedance	2.5V <sub>peak</sub> to 9V <sub>peak</sub> /5mA <sub>peak</sub> to 35mA <sub>peak</sub> , duty cycle 50%
		Overload	220 $\Omega$
		Continuous	7V <sub>RMS</sub> /25mA <sub>RMS</sub> (AC/DC)
		For 1s	14V <sub>RMS</sub> /50mA <sub>RMS</sub> (AC/DC)
		Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"
<b>Wind speed sensor inputs</b>			
Number of inputs	1		
Range	0 to 1000Hz max, duty cycle 50%		
Accuracy			

## VMU-M Output specifications

<b>RS485</b>		Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
Type	Multidrop, bidirectional (static and dynamic variables)	<b>Auxiliary communication bus</b>	This is the communication bus to the VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O units where VMU-M performs the master function in this network. VMU-M unit can gather the following information from the bus: - All variables available on the bus; - Blown protection fuse; - PV reverse voltage and current polarity.
Connections	2-wire. Max. distance 1000m		The local address in both the VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O units is automatically assigned by VMU-M master unit based on their positions. It can manage up to 15 different addresses (units).
Addresses	247, selectable by means of the front push-button		See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
Protocol	MODBUS/JBUS (RTU)		
Data (bidirectional)	All variables, see table "Measured variables, data format and messages" in the VMU-S document		
Dynamic (reading only)	All the configuration parameters.		
Static (writing only)	1 start bit, 8 data bit, no parity, 1 stop bit		
Data format	Selectable: 9600, 19200, 38400, 115200 bits/s		
Baud-rate	Parity: none		
Driver input capability	1/5 unit load. Maximum 160 transceivers on the same bus.	Insulation	
Special functions	None		

## VMU-O Input/Output specifications

<b>Maximum number of modules managed by every single VMU-M module</b>	Up to 7	Number of outputs Purpose	2 Alarm notification as a String alarm or as a digital input status changing (OR function); activation of a lighting system (by means of the internal clock or as a remote control); activation of a module washing system (by means of the internal clock, as a remote control or as a changing of efficiency of the PV panels).
<b>Digital inputs</b>	2	Type	Relay, SPST type AC1: 5A @ 250VAC AC15: 1A @ 250VAC Available by means of VMU-O module only
Number of inputs	Detection of OPEN/ CLOSED contact status	Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
Working mode	Trip of protection detection, the status is transmitted only by means of the communication port.		
Purpose			
Input frequency	2Hz max, duty cycle 50%		
Contact reading voltage	3.3VDC		
Contact reading current	<2mA		
Contact resistance	≤300Ω closed contact; ≥10kΩ open contact		
Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"		
<b>Digital output</b>			See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"

## VMU-M and VMU-P Temperature input characteristics

Probe	Range	Accuracy	Min Indication	Max Indication
Pt100	-50°C to +200.0°C	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-50.0	+200.0
Pt100	-58°F to +392°F	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-58.0	+392.0
Pt1000	-50°C to +200.0°C	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-50.0	+200.0
Pt1000	-58°F to +392°F	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-58.0	+392.0

## VMU-O with "AT" option, Input/Output specifications

<b>Maximum number of module managed by every single VMU-M module</b>	Up to 1	Number of outputs Purpose	between inputs and outputs"
<b>Digital inputs</b>	3	Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
Number of inputs	Detection of ON/OFF status		
Working mode	Detection of the output status of up to 3 VMU-AT units, the same inputs can be used also to detect standard free of voltage contacts of other devices.		
Purpose	The inputs in case of Antitheft purpose selection work as an OR logic (EosArraySoft), if this function is not enabled every input works independently from each other.		
Working logic			
Input frequency	2Hz max, duty cycle 50%	Type	Relay, SPST type AC1: 5A @ 250VAC AC15: 1A @ 250VAC
Contact reading voltage	3.3VDC	Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
Contact reading current	<2mA		
Contact resistance	≤300Ω closed contact; ≥10kΩ open contact		
Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"		



## VMU-AT Antitheft sensor specifications

<b>Maximum number of sensors managed by every single VMU-O "AT" module</b>	Up to 3	Compatible model	PGU-CD1001-22
		Working temperature	-55 to +70°C
<b>Optical sensing</b>		<b>Digital output</b>	
Maximum operational distance	200m (loop)	Number of outputs	1
Sensitivity	Automatic adjusted	Type	Open collector
Light source	GaAIAs, LED 660 nm	Insulation	Operational insulation only (50VACRMS)
Light type	Red modulated		
Operating frequency	1Khz	<b>Power Supply</b>	12 to 28 VDC
Response time on fibre breaking	0.5 seconds	<b>Connection</b>	
<b>Fibre Optic</b>		Cable	Length: 0.5m, black colour, PVC material
Material	Plastic		
Diameter	2.2 mm		

## Main Function

<b>Displaying</b>			
Own VMU-M module	1 parameter per page See "Stored set of variables from ..." and "Alarm and diagnostics messages"	1st level	2 protection levels of the programming data: Password "0", no protection;
When a VMU-S module is selected	All the information related to the status of the string being selected by means of the front key (see "Variable" in the table "List of the variables that can be...").	2nd level	Password from 1 to 9999, all data are protected
When a VMU-P module is selected	All the information related to the status of the environment probes being selected by means of the front key (see "Variable" in the table "List of the variables that can be...").	<b>Reset</b>	By means of the front push-button when the relevant VMU-S is selected
When a VMU-O module is selected	All the information related to the status of the inputs/ outputs being selected by means of the front key (see "Variable" in the table "List of the variables that can be...").	<b>Alarms</b>	
		Number of alarms	One, independent for every single available variable (see the table "List of the variables that can be...") Virtual alarm or real alarm
		Alarm types	Up alarm, down alarm (see the table "List of the variables that can be connected to ...")
		Alarm modes	From 0 to 100% of the display scale
		Set-point adjustment	From 0 to full scale
		Hysteresis	0 to 3600s
		On-time delay	Selectable; normally de-energized or normally energized
		Output status	≤ 700ms, set-point on-time delay: "0 s"
		Min. response time	
<b>Password</b>	Numeric code of max. 4 digits;		



## Main Function (Cont.)

<p><b>Clock</b></p> <p>Functions</p> <p>Daylight-saving enabling Time format</p> <p>Date format</p> <p>Battery</p>	<p>Universal clock and calendar. Activation: NO/YES Hour:minutes with selectable 24 hours or AM/PM</p> <p>Month-Day, where the month is displayed in a three letter format (e.g.: JAN-FEB-MAR) and the date as a number. Year is displayed in a two digit format. Life: 10 years</p>	<p><b>Event logging</b></p> <p>Data displaying</p> <p>Function enabling Type of stored events</p>	<p>The data are not available on the display but they can be both checked and downloaded using RS485 communication port in combination with Eos- ArraySoft software. Activation: NO/YES VMU-O digital input/output status change (real and vir- tual alarms), string alarms (see “String control”), VMU-M 1st digital input status change. The events are recorded as soon as they occur. For more infor- mation about the type and stored data, see “List of the variables that can be connected to ....” Max. 10 000. The reset can be carried out only using Eos-Array- Soft. Event, date (dd:mm:yy) and time (hh:mm:ss) Circular FIFO Flash 10 years</p>
<p><b>Data logging</b></p> <p>Data</p> <p>Function enabling Function description</p> <p>Stored data type</p> <p>Storage interval</p> <p>Sampling management</p> <p>Storage duration</p> <p>Data format</p> <p>Storage method Memory type Memory retention time</p>	<p>The data are not available on the display but they can be both checked and downloaded using RS485 communication port in combination with Eos- ArraySoft software. Activation: NO/YES All the events gathered from both VMU-S, VMU-O and VMU-P modules are stored individually into the internal memory. Variables: V, A, W, Wh, PV module temperature, ambient temperature, irra- diation, wind speed, string efficiency and BOS effi- ciency. Selectable: 1-5-10-15-30- 60 minutes The sample stored within the selected time interval results from the continu- ous average calculation of the measured values. The average is calculated with an interval within two fol- lowing measurements of approx. 2s. Before overwriting: depending on the storage interval, see “Historical data storing time table” Variables, date (dd:mm:yy) and time (hh:mm:ss) Circular FIFO Flash 10 years</p>	<p>Number of events Data reset</p> <p>Data format</p> <p>Storage method Memory type Memory retention time</p> <p><b>String control</b></p> <p>Function enabling Function selection</p> <p>Function description</p>	<p>Max. 10 000. The reset can be carried out only using Eos-Array- Soft. Event, date (dd:mm:yy) and time (hh:mm:ss) Circular FIFO Flash 10 years</p> <p>Activation: NO/YES Match max. control or median control Match max. control: this function is helpful only if there are at least two string controls (VMU-S units). The highest value of the meas- ured string power among those available is used as a reference value. The alarm set-point is a value which can be set by the user as a percentage of the refer- ence value below which there is the alarm condi- tion. - Median control: the measurement of the string power is performed by the local VMU-S module individually. Within the VMU-M system all values coming at the same instant</p>



## Main Function (Cont.)

<p>String window alarm</p> <p>Other alarms</p>	<p>from every VMU-S module are used to calculate the “median” value which becomes the reference value to which the dynamic window set-point (in percentage set by the user) is linked. The abnormal condition is detected when the measured instantaneous string power is out of the set window alarm. The alarm activates, with reference to the failed string, either a relay output (only in case of “VMU-O” connection) or/and a message which is transmitted by means of the RS485 communication port to an acquisition system. The alarm is set as the string power control, the value is programmable in percentage (of the measured string value) from 0.1 to 199.9. The alarms can be connected also to: A and V.</p>	<p>Control type “1”</p> <p>Control type “2”</p>	<p>The VMU-P module is present and both PV module temperature and irradiation are measured to calculate the reference value for the efficiency calculation. The VMU-P module is present and both ambient temperature and irradiation are measured to calculate the reference value for the efficiency calculation.</p>
<p><b>“PV string” efficiency measurement</b></p>	<p>Activation: NO/YES Three type of controls are available The VMU-P unit is not available therefore the single strings are used to calculate the reference value for the efficiency calculation.</p>	<p><b>BOS efficiency measurement</b></p>	<p>The total efficiency measurement is based on the comparison between the generated energy and the exported energy supplied to the grid. The grid supplied energy is measured by means of a “S0” output coming from an energy meter like EM21-72, EM24-DIN, EM26-96 where the pulsating output (-kWh) is connected to the second digital input of VMU-M.</p>
<p>Function enabling</p>		<p><b>Fuse blow detection</b> (only AV10 range code)</p>	<p>Warning message transmission through the local port to the VMU-M unit.</p>
<p>Control type “0”</p>		<p><b>Wrong PV string connection</b></p>	<p>Warning message transmission through the local port to the VMU-M unit.</p>

**Note:** the “String control”, the “PV string efficiency” and the “BOS efficiency” can be carried out only in case a minimum system is available like a VMU-M, plus a VMU-S, plus a VMU-P and an energy meter with pulsating output.

## Insulation between inputs and outputs

Module	Type of input/output	Any	VMU-M			VMU-P			VMU-O		VMU-S		
		Local bus	DC Power supply	Temperature or digital inputs: Ch1, Ch2	RS485	Temperature: Ch1, Ch2	Solar irradiation	Wind speed	Digital inputs: Ch1, Ch2, Ch3	Relay outputs: Ch1, Ch2	Input string (V-)	Input string (A+)	Output string (A+)
Any	Local bus	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-M	DC Power supply	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	Temperature or digital inputs: Ch1, Ch2	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	RS485	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-P	Temperature: Ch1, Ch2	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	Solar irradiation	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	Wind speed	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-O	Digital inputs: Ch1, Ch2, Ch3	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	Relay outputs: Ch1, Ch2	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-S	Input string (V-)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	>5MΩ
	Input string (A+)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV
	Output string (A+)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	>5MΩ	4kV	-

**Note:** The isolation between the two relay outputs is 4kV.

0kV	Inputs / outputs are not insulated. Use insulated probes and free of voltage contacts inputs.
4kVrms	EN61010-1, IEC60664-1 - Over-voltage category III, Pollution degree 2, double insulation on systems with max. 300Vrms to ground
4kVrms	IEC60664-1 - Using protection device with clamping voltage $\leq 4kV$ (surge suppressor) the system insulation can be considered as reinforced for string output voltage up to 1000V (800V to earth). IEC60664-1, IEC61730-2 application class B: impulse withstand voltage 1,2/50 $\mu$ sec: 6000V.
4kV	Only if the fuse is not present. The fuse is only for over-current protection (it has not to be considered as a disconnecting device).

## General specifications

<b>Operating temperature</b>	See table "String current vs. operating temperature".	<b>EMC (Immunity)</b> Electrostatic discharges  Immunity to irradiated Electromagnetic fields  Immunity to Burst  Immunity to conducted disturbances  Surge	According to EN61000-6-2 EN61000-4-2: 8kV air discharge, 4kV contact;  EN61000-4-3 : 10V/m from 80 to 3000MHz; EN61000-4-4: 4kV on power lines, 2kV on single lines;  EN61000-4-6: 10V from 150KHz to 80MHz; EN61000-4-5: 500V on power supply; 4kV on string inputs.
<b>Storage temperature</b>	-30 to +70°C (-22°F to 158°F) (R.H. < 90% non-condensing @ 40°C)		
<b>Over voltage category</b>	Cat. III (IEC 60664, EN60664) For inputs from string: equivalent to Cat. I, reinforced insulation.	<b>EMC (Emission)</b> Radio frequency suppression	According to EN61000-6-3 According to CISPR 22
<b>Insulation (for 1 minute)</b>	See table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"		
<b>Dielectric strength</b>	4000 VAC RMS for 1 minute		
<b>Noise rejection CMRR</b>	65 dB, 45 to 65 Hz		

## General specifications (cont.)

<b>Standard compliance</b> Safety	IEC60664, IEC61010-1 EN60664, EN61010-1	<b>Material</b>	Noryl, self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0
<b>Approvals</b>	CE, cULus Listed	<b>Mounting</b>	DIN-rail
<b>Housing</b> Dimensions (WxHxD)	17.5 x 90 x 67 mm	<b>Protection degree</b> Front Screw terminals	IP40 IP20

## Connections

<b>VMU-M</b> Connections Cable cross-section area	Screw-type 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max, Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm	Screw terminal purposes 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1+1 screw terminals: 1 positive for string input and 1 positive for string output (to the Inverter)
Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3+3 screw terminals used for two temperature inputs 3 screw terminals used for RS485 communication 2 screw terminals used for power supply	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 screw terminals: not power input, only for negative voltage signal measurement
<b>VMU-S AV10</b> Connections Cable cross-section area Current (+)	Screw-type  Min. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , max 6 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of flexible wire, Max. 10 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of rigid wire. Screws tightening torque: Max 1.1 Nm Max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> .	Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3+3 screw terminals used for two temperature probes 2 screw terminals used for wind speed sensor, 2 screw terminals used for solar irradiation sensor
Voltage (-)	Screws tightening torque: Max 0.5 Nm	<b>VMU-O</b> Connections Cable cross-section area Relay outputs and digital inputs	Screw-type
Screw terminal purposes 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1+1 screw terminals: 1 positive for string input and 1 positive for string output (to the Inverter)	"X" type Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	Max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm
1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 screw terminals: not power input, only for negative voltage signal measurement	"AT" type Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2+2 screw terminals: two for 1 <sup>st</sup> relay output and two for 2 <sup>nd</sup> relay output (SPST type) 2+2 screw terminals: two for 1 <sup>st</sup> digital input and two for 2 <sup>nd</sup> digital input
<b>VMU-S AV30</b> Connections Cable cross-section area Current (+)	Screw-type  Min. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , max 10 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of flexible wire, Max. 16 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of rigid wire. Hole dimension: 7.2x5.1mm. Screws tightening torque: Max 0.7 Nm Max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> . Screws tightening torque: Max 0.5 Nm	<b>Weight</b> (all modules)	Approx. 100 g (packing included)
Voltage (-)			

## Power supply specifications

VMU-M Power supply Power consumption VMU-S-P-O	12 to 28 VDC ≤1W	Power supply	Self-power supplied through the communication bus
		Power consumption	≤0.7W

## String current vs. operating temperature

VMU-S AV10 Input current	VMU-O Max. contact current	Other modules	Operating temperature	
10A DC max.	2.5A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 65°C	-13°F to 149°F
12A DC max.	3.0A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 60°C	-13°F to 140°F
14A DC max.	3.5A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 55°C	-13°F to 131°F
15A DC max.	4.0A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 50°C	-13°F to 122°F
16A DC max.	5.0A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 40°C	-13°F to 104°F
VMU-S AV30 Input current				
20A DC max.	2.5A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 65°C	-13°F to 149°F
25A DC max.	3.0A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 60°C	-13°F to 140°F
30A DC max.	3.5A	VMU-M, VMU-P	-25 to + 55°C	-13°F to 131°F

R.H. < 90% non condensing @ 40°C (104°F)

## Sizing of Carlo Gavazzi DC power supply without antitheft functionality

VMU-S units	VMU-O units	VMU-P units	Consumption	Start up current	Power supply part number
From 1 to 3	None	None	PS <sub>w</sub> : 2.5W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 18 1B or SPM3 24 1
From 1 to 3	Up to 1	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 5W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 18 1B or SPM3 24 1
From 4 to 10	From 2 to 4	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 11W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
From 11 to 14	Up to 1	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 10W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
Max. 14	Max. 7	Max. 1			Note: VMU-P as 1.8W includes also the CG (part number DWS-V) wind sensor consumption.

**Note:** the consumption above includes already one VMU-M unit without any antitheft management. For different units combination not mentioned above the consumption calculation is the following:  $PS_w < 1W + n_{VMU-S} * 0.5W + n_{VMU-O} * 0.7W + n_{VMU-P} * 1.8W$ . Where “n” is number of power supplied units.

## Sizing of Carlo Gavazzi DC power supply with antitheft functionality

VMU-S units	VMU-O.X units	VMU-O AT units	VMU-AT units	VMU-P units	Consumption	Start up current	Power supply part number
10 to 14	None	Up to 1	Up to 3	None	PS <sub>w</sub> : 12W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
10 to 13	Up to 1	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 13W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
10 to 12	Up to 2	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 14W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
10	Up to 3	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 14W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
Max. 14	Max. 3	Max. 1	Max. 3	Max. 1			Note: VMU-P as 1.8W includes also the CG (part number DWS-V) wind sensor consumption.

**Nota:** in order to carry out, in the Eos-Array, the proper antitheft functionality, one VMU-O.X.I3.R1.AT unit and up to three VMU-AT.X.P,M,C,X sensors have to be added, in this case the maximum equivalent added consumed power is 4W. For different units combination not mentioned above the consumption calculation is the following:  $PS_w < 1W + n_{VMU-S} * 0.5W + n_{VMU-O.X} * 0.7W + n_{VMU-O.AT} * 0.7W + n_{VMU-AT} * 1.1 + n_{VMU-P} * 1.8W$ . Where “n” is number of power supplied units.

## Stored set of variables in the VMU-M module

No.	Variable	Data format	Notes
1	Temperature 1	-60.0 to 400.0	The range is extended so to cover both °C and °F indication
2	Temperature 2	-60.0 to 400.0	The range is extended so to cover both °C and °F indication
3	BOS efficiency	0.0 to 999.9	“Total efficiency” result in percentage
4	AC energy value	0.0 to 99999.9	The value is in kWh and is the result of the totalized pulses coming from external energy meter

## Stored set of variables coming from every single VMU-S module

No.	Variable	Data format	Sub-address	Notes
1	V	0.0 to 1250.0	From 1 to 15	
2	A	0.0 to 20.00	From 1 to 15	
3	kW	0.0 to 99.99	From 1 to 15	
4	kWh	0.0 to 99999.9	From 1 to 15	
5	String efficiency	0.0 to 999.9		"PV string" efficiency result in percentage. Every string in the network has its own data.

## Stored set of variables coming from every single VMU-P module

No.	Variable	Data format	Sub-address	Notes
1	Temperature 1 (PV module)	-60.0 to 400.0	From 1 to 15	PV module temperature (°C/°F). The range is extended so to cover both °C and °F indication
2	Temperature 2 (Environment)	-60.0 to 400.0	From 1 to 15	Ambient temperature (°C/°F). The range is extended so to cover both °C and °F indication
3	Solar irradiation	0.0 to 9.999	From 1 to 15	Irradiation kW/m <sup>2</sup> (kW/feet <sup>2</sup> ). (e.g. in: 0 to 1kW/m <sup>2</sup> (1kW/feet <sup>2</sup> ), out: 0 to 100mV)
4	Wind speed	0.0 to 299.9	From 1 to 15	Wind speed (m/s) or feet/s

## Alarm and diagnostics messages

No.	Message	Notes
1	Conn.CY (AV10 only)	Fuse blow detection. The status of each fuse is indicated by the colour change of the relevant LED on the VMU-S module.
2	StrinG	String failure warning: the "String control" function has detected a failure. The STRING information is given in combination with the LED alarm on VMU-M and the LED colour code on every single string.
3	Conn.PY	The string is wrongly connected (reverse polarity)
4	SYStEM	Power-up self-test error
5	buS	Auxiliary bus communication error
6	ALArM	Variables alarm (any)
7	tHEft	Theft warning: removal of the PV modules in the fibre optic loop controlled by the relevant VMU-AT sensor. The THEFT information is given in combination with the LED alarm on VMU-M and the LED colour code on the relevant VMU-O.AT module.

## Historical data storing time table

Time interval (minutes) (1)	From 1 to 15 strings			
	Data storing time			
	Min. days	Min. weeks	Min. months	Note
1	6	0	0	(2), (3), (4)
5	34	4	1	(2), (3), (4)
10	69	9	2	(2), (3), (4)
15	104	14	3	(2), (3), (4)
30	208	29	7	(2), (3), (4)
60	416	59	14	(2), (3), (4)

(1) Every value stored in the memory, is the result of the average calculation, in the selected time interval of the variable being measured and sampled every 2 seconds. (2) A maximum of 10 000 variable sets can be stored into the memory independently from the type and quantity of managed modules (for a maximum of 15). (3) The stored variables are coming from the VMU-P module and are: PV module temperature, ambient temperature, irradiation and wind speed. (4) The stored variables are relevant to both String efficiency and BOS efficiency.

## List of the variables that can be displayed and connected to ...

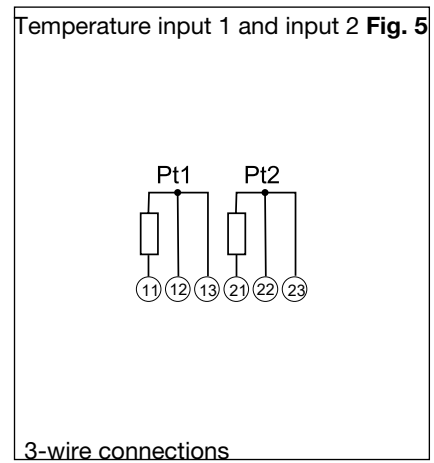
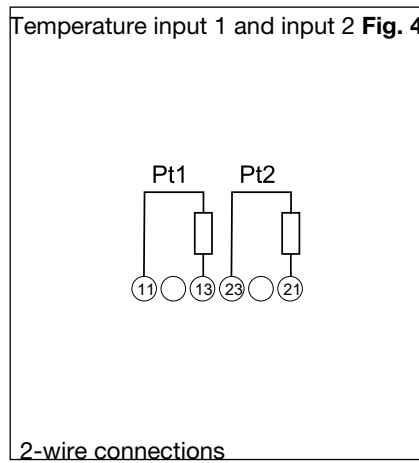
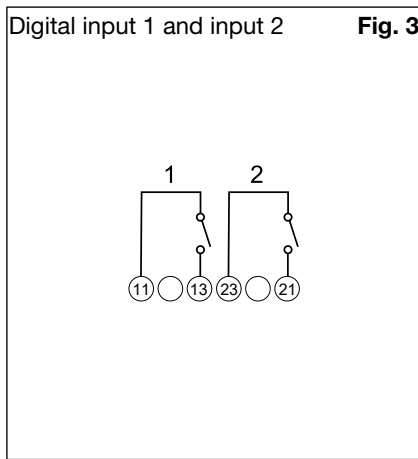
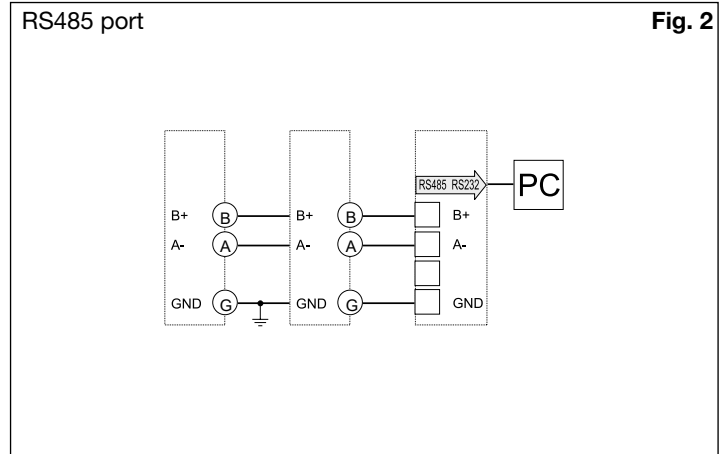
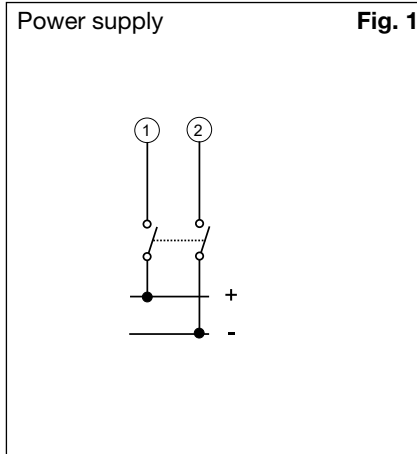
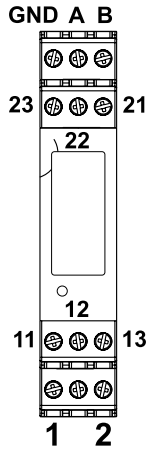
- RS485 communication port
- Real and virtual alarms and events
- Data-logging

No	Variable	Event-logging	Data-logging	Alarm output	Module (from)	Notes
1	°C (°F) (input 1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-M	As alternative of status detection (4)
2	°C (°F) (input 2)	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-M	As alternative of variable (5)
3	% BOS efficiency	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-M	BOS efficiency calculation of the PV plant (in case of one VMU-M unit only). In all other cases the calculation is made by the software.
4	ON / OFF status (input 1)	Yes	Yes	No	VMU-M	As alternative of variable (1)
5	kWh (input 2)	Yes	Yes	No	VMU-M	Counting of pulses coming from an energy meter, as alternative of variable (2)
6	Reset kWh (input 2)	No	No	No	VMU-M	Resetting of totalized pulses from AC energy meter
7	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-M	Local bus communication problems
8	Error: 2	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-M	Changed system modules configuration
9	Error: 3	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-M	Incoherent programming parameters
10	Error: 4	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-M	More than one VMU-P unit connected to the bus
11	Error: 5	Yes	No	Yes (b)	VMU-M	Short circuit on probe input 1
12	Error: 6	Yes	No	Yes (b)	VMU-M	Open circuit on probe input 1
13	Error: 7	Yes	No	Yes (b)	VMU-M	Short circuit on probe input 2
14	Error: 8	Yes	No	Yes (b)	VMU-M	Open circuit on probe input 2
15	Status: 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-M	Local programming access
16	Status: 2	Yes	No	No	VMU-M	Power ON/OFF
17	V	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	Available from every string
18	A	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	Available from every string
19	kW	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	Available from every string
20	kWh	Yes	Yes	No	VMU-S	Available from every string
21	Reset string kWh	No	No	No	VMU-S	Resetting DC string energy meter
22	Reset all strings kWh	No	No	No	VMU-S	Resetting all DC string energy meters
23	% string efficiency	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	String efficiency
24	Status: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S	Incoherent programming parameters
25	Status: 2	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S	Fuse blow detection
26	Status: 3	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S	Reverse string current or voltage
27	Status: 4	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S	High temperature inside VMU-S unit
28	String control	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	
29	°C (°F) input 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	PV module temperature
30	°C (°F) input 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	Air temperature
31	kWp/m <sup>2</sup> (kWp/ft <sup>2</sup> )	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	Solar irradiation
32	m/s (ft/s)	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	Wind speed
33	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-P	Incoherent programming parameters
34	Error: 2	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Short circuit on probe input 1
35	Error: 3	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Open circuit on probe input 1
36	Error: 4	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Short circuit on probe input 2
37	Error: 5	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Open circuit on probe input 2
38	Status: input 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
39	Status: input 2	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
40	Status: output 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
41	Status: output 2	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
42	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-O	Incoherent programming parameters

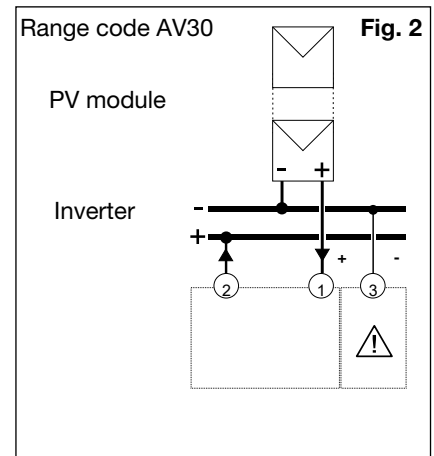
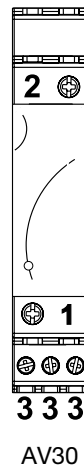
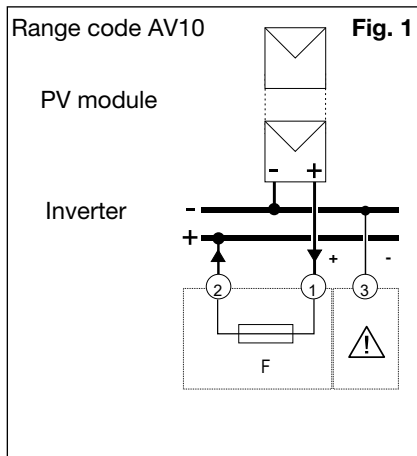
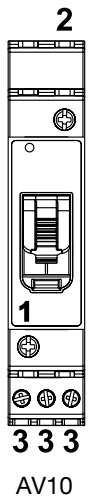
**Note about “Alarm output”:** YES (a), YES (b) and YES (c) are according to the relevant letter “OR” logic alarms.



## VMU-M connections



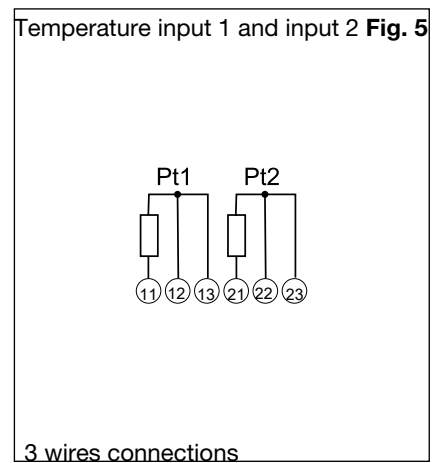
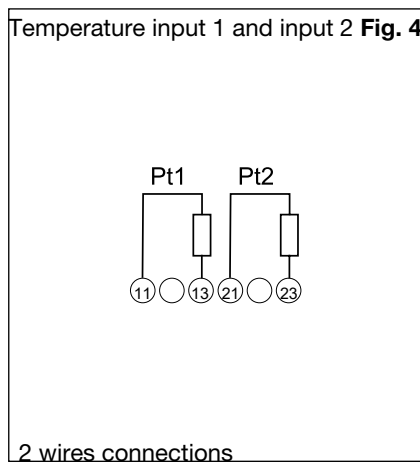
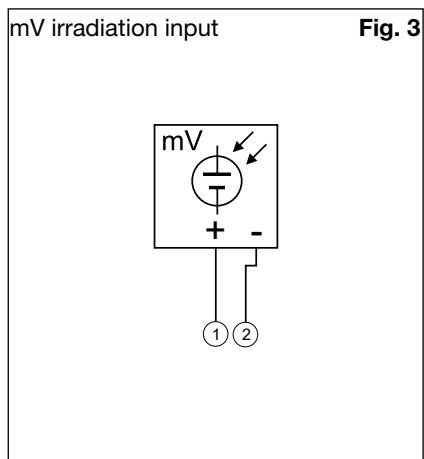
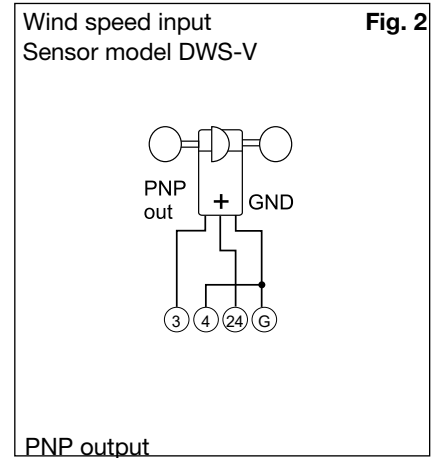
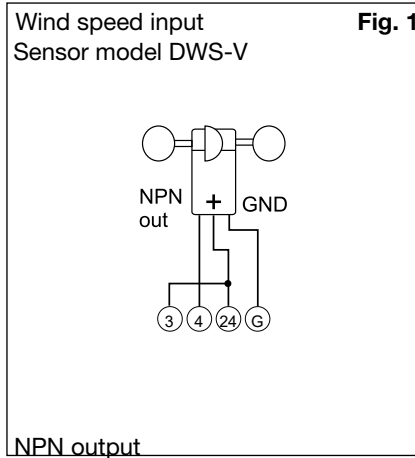
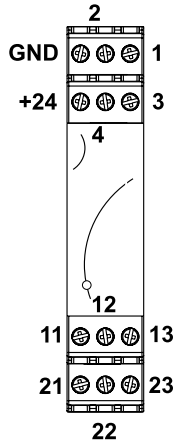
## VMU-S (AV10 and AV30) connections



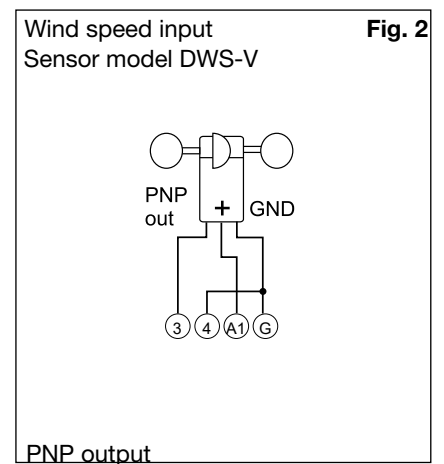
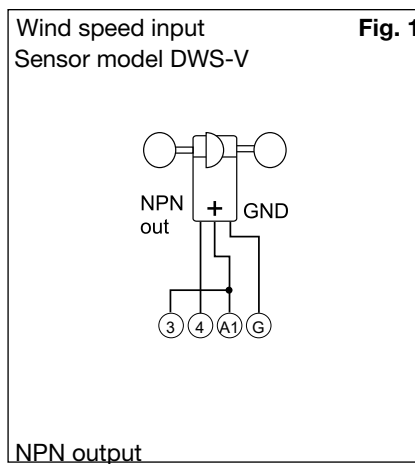
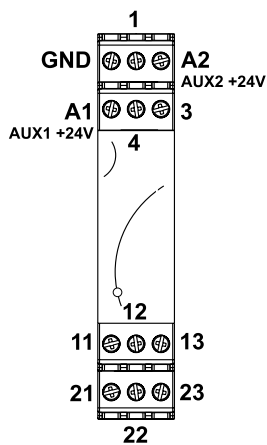
F= 10.3x38mm (IEC269-2-1) 1.25 lsc DC

= Not power input, only for voltage signal measurement.

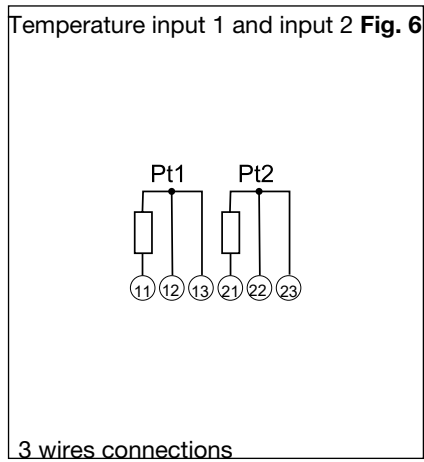
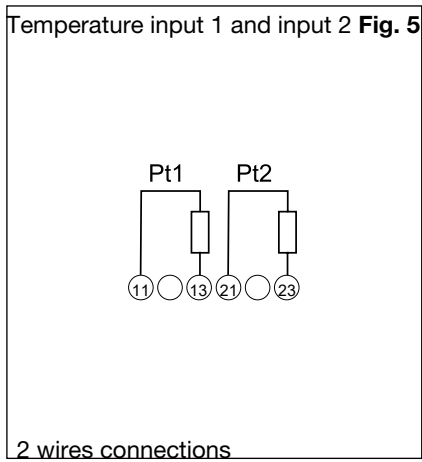
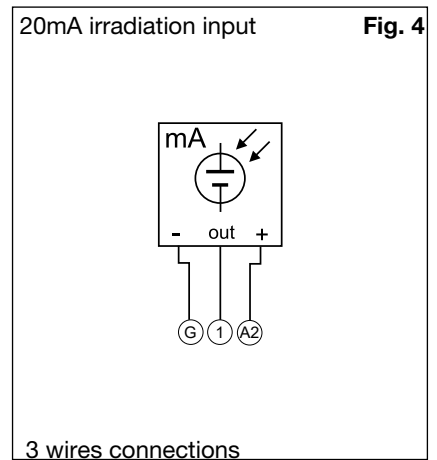
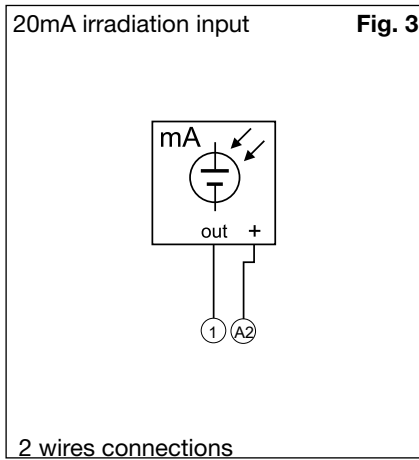
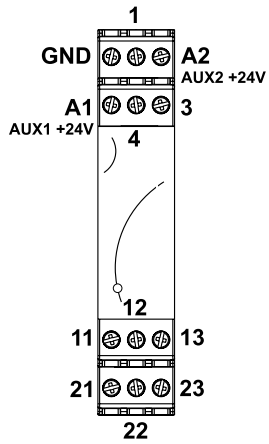
## VMU-P (2TIW) connections



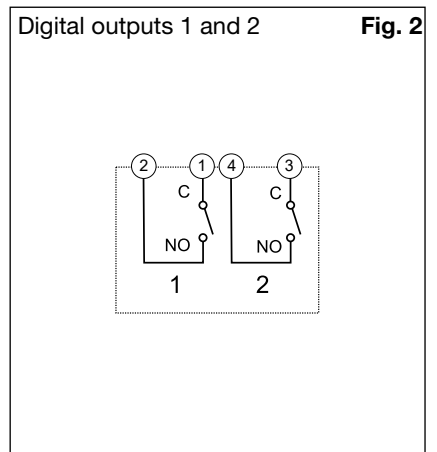
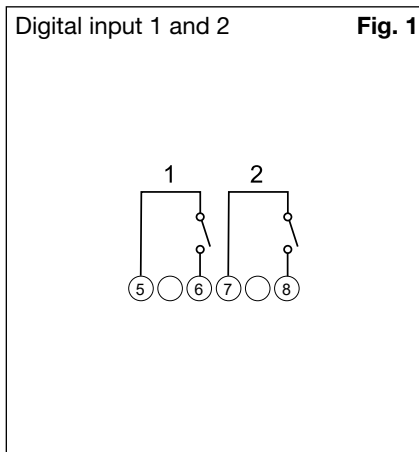
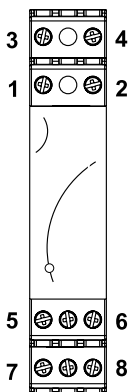
## VMU-P (2TCW) connections



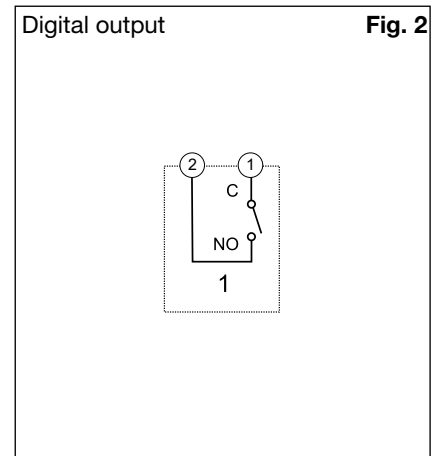
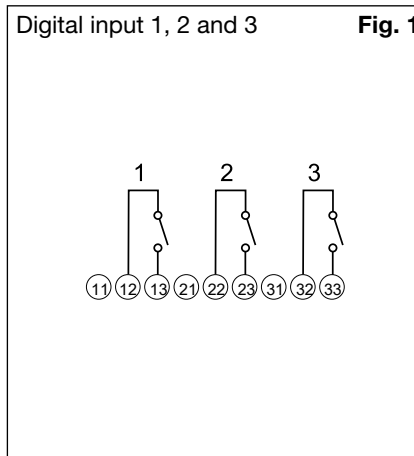
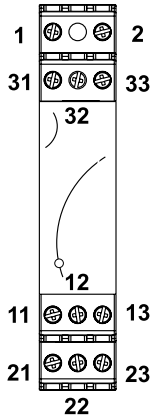
## VMU-P (2TCW) connections (cont.)



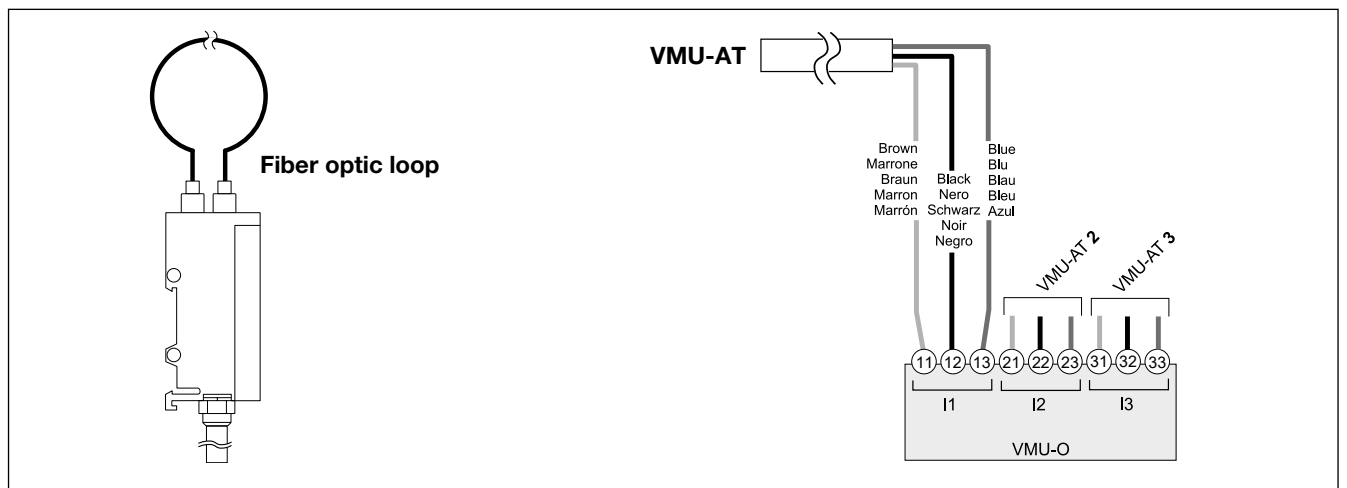
## VMU-O connections



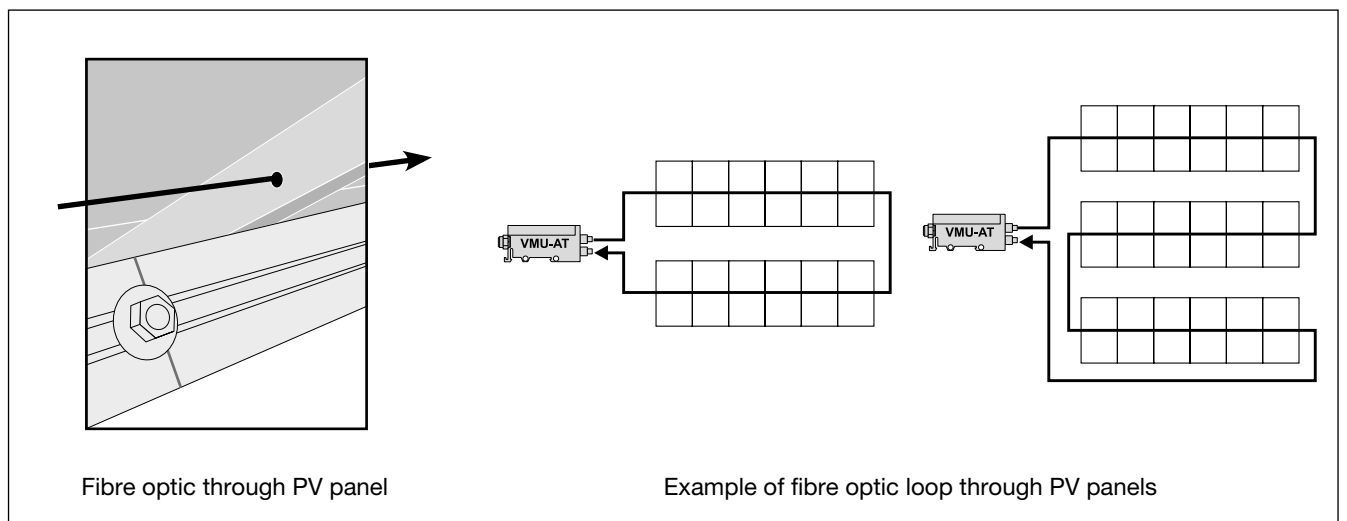
## VMU-O "AT" option connections



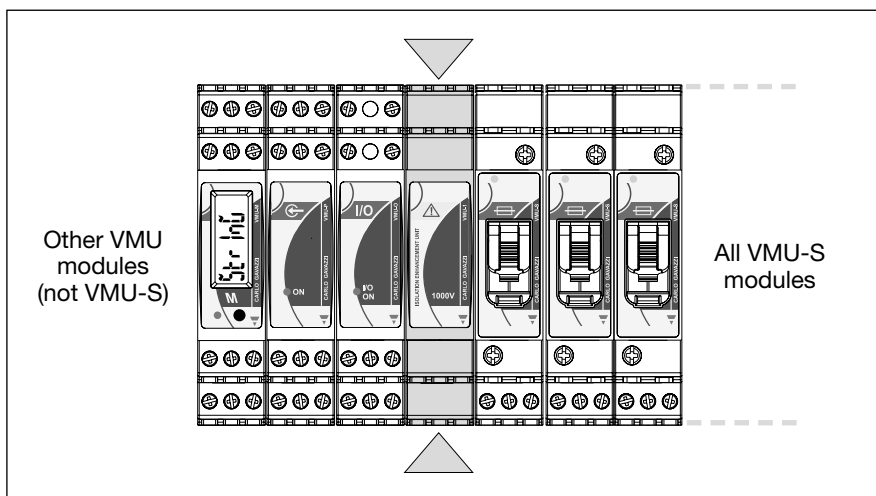
## VMU-AT connections



## VMU-AT mounting and use



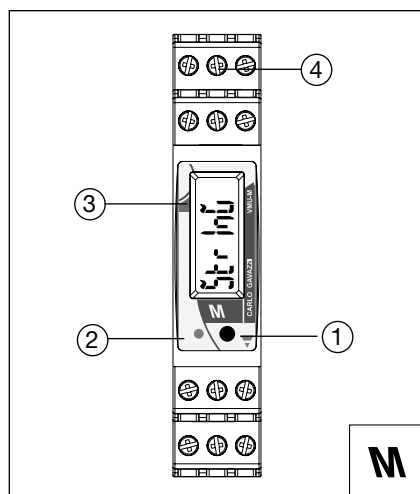
## VMU-1 mounting and positioning



The VMU-1 has to be mounted between the group of VMU-S and all the other modules as shown in the example picture on the left.

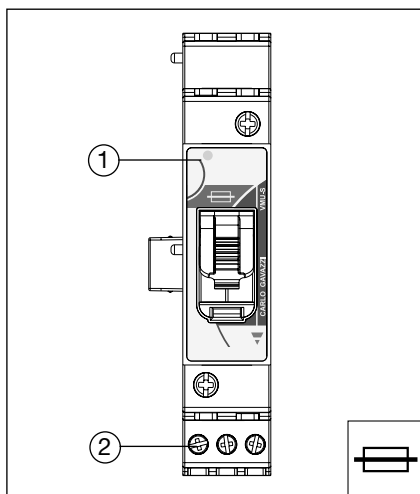
Every Eos-Array has to be equipped only with one VMU-1.

## VMU-M Front panel description



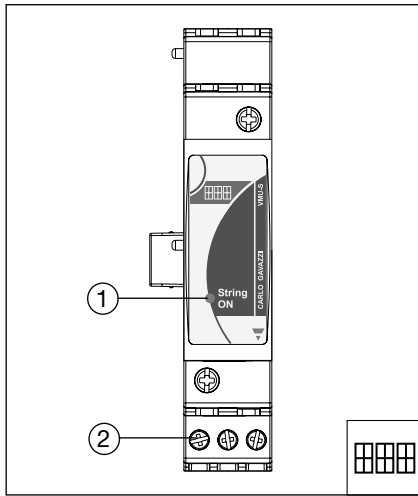
1. **Push button.**  
To program the configuration parameters and to scroll the variables. One key function: short time pushbutton click: variable scroll or parameter increasing. Long time pushbutton click: programming procedure entering, parameter selection confirmation.
2. **LED.**  
Green steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no communication on the RS485 bus. Green blinking light: the communication on the RS485 bus is working. Red: alarm detected (any). In case of alarm/communication condition the LED alternates its colour from red (alarm) to green. The blinking time is approx. 1 second.
3. **Display.**  
LCD-type with alphanumeric indications to:
  - display some configuration parameters;
  - display some measured variables.
4. **Screw terminals.**  
For power supply, bus and digital inputs/output connections

## VMU-S Front panel description (AV10 range code: 16A)



1. **LED**  
Green: the power supply is ON, there is a string current up to 1A;  
Yellow: there is a string current from 1.1 to 3A;  
Light orange: there is a string current from 3.1 to 6A;  
Orange: there is a string current from 6.1 to 8A;  
Dark orange: there is a string current from 8.1 to 10A;  
Red: there is a string current higher than 10A;  
White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying.  
Cycling from blue to any other colour listed above (from yellow to red): string alarm  
Cycling from blue to green: blown fuse.  
Cycling from blue to violet: inverted string polarity.  
Cycling from white to any other colour: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying and shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.
2. **Screw terminals**  
For string connections

## VMU-S Front panel description (AV30 range code: 30A)



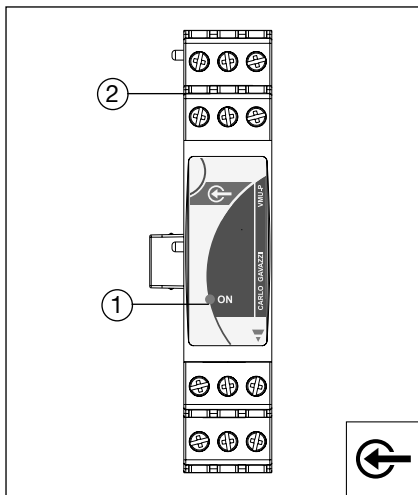
### 1. LED

Green: the power supply is ON, there is a string current up to 1A;  
 Yellow: there is a string current from 1.1 to 6A;  
 Light orange: there is a string current from 6.1 to 12A;  
 Orange: there is a string current from 12.1 to 16A;  
 Dark orange: there is a string current from 16.1 to 20A;  
 Red: there is a string current higher than 20A;  
 White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying.  
 Cycling from blue to any other colour listed above (from yellow to red): string alarm  
 Cycling from blue to violet: inverted string polarity.  
 Cycling from white to any other colour: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying and shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.

### 2. Screw terminals

For string connections

## VMU-P Front panel description



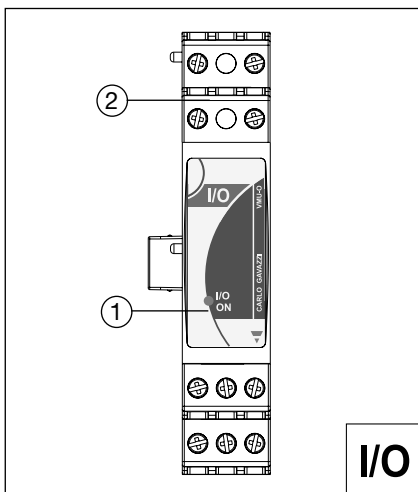
### 1. LED

ON steady light: the module is power supplied.  
 Green: the power supply is ON.  
 White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying

### 2. Screw terminals

For measuring input connections

## VMU-O/VMU-O AT Front panel description



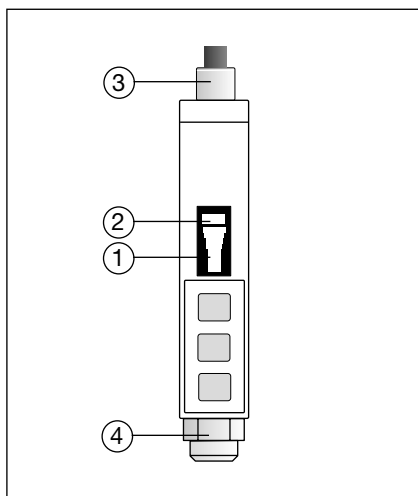
### 1. LED

ON steady light: the module is power supplied.  
 Green: the power supply is ON  
 White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying.  
 Red: one or up to three digital inputs are activated  
 Blue: one or both digital outputs are activated  
 Cycling from one colour to any other one: the unit shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.  
 The cycling time is approx. 1 second.

### 2. Screw terminals

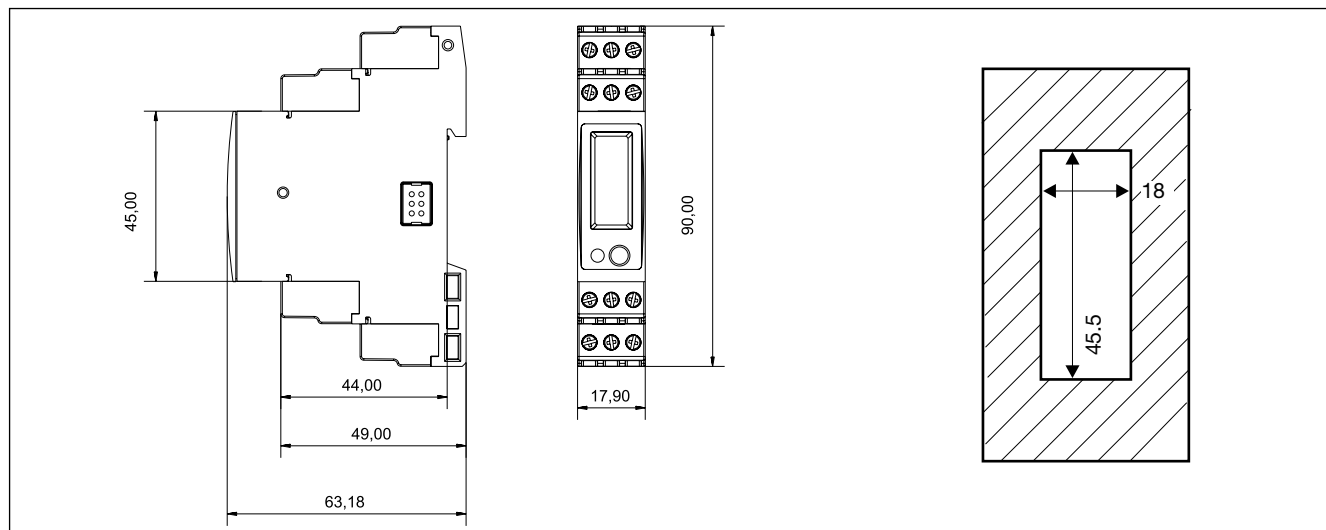
For digital inputs and outputs connections

## VMU-AT Front panel description

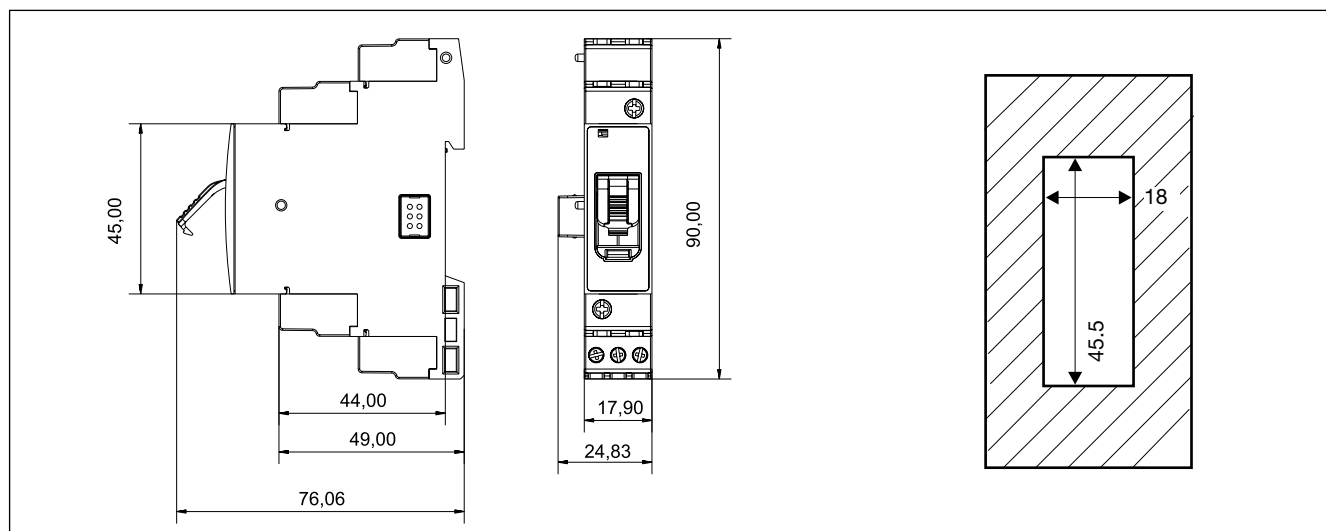


1. **Green LED**  
The power supply is ON
2. **Red LED**  
The optical signal loop is working
3. **Optical fibre connectors**  
One RX and one TX optical fibre connector
4. **One cable**  
Cable for power supply and signal output.

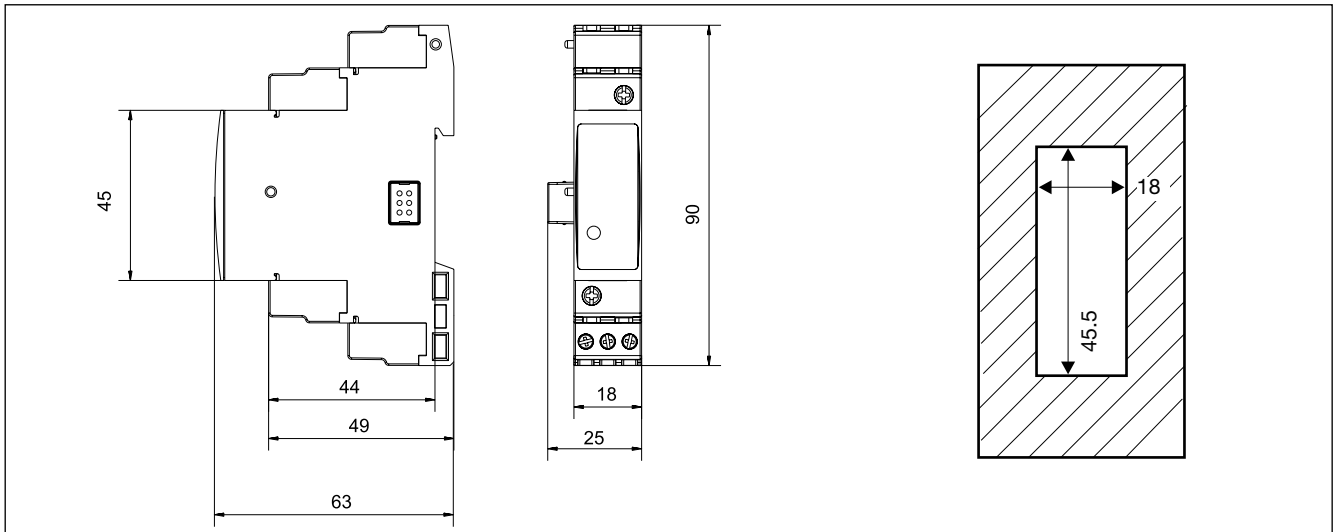
## VMU-M Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



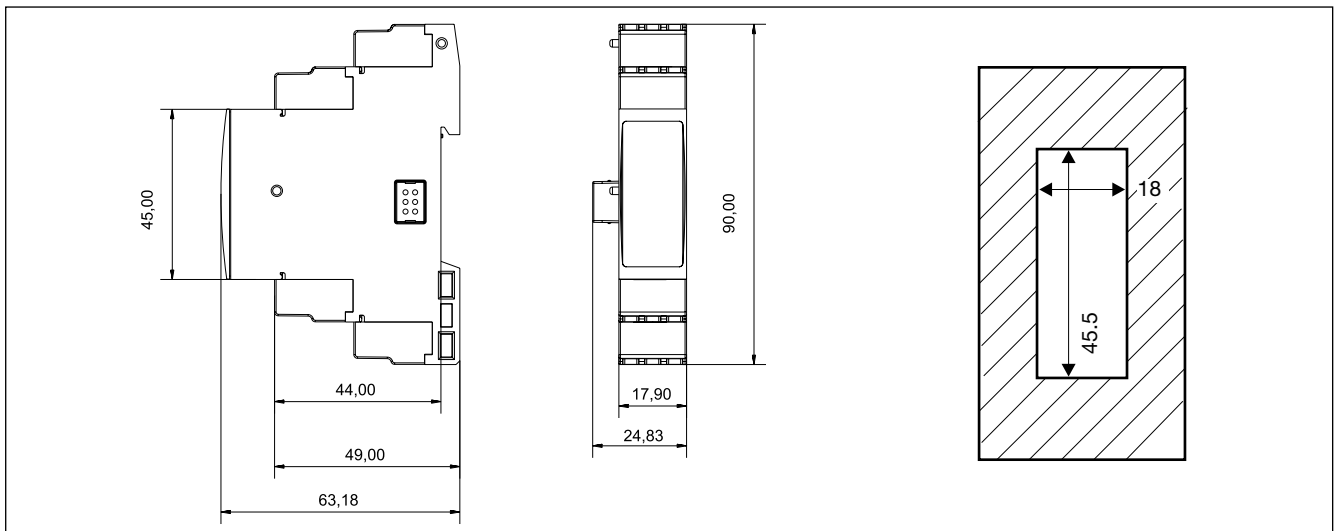
## VMU-S (AV10) Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



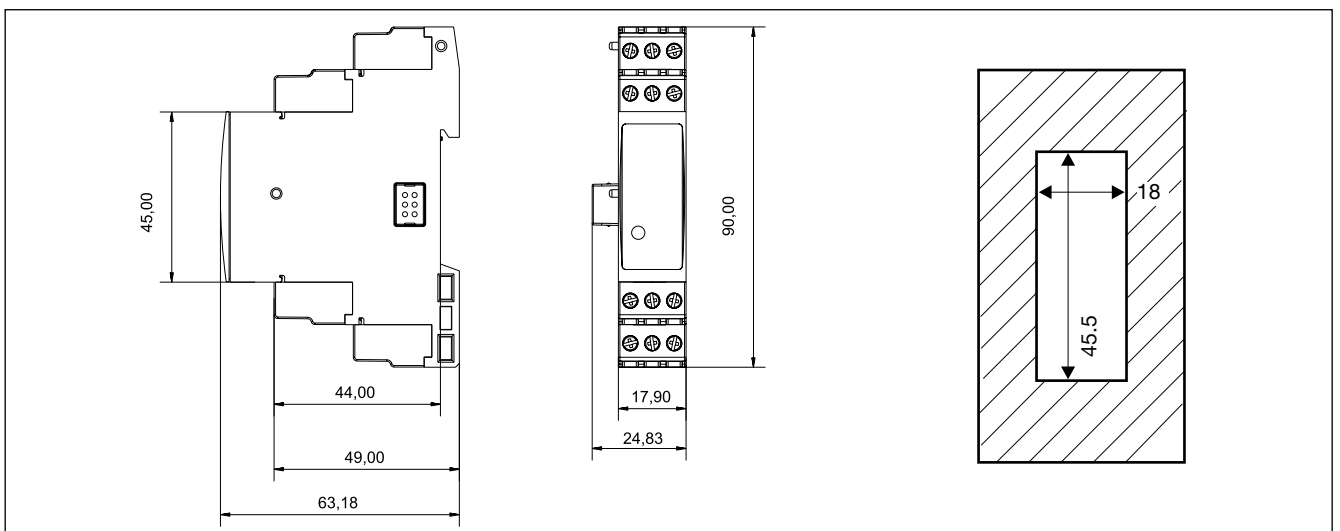
### VMU-S (AV30) Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



### VMU-1 Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)

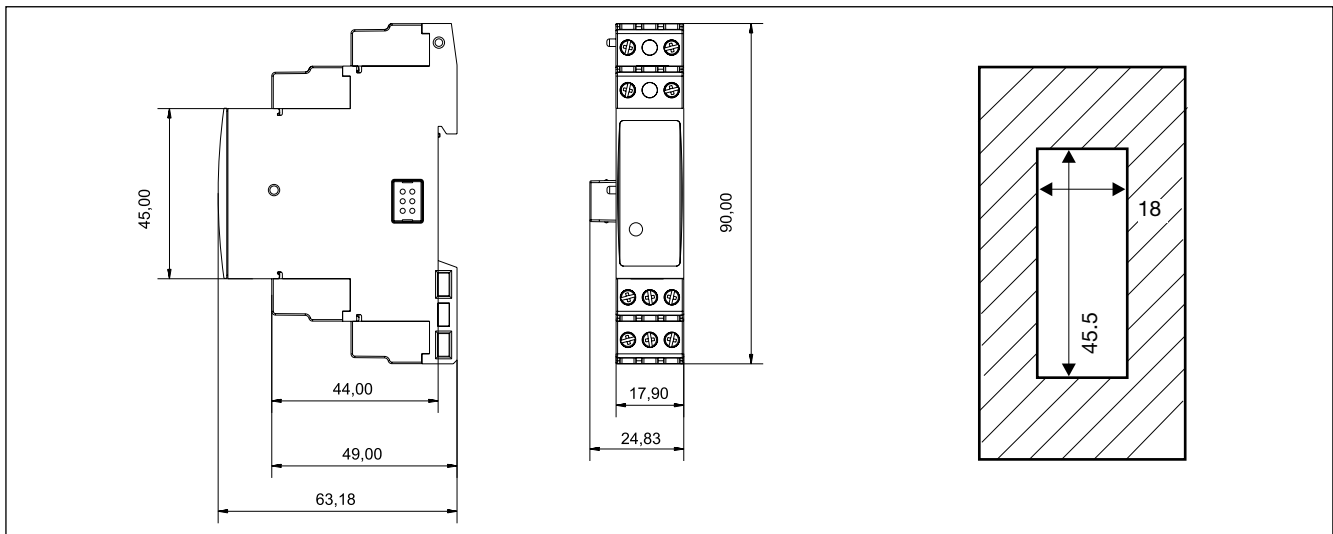


### VMU-P Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)

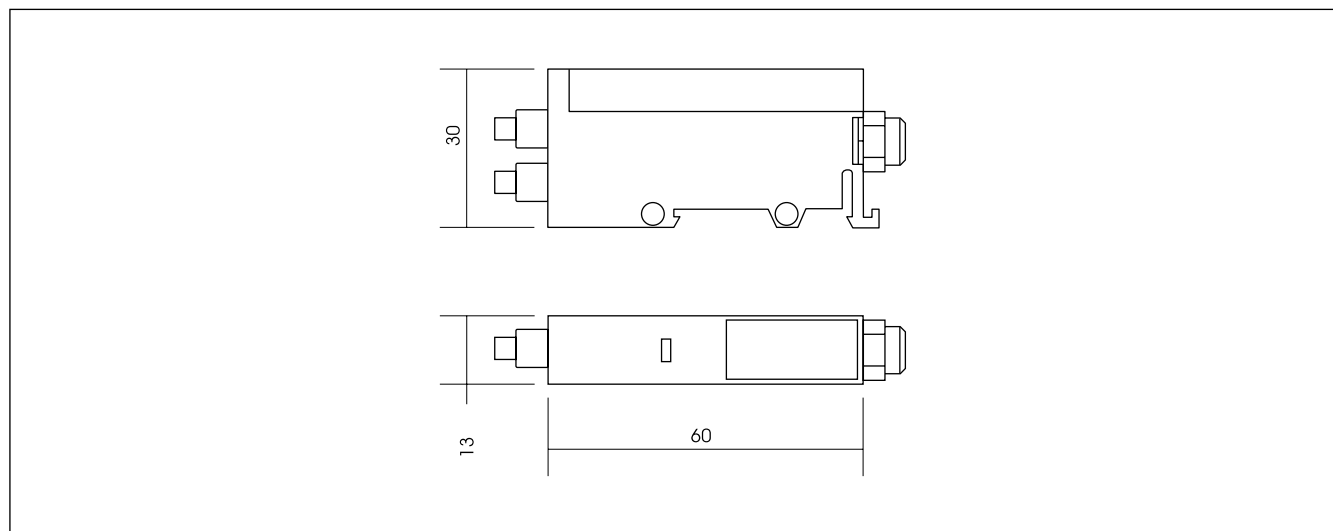




### VMU-O/VMU-O AT Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



### VMU-AT Dimensions (mm)





### Mean time to failure (MTTF)

Model	MTTF/MTBF - Years	Test conditions	Standard
VMU-M	24.2	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F
VMU-S	35.4	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F
VMU-P	65.4	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F
VMU-O	31.7	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F

gf: ground, fixed.

### Eos-ArraySoft parameter programming and variable reading software

**Eos-ArraySoft**

Application

Configuration mode

Multi-language software (Italian, English, French, German, Spanish) for variable reading and parameters programming. The program runs under Windows XP/ Vista/7.

Up to two different applications can be selected:

- Solar: a management of a limited network where Eos-ArraySoft manages basically one VMU-M unit with relevant VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O modules and maybe an energy meter connected to the VMU-M digital input;
- Solar extended: a management of a complex network where Eos-ArraySoft manages many VMU-M modules and relevant sub networks (VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O units) and maybe an energy meter (EM21-72D, EM24-DIN, EM26-96) connected to the same RS485 bus.

There are two configuration

- Data storing
- Data download
- Data displaying
- Alarm set-up
- Modem management

levels:

- the RS485 communication network which can include either one or more VMU-M units;
- the auxiliary network with all the parameters relevant to the following modules: VMU-M, VMU-S, VMU-P, VMU-O.

In pre-formatted XLS files (Excel data base). Manual or automatic at programmable intervals. The following matrix is available:

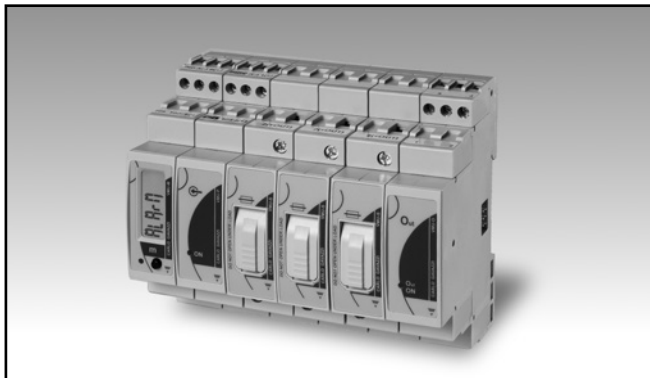
- String 1: V-A-kW-kWh;
- String 2: V-A-kW-kWh;
- String n: V-A-kW-kWh.
- Main: PV module temperature, air temperature, irradiation and wind speed. Alarm parameters.

GSM/GPRS modem configuration (connected to the PC) SMS messages.

# Energy Management

## Control solution for solar PV applications

### Type Eos-Array Lite



- Modular local control system for PV plants
- Up to 17 DIN modules configuration equivalent to 280mm width
- Eos-ArrayLSoft freeware software for easy product configuration
- Eos-Array can be formed by maximum 17 units
- Eos-Array can manage in addition to VMU-ML master unit up to:
  - max 1 VMU-P unit;
  - max 15 VMU-S0 units;
  - max 1 VMU-O units.
  - max 1 VMU-1

### VMU-ML, master unit



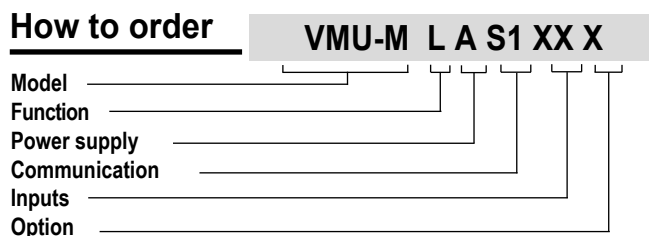
- Master communication capability
- RS485 communication port (Modbus)
- Local communication bus management up to 15 mixed VMU-S0, VMU-P and VMU-O units
- Single virtual or real alarm set-point connectable to any available variable
- Display readout: 6 DGTs
- 12 to 28 VDC power supply
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

### Product Description

Eos-Array Lite is a combination of modules which performs mainly a current and voltage control of a photovoltaic plant. The core unit is VMU-ML which performs the local bus management of VMU-S0, VMU-P both measuring units and VMU-O output unit. VMU-ML assigns the proper local unit

address automatically (up to 15 units) and gathers all the local measurements coming from VMU-S0 and VMU-P measuring units. VMU-ML can provide by means of VMU-O modules one relay output so to manage up to 1 real alarm. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

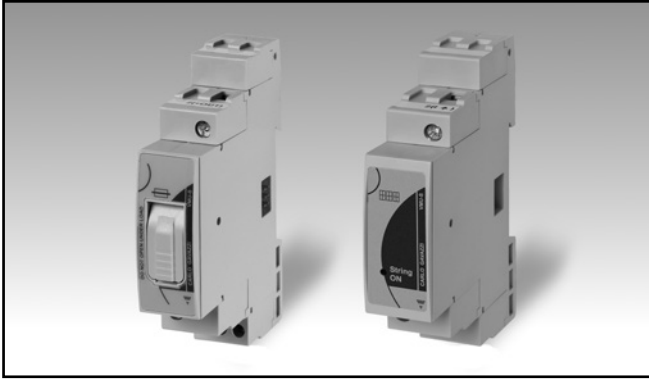
### How to order



### Type Selection

Function	Power supply	Communication	Inputs
L: Lite (*)	A: From 12 to 28VDC (*)	S1: RS485 Modbus (*)	XX: none (*)
Option	(*) as standard.		
X: none			

## VMU-S0, string measuring unit



- Direct DC voltage measurement up to 1000V
- Direct DC current measurement up to 16A or up to 30A without fuse
- Instantaneous variables data format: 4 DGTs
- Instantaneous variables: V, A.
- Accuracy:  $\pm 0.5$  RDG (current/voltage)
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-ML unit
- String alarm management by means of VMU-ML unit
- Integrated 10.3x38mm fuse holder for string protection
- Fuse blow detection by means of VMU-ML unit only
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

### Product Description

Variables measuring unit with built-in protection fuse-holder (the fuse is not provided), particularly indicated for DC current, voltage, metering in PV solar applications. The current inputs/outputs and also the voltage inputs are made so to simplify the string common connections. Direct connection

up to 16A or 30A. Moreover the unit is provided with an auxiliary serial communication bus. Alarms, fuse blow detection, and serial communication are managed by means of VMU-ML module. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order

**VMU-S0 AV10 X S FX**



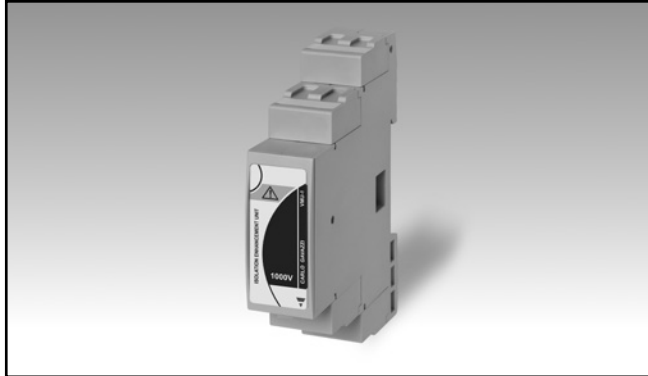
### Type Selection

Range	Power supply	Communication	Option
<b>AV10:</b> 1000V DC, 16A (Direct connection) (*)	<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-ML unit	<b>S:</b> auxiliary communication bus, compatible only to VMU-ML module (*)	<b>XX:</b> none (no fuse holder)
<b>AV30:</b> 1000V DC, 30A (Direct connection) (**) In this case the "Option" is "XX".			<b>FX:</b> with fuse holder (*)

(\*) as standard.  
 (\*\*) on request.

## VMU-1, isolation enhancement unit

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- Isolation enhancement of voltage measuring inputs to earth of VMU-S0: from 800VDC (without VMU-1) to 1000VDC max.
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

### Product Description

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Isolation enhancement unit suitable to be used in combination with VMU modules. VMU-1 allows to enhance the isolation of the voltage measuring input to earth from 800VDC to 1000VDC.

The module is to be mounted between the first VMU-S0 and all the other VMU modules. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order

**VMU-1 1000**

Standard model

### Type Selection

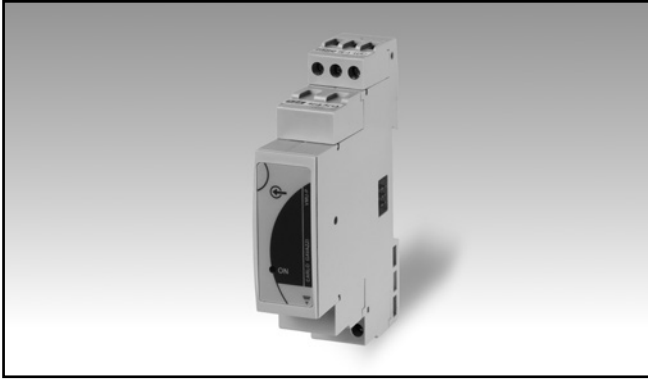
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#### Standard model

---

**Isolation voltage 1000V:** isolation enhancement on VMU-S0 voltage measuring input to earth from 800VDC (without module) to 1000VDC.  
 Note: only one VMU-1 is needed per Eos-Array.

## VMU-P, environment variables unit

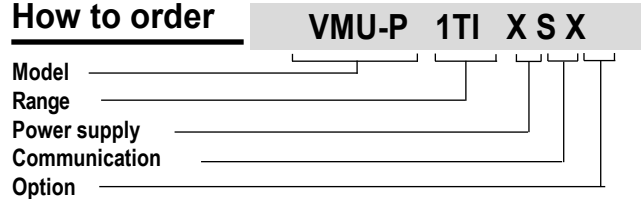


- Measurements: PV module temperature or air temperature, sun irradiation
- One temperature input: Pt100 or Pt1000 type
- One 120mV or 20mA DC input with scaling capability for irradiation measurement
- Auxiliary communication bus to VMU-ML unit
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-ML unit
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

### Product Description

Environment variables measurement unit particularly indicated for PV module temperature or air temperature and sun irradiation, metering in PV solar applications. Moreover the unit is provided with a specific serial communication bus, which is managed by means of the additional VMU-ML module. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order

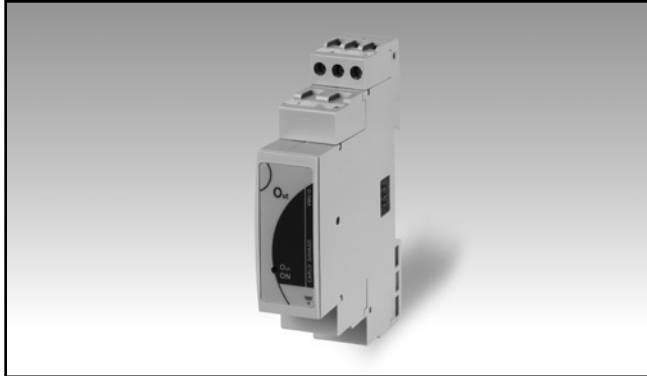


### Type Selection

Range	Power supply	Communication	Option
<b>1TI:</b> One "Pt" temperature type probe, mV sun irradiation input (*)	<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-ML unit	<b>S:</b> auxiliary communication bus, compatible only to VMU-ML module (*)	<b>X:</b> none
<b>1TC:</b> One "Pt" temperature type probe, mA sun irradiation input (*)			

(\*) as standard.

## VMU-O, relay outputs unit



- One relay output managed by the VMU-ML module
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-ML unit
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

### VMU-O Product Description

Relay output unit suitable to be used in combination with VMU-ML module. VMU-O allows to add one relay output to a VMU-ML based

system so to manage local alarms. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

### How to order

**VMU-O X XX R1 X**



### Type Selection

Power supply	Inputs	Outputs	Option
<b>X:</b> from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-ML unit (*)	<b>XX:</b> none	<b>R1:</b> one relay output (*)	<b>X:</b> none

(\*) as standard.



## VMU-ML Display and LED specifications

<b>Display</b>	1 line (max: 6-DGT)	the communication on the RS485 bus is working. Red: alarm detected (any). In case of alarm/communication condition the LED alternates its colour from red (alarm) to green. The blinking time is approx. 1 second.
Type	LCD, h 7mm	
Information read-out	4-DGT	
<b>LED</b>		
Type	Dual colour	
Status and colour	Green steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no communication on the RS485 bus. Green blinking light:	

## VMU-P LED specifications

<b>LED</b>		White: the unit is enabled by VMU-ML module for data reading and displaying.
Type	Multicolor	
Status and colour	Green: the power supply is ON.	

## VMU-O LED specifications

<b>LED</b>		activated. Cycling from one colour to any other one: the unit shows the status of the module according to the colour list above. The cycling time is approx. 1 second.
Type	Multicolor	
Status and colour	Green: the power supply is ON. White: the unit is enabled by VMU-ML module for data reading and displaying. Blue: digital output is	

## VMU-ML input specifications

<b>Key-pad</b>	1 push-button for variable scrolling and for some parameters programming.	Full programming can be carried out only using Eos-ArrayLSoft.
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## VMU-S0 input specifications

<b>Rated inputs</b>		Start up current	0.05A
Current type	1 (shunt)	Start up voltage	10V
Current range	AV10 range: 16A DC @ 40°C, 15A @ 50°C, 14A @ 55°C, 12A @ 60°C, 10A @ 65°C AV30 range: 30A DC @ 55°C, 25A DC @ 60°C, 20A DC @ 65°C AV10 range: 1000V DC AV30 range: 1000V DC	AV30 range code	±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 0.2A to 30A
Voltage	(@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%)	Current	±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 20V to 1000V
<b>Accuracy</b>		Voltage	±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 20V to 1000V
AV10 range code	±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 0.05A to 16A	Start up current	0.2A
Current	±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 20V to 1000V	Start up voltage	10V
Voltage		<b>Temperature drift</b>	≤200ppm/°C
		<b>Measurement sampling time</b>	2 sec.
		<b>Variables format</b>	
		Instantaneous variables	4-DGT (A), 5-DGT (V)
		Resolution	0.1V; 0.01A.



## VMU-S0 input specifications (cont.)

<b>Max. and Min. data format</b> <b>Input impedance</b> AV10 range code Voltage Current	See "Variables format"  $> 2.5M\Omega$ $< 0.006\Omega$ (+ fuse impedance) @ 0.5 Nm (screw terminal torque). The maximum dissipation power has not to exceed 2W.	<b>Current Overloads</b> Continuous  For 1s	AV10 range: 16A AV30 range: 30A AV10 range: 100A max AV30 range: 150A max
AV30 range code Voltage Current	$> 2.5M$ $< 0.003\Omega$ @ 0.5 Nm (screw terminal torque)	<b>Protection</b> Fuse holder Fuse type Fuse size Fuse current	Integrated into the module gPV 10x38mm (IEC60269-1-6) Fuse NOT provided. Note: the fuse rated current has to be $\geq 1.4$ Isc at 45°C ambient temperature. See fuse manufacturer specifications for further details including de-rating caused by higher ambient temperature.
<b>Voltage Overloads</b> Continuous For 500ms To earth	1100V 1600V 800V (extended to 1000V in case of combined use of VMU-1.1000V unit)		

## VMU-P input specifications

<b>Temperature drift</b>	$\leq 200\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$	Impedance Overload Continuous	$> 30K\Omega$  10VDC (measurement available up to 1V on both display and communication bus) 20VDC See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"
<b>Variables format</b> Instantaneous variables  Resolution	4 DGT (Temperature, solar irradiation) $0.1^\circ\text{C}/0.1^\circ\text{F}$ ; $1\text{W}/\text{m}^2$ , $1\text{W}/\text{ft}^2$ ;	For 1s Insulation	
<b>Max. and Min. data format</b>	See "Variables format"		
<b>Temperature probe input</b> Number of inputs Temperature probe Number of wires Wire compensation Accuracy (@25°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ , R.H. $\leq 60\%$ ) (Display + RS485)  Temperature drift Engineering unit Insulation	1 Pt100 or Pt1000 Up to 3-wire connection Up to 10 $\Omega$ .  See table "Temperature input characteristics" $\pm 150\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$ Selectable $^\circ\text{C}$ or $^\circ\text{F}$ See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"	<b>Irradiation sensor inputs (range code: 1TC)</b> Number of inputs Range Accuracy (Display + RS485) (@25°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ , R.H. $\leq 60\%$ )  Temperature drift Scaling factor Operating mode	1 0 to 20mA DC  $\pm(0.2\%\text{RDG}+1\text{DGT})$ 0% to 25% FS; $\pm(0.1\%\text{RDG}+1\text{DGT})$ 25% to 120% FS. $\pm 150\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$  Dual scale: - Input: programmable range from 0 to 25.0 (mADC) - Display: programmable range from 0 to 9999 (kW/m <sup>2</sup> , kW/ft <sup>2</sup> ) Fixed. $\leq 23\Omega$
<b>Irradiation sensor inputs (range code: 1TI)</b> Number of inputs Range Accuracy (Display + RS485) (@25°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ , R.H. $\leq 60\%$ )  Temperature drift Scaling factor Operating mode	1 0 to 120mVDC  $\pm(0.2\%\text{RDG}+1\text{DGT})$ 0% to 25% FS; $\pm(0.1\%\text{RDG}+1\text{DGT})$ 25% to 120% FS. $\pm 150\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$  Dual scale: - Input: programmable range from 0 to 150.0 (mVDC) - Display: programmable range from 0 to 9999 (kW/m <sup>2</sup> , kW/ft <sup>2</sup> ) Fixed.	Decimal point position Impedance Overload Continuous  For 1s Insulation	50mADC (measurement available up to 25mA on both display and communication bus) 150mADC See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"
Decimal point position	Fixed.		

## VMU-P Temperature input characteristics

Probe	Range	Accuracy (@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%)	Min Indication	Max Indication
Pt100	-50°C to +200.0°C	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-50.0	+200.0
Pt100	-58°F to +392°F	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-58.0	+392.0
Pt1000	-50°C to +200.0°C	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-50.0	+200.0
Pt1000	-58°F to +392°F	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-58.0	+392.0

## VMU-ML Output specifications

<b>RS485</b>	Slave function	<b>Auxiliary communication bus</b>	puts” This is the communication bus to the VMU-S0, VMU-P and VMU-O units where VMU-ML performs the master function in this network. VMU-ML unit can gather the following information from the bus: - All variables available on the bus; - Antitheft status; - PV reverse voltage and current polarity; - PV module status. The local address in the VMU-S0, VMU-P and VMU-O units is automatically assigned by VMU-ML master unit based on their positions. It can manage up to 15 different addresses (units). See the table “Insulation between inputs and outputs”
Type	Multidrop, bidirectional (static and dynamic variables)		
Connections	2-wire. Max. distance 1000m	<b>Insulation</b>	
Addresses	247, selectable by means of the front push-button		
Protocol	MODBUS/JBUS (RTU)		
Data (bidirectional)			
Dynamic (reading only)	All variables, see “List of the variables that can be...”		
Static (writing only)	All the configuration parameters.		
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bit, no parity, 1 stop bit		
Baud-rate	Selectable: 9600, 19200, 38400, 115200 bits/s Parity: none		
Driver input capability	1/5 unit load. Maximum 160 transceivers on the same bus.		
Special functions	None		
Insulation	See the table “Insulation between inputs and out-		

## VMU-O Output specifications

<b>Maximum number of modules managed by every single VMU-ML module</b>	Up to 1	Type	Relay, SPST type AC 1-5A @ 250VAC AC 15-1A @ 250VAC Available by means of VMU-O module only
<b>Digital output</b>		<b>Insulation</b>	See the table “Insulation between inputs and outputs”
Number of outputs	1		
Purpose	Alarm notification as a String alarm and other alarms (see “List of the variables that can be connected to...”		



## Main Function

<p><b>Displaying</b> VMU-ML module</p> <p>When a VMU-S0 module is selected</p> <p>When a VMU-P module is selected</p> <p>When a VMU-O module is selected</p>	<p>1 parameter per page "Alarm and diagnostics messages"</p> <p>All the information related to the status of the string being selected by means of the front key (see the table "List of the variables that can be...").</p> <p>All the information related to the status of the environment probes being selected by means of the front key (see the table "List of the variables that can be...").</p> <p>All the information related to the status of the output being selected by means of the front key (see the table "List of the variables that can be...").</p>		<p>controls (VMU-S0 units). The highest value of the measured string current among those available is used as a reference value. The alarm set-point is a value that can be set by the user as a percentage of the reference value below which there is the alarm condition.</p> <p>- Median control: the measurement of the string power is performed by the local VMU-S0 module individually. Within the VMU-ML system all values coming at the same instant from every VMU-S0 module are used to calculate the "median" value which becomes the reference value to which the dynamic window set-point (in percentage set by the user) is linked. The abnormal condition is detected when the measured instantaneous string current is out of the set window alarm. The alarm activates, with reference to the failed string, either a relay output (only in case of "VMU-O" connection) or/and a message which is transmitted by means of the RS485 communication port to an acquisition system.</p> <p>The alarm is set as the string power control, the value is programmable in percentage (of the measured string value) from 0.1 to 199.9.</p> <p>The alarms can be connected also to the string voltage.</p>
<p><b>Password</b></p> <p>1<sup>st</sup> level</p> <p>2<sup>nd</sup> level</p>	<p>Numeric code of max. 4 digits; 2 protection levels of the programming data: Password "0", no protection; Password from 1 to 9999, all data are protected</p>		
<p><b>Alarms</b></p> <p>Number of alarms</p> <p>Alarm types Alarm modes</p> <p>Set-point adjustment</p> <p>Hysteresis On-time delay Output status</p> <p>Min. response time</p>	<p>One, independent for every single available variable (see the table "List of the variables that can be...")</p> <p>Virtual alarm or real alarm Up alarm, down alarm (see the table "List of the variables that can be connected to ...")</p> <p>From 0 to 100% of the display scale</p> <p>From 0 to full scale 0 to 3600s</p> <p>Selectable; normally de-energized or normally energized ≤ 700ms, set-point on-time delay: "0 s"</p>	<p>String window alarm</p> <p>Other variable alarms</p>	
<p><b>String control</b></p> <p>Function enabling Function selection</p> <p>Function description</p>	<p>Activation: NO/YES Match max. control or median control Match max. control: this function is helpful only if there are at least two string</p>	<p><b>Fuse blow detection</b> (only AV10 range code)</p> <p><b>Wrong PV module connection</b></p>	<p>Warning message transmission through the local port to the VMU-ML unit.</p> <p>Warning message transmission through the local port to the VMUML unit.</p>

## Insulation between inputs and outputs

Module	Type of input/output	Any	VMU-ML		VMU-P		VMU-O	VMU-S0		
			DC Power supply	RS485	Temperature: Ch1	Solar irradiation		String input (V-)	String input (A+)	String output (A+)
Any	Local bus	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-ML	DC Power supply	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	RS485	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-P	Temperature: Ch1	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	Solar irradiation	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-O	Relay outputs: Ch1	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-S0	String input (V-)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	>5MΩ
	String input (A+)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV
	String output (A+)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	>5MΩ	4kV	-

0kV	Inputs / outputs are not insulated. Use insulated probes and free of voltage contacts inputs.
4kVrms	EN61010-1, IEC60664-1 - Over-voltage category III, Pollution degree 2, double insulation on systems with max. 300Vrms to ground
4kVrms	IEC60664-1 - Using protection device with clamping voltage $\leq 4kV$ (surge suppressor) the system insulation can be considered as reinforced for string output voltage up to 1000V (800V to earth). IEC60664-1, IEC61730-2 application class B: impulse withstand voltage 1,2/50 $\mu$ sec: 6000V.
4kV	Only if the fuse is not present. Remove the fuse only when the disconnecting breaker is switched off. The fuse is only for over-current protection (it has not to be considered as a disconnecting device).

## General specifications

<b>Operating temperature</b>	See table "String current vs. operating temperature".	Immunity to conducted disturbances	EN61000-4-6: 10V from 150KHz to 80MHz; EN61000-4-5: 500V on power supply; 4kV on string inputs.
<b>Storage temperature</b>	-30 to +70°C (-22°F to 158°F) (R.H. < 90% non-condensing @ 40°C)	Surge	
<b>Over voltage category</b>	Cat. III (IEC 60664, EN60664) For inputs from string: equivalent to Cat. I, reinforced insulation.	<b>EMC (Emission)</b> Radio frequency suppression	According to EN61000-6-3 According to CISPR 22
<b>Insulation (for 1 minute)</b>	See table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"	<b>Standard compliance</b> Safety	IEC60664, IEC61010-1 EN60664, EN61010-1
<b>Dielectric strength</b>	4000 VAC RMS for 1 minute	<b>Approvals</b>	CE, cULus Listed
<b>Noise rejection</b> CMRR	>65 dB, 45 to 65 Hz	<b>Housing</b> Dimensions (WxHxD) Material	17.5 x 90 x 67 mm Noryl, self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0
<b>EMC (Immunity)</b> Electrostatic discharges	According to EN61000-6-2 EN61000-4-2: 8kV air discharge, 4kV contact;	<b>Mounting</b>	DIN-rail
Immunity to irradiated electromagnetic fields	EN61000-4-3: 10V/m from 80 to 3000MHz;	<b>Protection degree</b> Front Screw terminals	IP40 IP20
Immunity to Burst	EN61000-4-4: 4kV on power supply lines, 2kV on single lines;		

## Connections

<b>VMU-ML</b> Connections Cable cross-section area	Screw-type 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max, Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm		er input, only for negative voltage signal measurement
Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 screw terminals used for RS485 communication 2 screw terminals used for power supply	<b>VMU-S0 AV30</b> Connections Cable cross-section area Current (+)	Screw-type  Min. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , max 10 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of flexible wire, Max. 16 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of rigid wire. Hole dimension: 7.2x5.1mm. Screws tightening torque: Max 0.7 Nm Max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> . Screws tightening torque: Max 0.5 Nm
<b>VMU-S0 AV10</b> Connections Cable cross-section area Current (+)	Screw-type  Min. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , max 6 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of flexible wire, Max. 10 mm <sup>2</sup> in case of rigid wire. Screws tightening torque: Max 1.1 Nm Max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> . Screws tightening torque: Max 0.5 Nm	Voltage (-)  Screw terminal purposes 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1+1 screw terminals: 1 positive for string input and 1 positive for string output (to the Inverter) 3 screw terminals: not power input, only for negative voltage signal measurement
Voltage (-)		1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Screw terminal purposes 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1+1 screw terminals: 1 (+) for string input and 1 (+) for string output (to the Inverter)	<b>VMU-P</b> Connections Cable cross-section area	Screw-type 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max. Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm
1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 screw terminals: not power		



## Connections (cont.)

Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 screw terminals used for temperature probe 2 screw terminals used for solar irradiation sensor	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 screw terminals: for relay output (SPST type)
<b>VMU-O</b>		<b>Weight</b> (all model)	Approx. 100 g (packing included)
Connections	Screw-type		
Cable cross-section area	Max 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm		
Screw terminal purposes			

## Power supply specifications

VMU-ML		VMU-S0-P-O	
Power supply	12 to 28 VDC	Power supply	Self-power supplied through the communication bus
Power consumption	≤1W	Power consumption	≤0.7W

## Sizing of Carlo Gavazzi DC power supply

VMU-S0 units	VMU-O units	VMU-P units	Consumption	Start-up current	Power supply part number
From 1 to 3	None	None	PS <sub>w</sub> : 2.5W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 18 1B or SPM3 24 1
From 1 to 3	Up to 1	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 5W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 18 1B or SPM3 24 1
From 4 to 10	From 2 to 4	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 11W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
From 11 to 14	Up to 1	Up to 1	PS <sub>w</sub> : 10W <sub>typ</sub>	1.5A for 1s	SPD 24 30 1B or SPM3 24 1
Max. 14	Max. 7	Max. 1			

**Note:** the consumption above includes already one VMU-U unit. For different combinations not mentioned above the consumption calculation is the following:  $PS_w: <1W + n_{VMU-S0} * 0.5W + n_{VMU-O} * 0.7W + n_{VMU-P} * 1.8W$ . where "n" is number of power supplied units.

## Variables format

No.	Module	Variable	Data format	Notes
1	VMU-S0	V	0.0 to 1250.0	
2	VMU-S0	A	0.0 to 50.0	
3	VMU-P	Temperature	-60 to 400.0	Temperature (°C/°F). The range is extended to cover both °C and °F indications
4	VMU-P	Solar irradiation (IRR)	0.0 to 9.999	Irradiation kW/m2 (kW/feet2) (e.g. in: 0 to 1kW/m2 (1kW/feet2), out: 0 to 100mV)

## Alarm and diagnostics messages

No.	Message	Notes
1	Conn.CY (AV10 only)	Fuse blow detection.
2	StrinG	String failure warning: the "String control" function has detected a failure.
3	Conn.PY	Reverse string current or voltage
4	SYStEM	Power-up self-test error
5	buS	Auxiliary bus communication error
6	ALArM	Variables alarm (any)

## String current vs. operating temperature

VMU-S AV10 Input current	VMU-O Max. contact current	Other modules	Operating temperature	
10A DC max.	2.5A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 65°C	-13°F to 149°F
12A DC max.	3.0A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 60°C	-13°F to 140°F
14A DC max.	3.5A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 55°C	-13°F to 131°F
15A DC max.	4.0A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 50°C	-13°F to 122°F
16A DC max.	5.0A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 40°C	-13°F to 104°F
VMU-S AV30 Input current				
20A DC max.	2.5A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 65°C	-13°F to 149°F
25A DC max.	3.0A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 60°C	-13°F to 140°F
30A DC max.	3.5A	VMU-ML, VMU-P	-25 to + 55°C	-13°F to 131°F

R.H. < 90% non condensing @ 40°C (104°F)

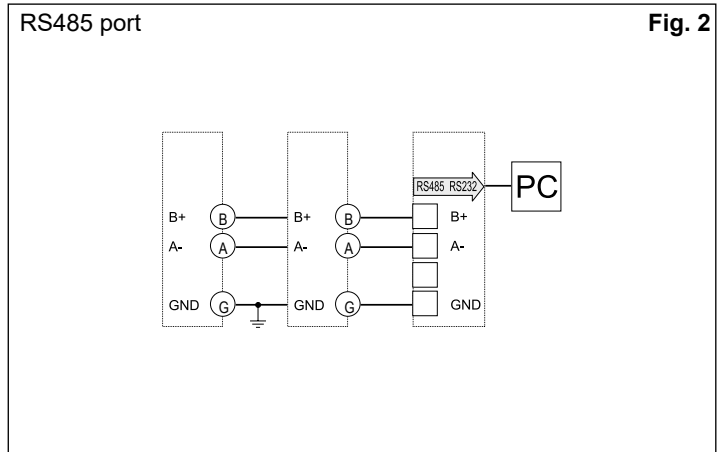
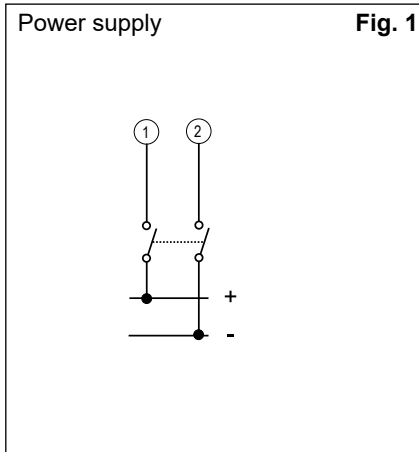
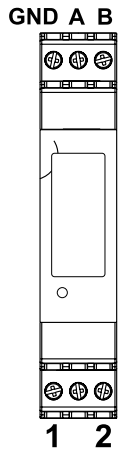
## List of the variables that can be displayed and connected to ...

- RS485 communication port
- Real and virtual alarms and events

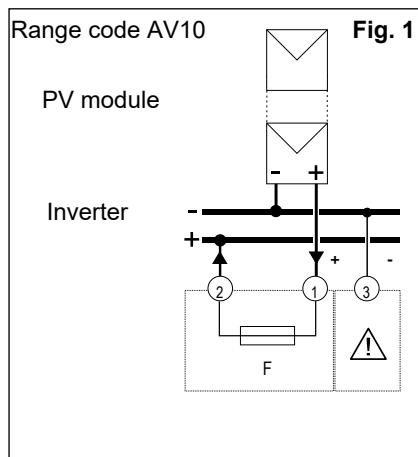
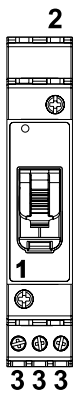
No	Variable	Event-logging	Data-logging	Alarm output	Module (from)	Notes
1	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-ML	Local bus communication problems
2	Error: 2	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-ML	Changed system modules configuration
3	Error: 3	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-ML	Incoherent programming parameters
4	Error: 4	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-ML	More than one VMU-P unit connected to the bus
5	Status: 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-ML	Local programming access
6	Status: 2	Yes	No	No	VMU-ML	Power ON/OFF
7	V	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S0	Available from every string
8	A	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S0	Available from every string
9	Status: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S0	Incoherent programming parameters
10	Status: 2	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S0	Fuse blow detection
11	Status: 3	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S0	Reverse string current or voltage
12	Status: 4	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S0	High temperature inside VMU-S0 unit
13	String control	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S0	
14	°C (°F) input	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	PV module temperature
15	kWp/m <sup>2</sup> (kWp/ft <sup>2</sup> )	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	Solar irradiation
16	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-P	Incoherent programming parameters
17	Error: 2	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Short circuit on probe input
18	Error: 3	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Open circuit on probe input
19	Status: input 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
20	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-O	Incoherent programming parameters

**Note about "Alarm output":** YES (a), YES (b) and YES (c) are according to the relevant letter "OR" logic alarms.

## VMU-ML connections



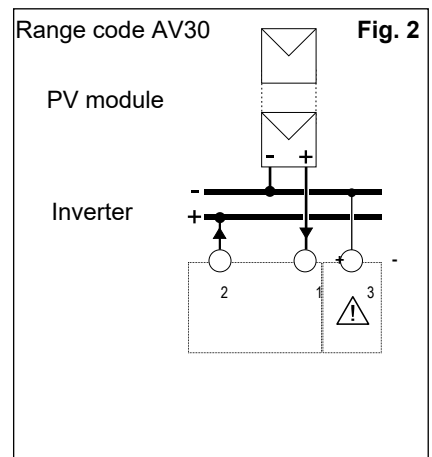
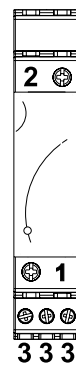
## VMU-S0 (AV10 and AV30) connections



AV10

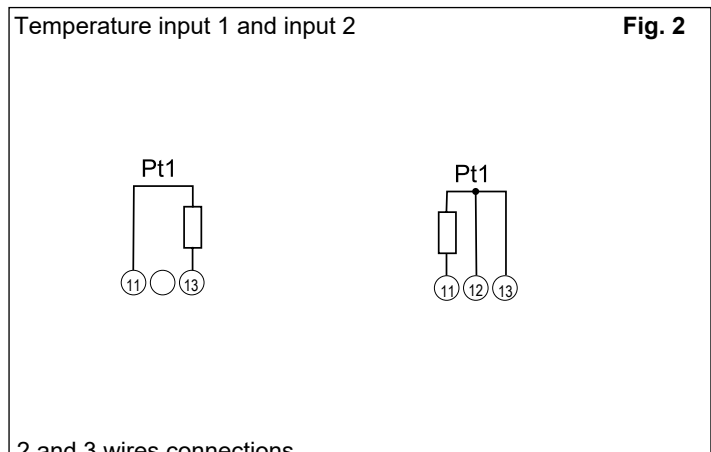
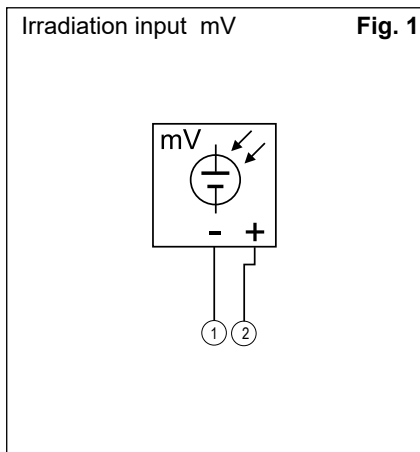
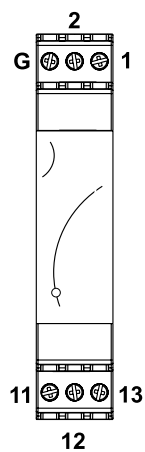
F= 10.3x38mm (IEC269-2-1) 1.25 Isc DC

= Not power input, only for voltage signal measurement.



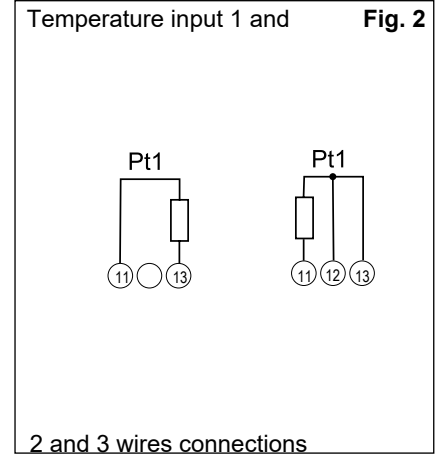
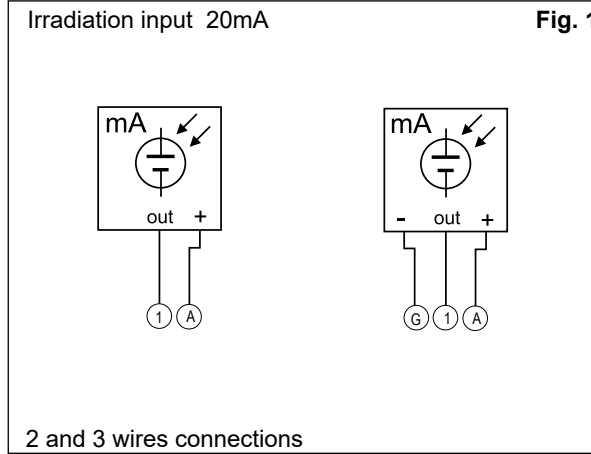
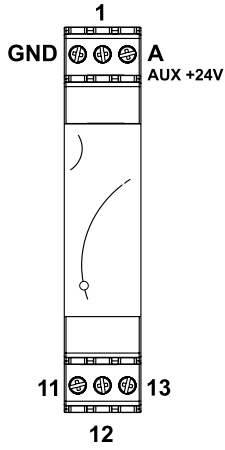
AV30

## VMU-P (1TI) connections

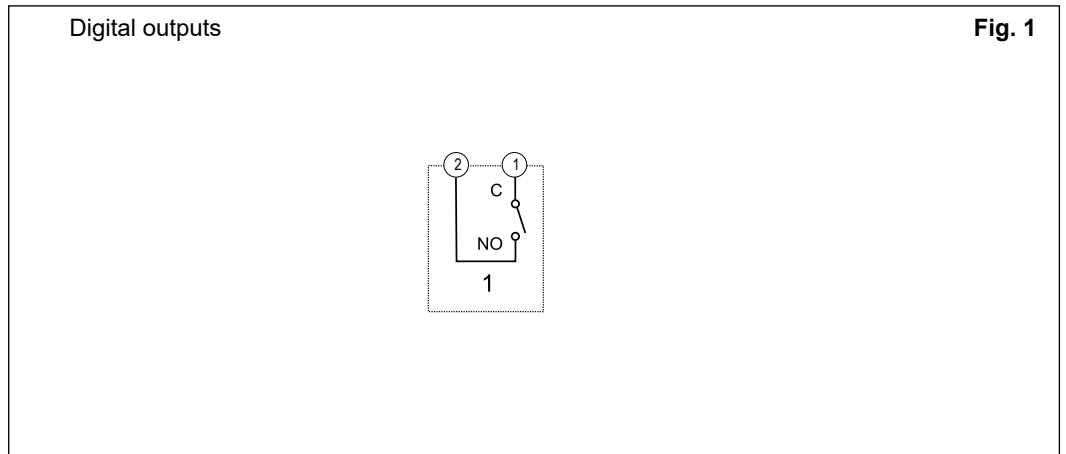
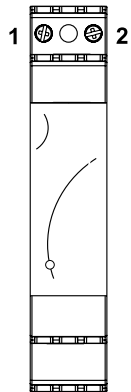




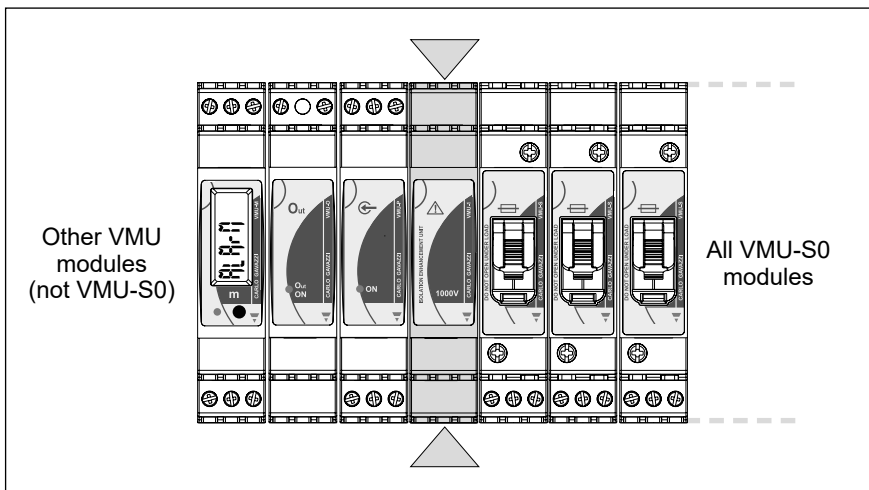
### VMU-P (1TC) connections



### VMU-O connections



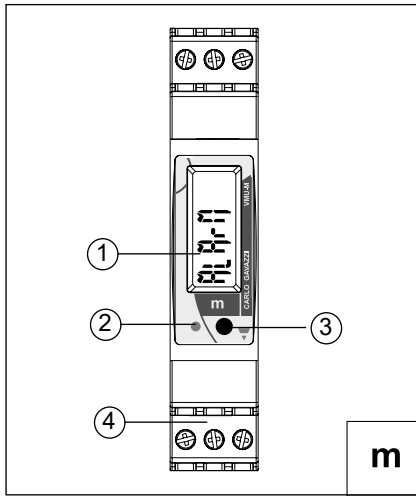
### VMU-1 mounting and positioning



The VMU-1 has to be mounted between the group of VMU-S0 and all the other modules as shown in the example picture on the left.

Every Eos-Array Lite has to be equipped only with one VMU-1.

## VMU-ML Front panel description



### 1. Display.

LCD-type with alphanumeric indications to:  
 - display some configuration parameters;  
 - display some measured variables.

### 2. LED.

Green steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no communication on the RS485 bus. Green blinking light: the communication on the RS485 bus is working. Red: alarm detected (any). In case of alarm/communication condition the LED alternates its colour from red (alarm) to green. The blinking time is approx. 1 second.

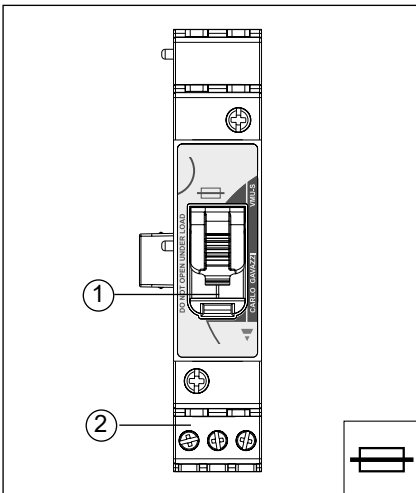
### 3. Push button.

To program the configuration parameters and to scroll the variables. One key function: short time pushbutton click: variable scroll or parameter increasing. Long time pushbutton click: programming procedure entering, parameter selection confirmation.

### 4. Screw terminals.

For power supply, bus and digital inputs/output connections

## VMU-S0 Front panel description (AV10 range code: 16A)



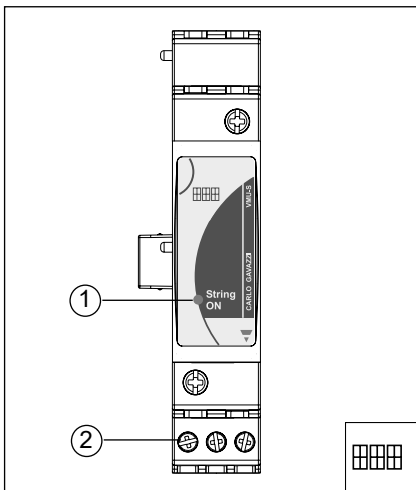
### 1. Fuse holder cover

For fuse holding and protection.

### 2. Screw terminals

For string connections

## VMU-S0 Front panel description (AV30 range code: 30A)



### 1. LED

Green: the power supply is ON, there is a string current up to 1A;

Yellow: there is a string current from 1.1 to 6A;

Light orange: there is a string current from 6.1 to 12A;

Orange: there is a string current from 12.1 to 16A;

Dark orange: there is a string current from 16.1 to 20A;

Red: there is a string current higher than 20A;

White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying.

Cycling from blue to any other colour listed above (from yellow to red): string alarm

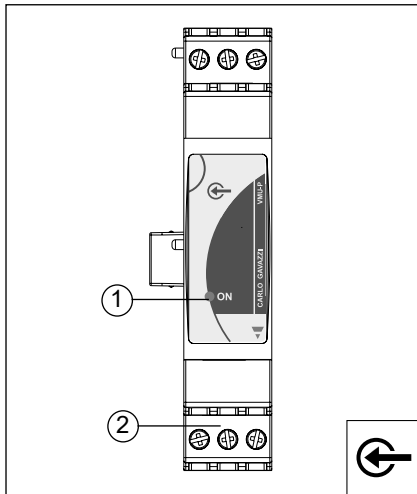
Cycling from blue to violet: inverted string polarity.

Cycling from white to any other colour: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying and shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.

### 2. Screw terminals

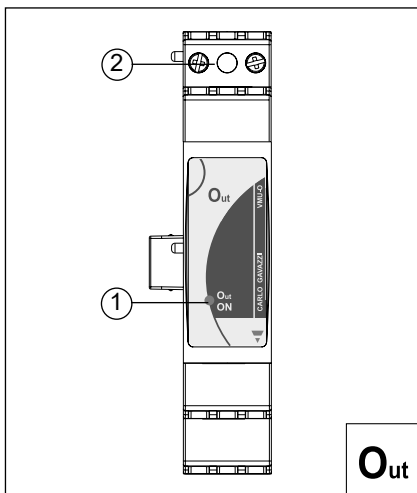
For string connections

## VMU-P Front panel description



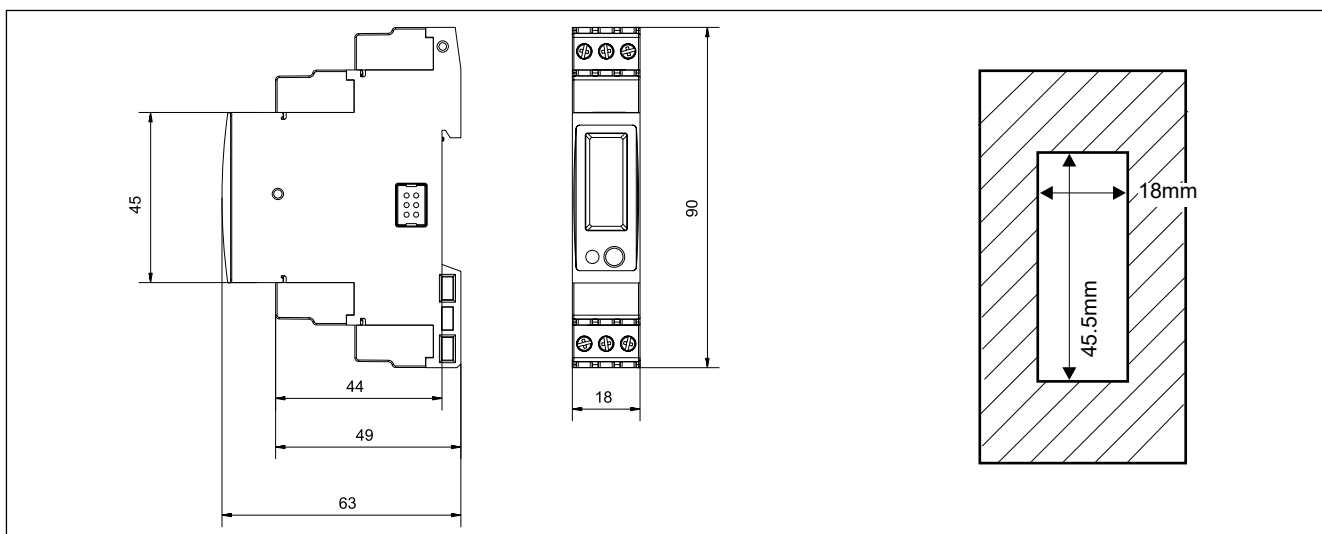
1. **LED**  
 ON steady light: the module is power supplied.  
 Green: the power supply is ON.  
 White: the unit is enabled by VMU-ML module for data reading and displaying.
2. **Screw terminals**  
 For measuring input connections

## VMU-O Front panel description

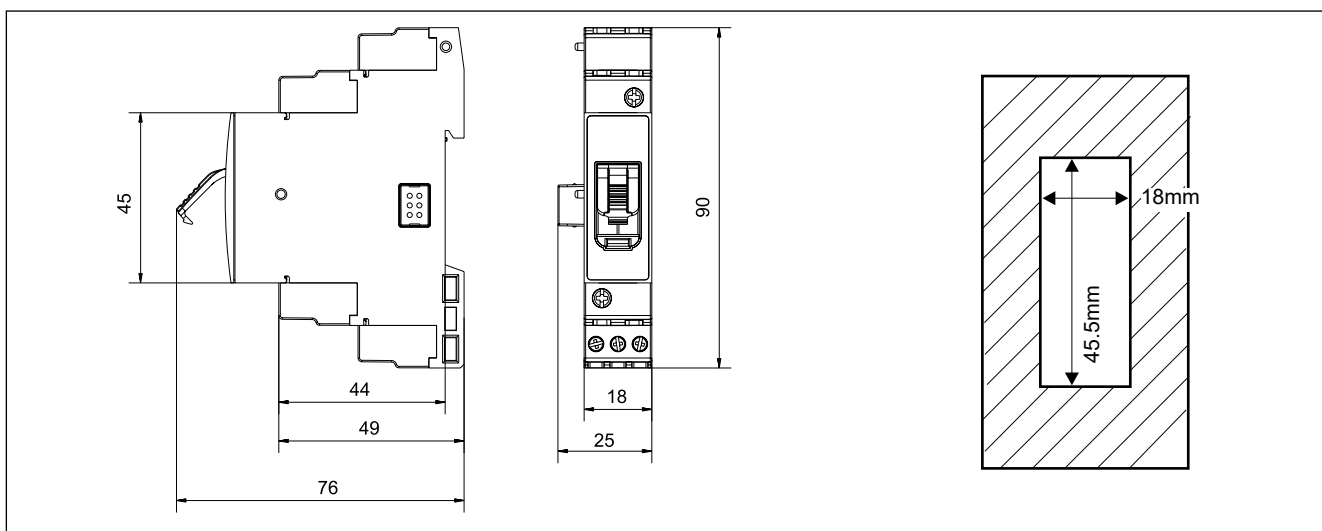


1. **LED**  
 Green: the power supply is ON  
 White: the unit is enabled by VMU-ML module for data reading and displaying.  
 Red: one or both digital inputs are activated  
 Blue: one or both digital outputs are activated  
 Cycling from one colour to any other one: the unit shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.  
 The cycling time is approx. 1 second.
2. **Screw terminals**  
 For digital inputs and outputs connections

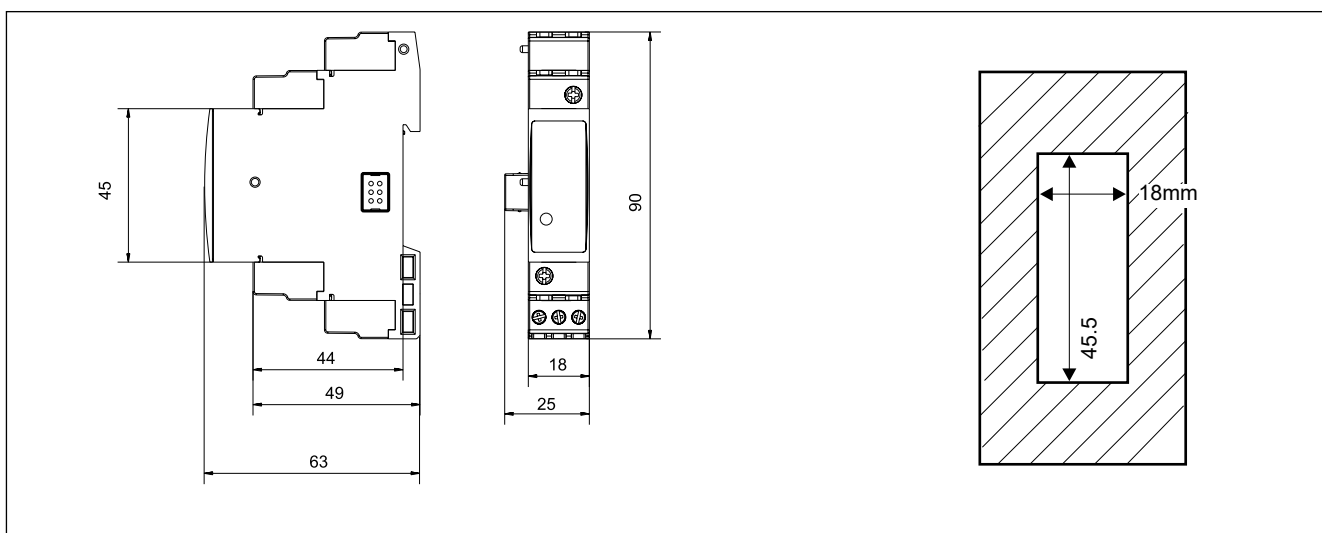
### VMU-ML Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



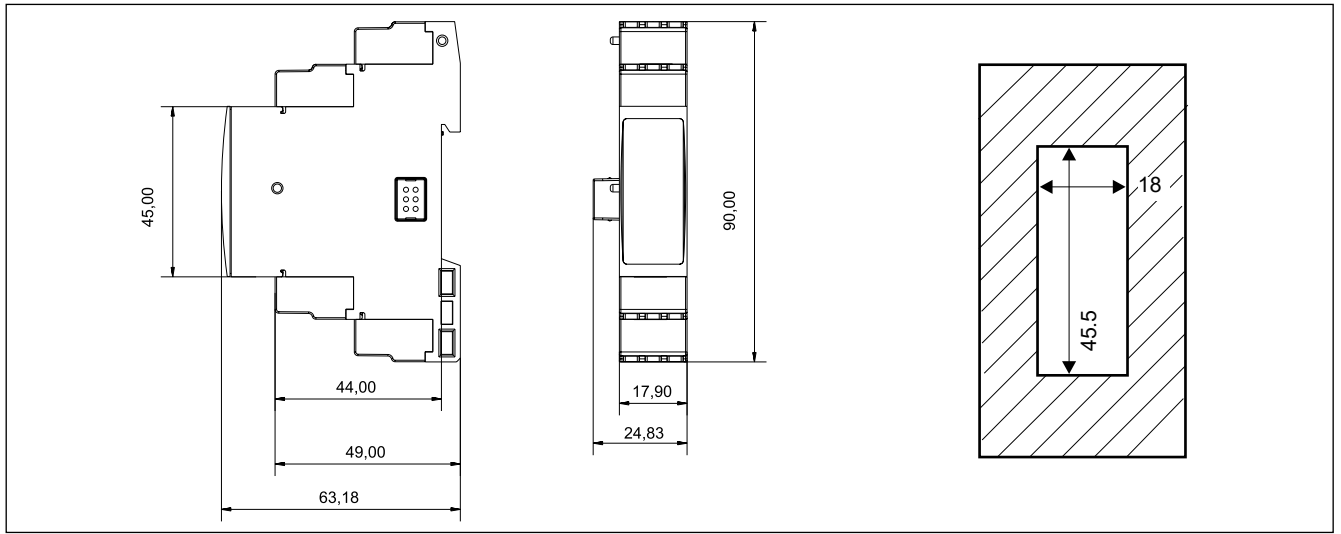
### VMU-S0 (AV10) Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



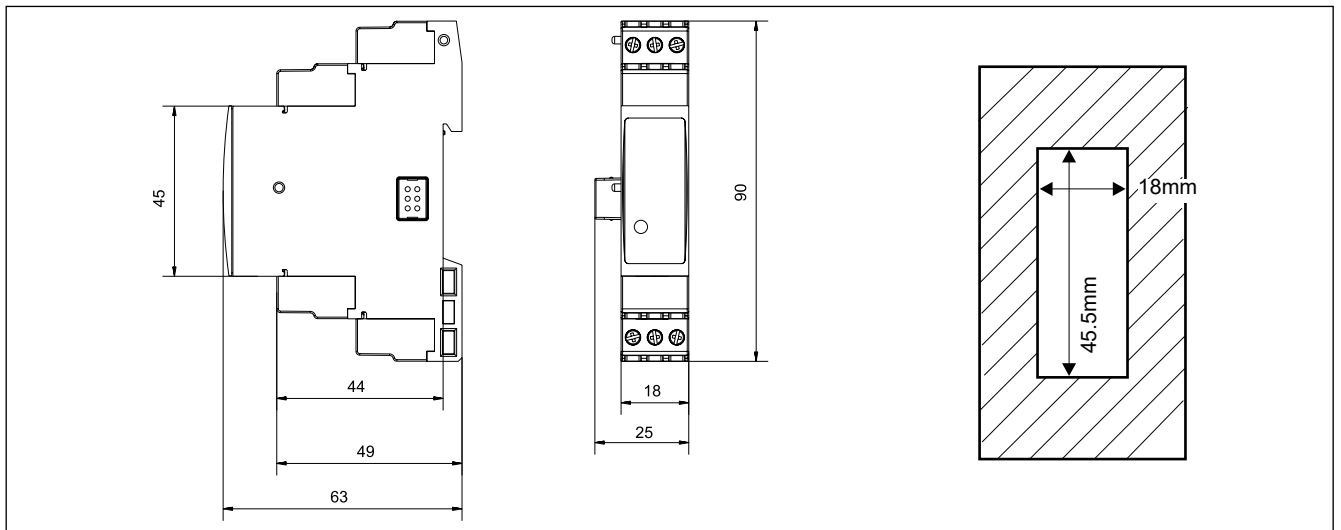
### VMU-S0 (AV30) Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



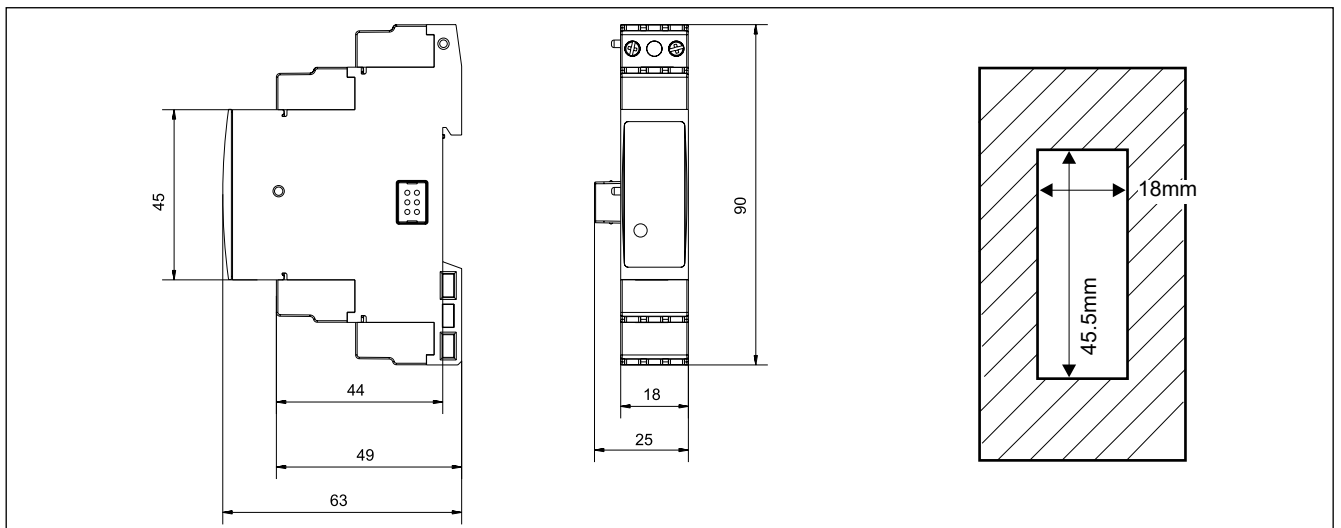
### VMU-1 Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



### VMU-P Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



### VMU-O Dimensions and panel cut-out (mm)



## Mean time to failure (MTTF)

Model	MTTF/MTBF - Years	Test conditions	Standard
VMU-ML	24.2	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F
VMU-S0	35.4	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F
VMU-P	65.4	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F
VMU-O	31.7	gf, 50° C	MIL-HDBK-217F

gf: ground, fixed.

## Eos-ArrayLSoft parameter programming and variable reading software

### Eos-ArrayLSoft

Multi-language software (Italian, English, French, German, Spanish) for variable reading and parameters programming. The program runs under Windows XP/Vista

One / three different applications can be selected:

- Solar: a management of a limited network where Eos-ArrayLSoft manages basically one VMU-ML unit with relevant VMU-S0, VMU-P and VMU-O modules and maybe an energy meter connected to the VMU-ML digital input;
- Solar extended: a management of a complex network where Eos-ArrayLSoft manages many VMU-ML modules and relevant sub networks (VMU-S0, VMU-P and VMU-O units) and maybe an energy meter (EM21-72D, EM24-DIN, EM26-96) connected to the same RS485 bus.

### Configuration mode

There are two configuration levels:

- the RS485 communication network which can include either one or more VMU-ML units;
- the auxiliary network with all the parameters relevant to the following modules: VMU-ML, VMU-S0, VMU-P, VMU-O.

The following matrix are available:

- String 1: V-A
- String 2: V-A
- String n: V-A
- Main: temperature, irradiation and AC energy.
- Plant alarms and errors alarm
- Relay output status.

### Application

### Data displaying

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